



TETRATECH

BRINE DISPOSAL WELL PERMIT APPLICATION BITTINGER #3

Bear Lake Properties, LLC

March 2015



March 24, 2015

S. Stephen Platt
U.S. EPA Region III
Ground Water & Enforcement Branch (3WP22)
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103

**Subject: Application For Underground Injection Control Class II-D Brine Disposal Well
Bear Lake Properties Bittinger #3 Well, Warren County, Pennsylvania**

Dear Mr. Platt:

Enclosed please find two (2) copies of the Underground Injection Control Class II-D Brine Disposal Well permit application for the Bear Lake Properties, LLC (Bear Lake Properties) Bittinger #3 well located in Columbus Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania. As indicated in Section 10 "Necessary Resources", Bear Lake Properties will provide under separate cover the Certificate of Deposit to verify they have the necessary resources to properly plug and abandon the well.

Your prompt review of the application would be greatly appreciated. Please feel free to contact Karl Kimmich of Bear Lake Properties at (724) 444-7501 or me at (412) 921-4006 if you have questions or comments.

Sincerely,
Tetra Tech, Inc.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dale E. Skoff".

Dale E. Skoff, P.G.
Sr. Project Manager

cc: Dave Rectenwald – EPA
Karl Kimmich – Bear Lake Properties
John Holko – Bear Lake Properties

Table of Contents

Underground Injection Control (UIC) Class II Well Permit Application
Bear Lake Properties, LLC
Bittinger #3 Well
Columbus Township, Warren County, PA

Section 1 – Area of Review Methods/Calculations

Section 2 – Maps of Well Area and Area of Review

Section 3 – Corrective Action Plan and Well Data

Section 4 – Name and Depth of USDWs

Section 5 – Geologic Data On Injection and Confining Zones

Section 6 – Operating Data

Section 7 – Well Construction Details

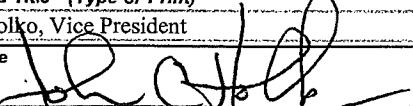
Section 8 – Monitoring Program

Section 9 – Plugging and Abandonment Plan

Section 10 – Necessary Resources

Section 11 – Plan for Well Failures

Appendix A – Surrounding Landowner Information

United States Environmental Protection Agency Underground Injection Control Permit Application (Collected under the authority of the Safe Drinking Water Act. Sections 1421, 1422, 40 CFR 144)													
Read Attached Instructions Before Starting For Official Use Only													
Application approved mo day year			Date received mo day year			Permit Number			Well ID			FINDS Number	
Owner Name and Address												Operator Name and Address	
Owner Name Bear Lake Properties, LLC						Operator Name Bear Lake Properties, LLC							
Street Address 3000 Village Run Road, Unit 103, #223				Phone Number (724) 444-7501		Street Address 3000 Village Run Road, Unit 103, #223				Phone Number (724) 444-7501			
City Wexford		State PA		ZIP CODE 15090		City Wexford		State PA		ZIP CODE 15090			
IV. Commercial Facility			V. Ownership			VI. Legal Contact			VII. SIC Codes				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input type="checkbox"/> Other			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Operator			1389 - Oil and Gas Field Services, Not Elsewhere Classified				
VIII. Well Status (Mark one)													
<input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> Operating		Date Started mo day year			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B. Modification/Conversion <input type="checkbox"/> C. Proposed								
IX. Types of Permit Requested (Mark one and select if required)													
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A. Individual <input type="checkbox"/> B. Area			Number of Existing Wells 1			Number of Proposed Wells			Name(s) of field(s) or project(s) Bittinger #3				
X. Class and Type of Well (see reverse)													
A. Class(es) (enter code(s))		B. Type(s) (enter code(s))		C. If class is "other" or type is code 'x,' explain						D. Number of wells per type (if area permit)			
II		D											
XI. Location of Well(s) on Approximate Center of Field or Project													
Latitude			Longitude			Township and Range						<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Deg 41	Min 59	Sec 45.7	Deg -79	Min 31	Sec 41.0	Sec	Twp	Range	1/4 Sec	Feet From	Line	Feet From	Line
XII. Attachments													
(Complete the following questions on a separate sheet(s) and number accordingly; see instructions)													
For Classes I, II, III, (and other classes) complete and submit on a separate sheet(s) Attachments A-U (pp 2-6) as appropriate. Attach maps where required. List attachments by letter which are applicable and are included with your application.													
XIV. Certification													
I certify under the penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. (Ref. 40 CFR 144.32)													
A. Name and Title (Type or Print) John C. Holko, Vice President						B. Phone No. (Area Code and No.) (724) 444-7501							
C. Signature 						D. Date Signed 03/06/2015							

Well Class and Type Codes

Class I Wells used to inject waste below the deepest underground source of drinking water.

Type "I" Nonhazardous industrial disposal well
"M" Nonhazardous municipal disposal well
"W" Hazardous waste disposal well injecting below USDWs
"X" Other Class I wells (not included in Type "I," "M," or "W")

Class II Oil and gas production and storage related injection wells.

Type "D" Produced fluid disposal well
"R" Enhanced recovery well
"H" Hydrocarbon storage well (excluding natural gas)
"X" Other Class II wells (not included in Type "D," "R," or "H")

Class III Special process injection wells.

Type "G" Solution mining well
"S" Sulfur mining well by Frasch process
"U" Uranium mining well (excluding solution mining of conventional mines)
"X" Other Class III wells (not included in Type "G," "S," or "U")

Other Classes Wells not included in classes above.

Class V wells which may be permitted under §144.12.
Wells not currently classified as Class I, II, III, or V.

Attachments to Permit Application

Class Attachments

I new well	A, B, C, D, F, H – S, U
existing	A, B, C, D, F, H – U
II new well	A, B, C, E, G, H, M, Q, R; optional – I, J, K, O, P, U
existing	A, E, G, H, M, Q, R, – U; optional – J, K, O, P, Q
III new well	A, B, C, D, F, H, I, J, K, M – S, U
existing	A, B, C, D, F, H, J, K, M – U

Other Classes To be specified by the permitting authority

For assistance in accessing this document, please contact: R3_UIC-Mailbox@epa.gov

INSTRUCTIONS - Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit Application

Paperwork Reduction Act: The public reporting and record keeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 224 hours for a Class I hazardous well application, 110 hours for a Class I non-hazardous well application, 67 hours for a Class II well application, and 132 hours for a Class III well application. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resource expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal Agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to the collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and, transmit or otherwise disclose the information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including the use of automated collection techniques to Director, Collection Strategies Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2822), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20460. Include the OMB control number in any correspondence. Do not send the completed forms to this address.

This form must be completed by all owners or operators of Class I, II, and III injection wells and others who may be directed to apply for permit by the Director.

- I. **EPA I.D. NUMBER** - Fill in your EPA Identification Number. If you do not have a number, leave blank.
- II. **OWNER NAME AND ADDRESS** - Name of well, well field or company and address.
- III. **OPERATOR NAME AND ADDRESS** - Name and address of operator of well or well field.
- IV. **COMMERCIAL FACILITY** - Mark the appropriate box to indicate the type of facility.
- V. **OWNERSHIP** - Mark the appropriate box to indicate the type of ownership.
- VI. **LEGAL CONTACT** - Mark the appropriate box.
- VII. **SIC CODES** - List at least one and no more than four Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Codes that best describe the nature of the business in order of priority.
- VIII. **WELL STATUS** - Mark Box A if the well(s) were operating as injection wells on the effective date of the UIC Program for the State. Mark Box B if wells(s) existed on the effective date of the UIC Program for the State but were not utilized for injection. Box C should be marked if the application is for an underground injection project not constructed or not completed by the effective date of the UIC Program for the State.
- IX. **TYPE OF PERMIT** - Mark "Individual" or "Area" to indicate the type of permit desired. Note that area permits are at the discretion of the Director and that wells covered by an area permit must be at one site, under the control of one person and do not inject hazardous waste. If an area permit is requested the number of wells to be included in the permit must be specified and the wells described and identified by location. If the area has a commonly used name, such as the "Jay Field," submit the name in the space provided. In the case of a project or field which crosses State lines, it may be possible to consider an area permit if EPA has jurisdiction in both States. Each such case will be considered individually, if the owner/operator elects to seek an area permit.
- X. **CLASS AND TYPE OF WELL** - Enter in these two positions the Class and type of injection well for which a permit is requested. Use the most pertinent code selected from the list on the reverse side of the application. When selecting type X please explain in the space provided.
- XI. **LOCATION OF WELL** - Enter the latitude and longitude of the existing or proposed well expressed in degrees, minutes, and seconds or the location by township, and range, and section, as required by 40 CFR Part 146. If an area permit is being requested, give the latitude and longitude of the approximate center of the area.
- XII. **INDIAN LANDS** - Place an "X" in the box if any part of the facility is located on Indian lands.
- XIII. **ATTACHMENTS** - Note that information requirements vary depending on the injection well class and status. Attachments for Class I, II, III are described on pages 4 and 5 of this document and listed by Class on page 2. Place EPA ID number in the upper right hand corner of each page of the Attachments.
- XIV. **CERTIFICATION** - All permit applications (except Class II) must be signed by a responsible corporate officer for a corporation, by a general partner for a partnership, by the proprietor of a sole proprietorship, and by a principal executive or ranking elected official for a public agency. For Class II, the person described above should sign, or a representative duly authorized in writing.

INSTRUCTIONS - Attachments

Attachments to be submitted with permit application for Class I, II, III and other wells.

- A. **AREA OF REVIEW METHODS** - Give the methods and, if appropriate, the calculations used to determine the size of the area of review (fixed radius or equation). The area of review shall be a fixed radius of 1/4 mile from the well bore unless the use of an equation is approved in advance by the Director.
- B. **MAPS OF WELL/AREA AND AREA OF REVIEW** - Submit a topographic map, extending one mile beyond the property boundaries, showing the injection well(s) or project area for which a permit is sought and the applicable area of review. The map must show all intake and discharge structures and all hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities. If the application is for an area permit, the map should show the distribution manifold (if applicable) applying injection fluid to all wells in the area, including all system monitoring points. Within the area of review, the map must show the following:

Class I

The number, or name, and location of all producing wells, injection wells, abandoned wells, dryholes, surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface and subsurface), quarries, and other pertinent surface features, including residences and roads, and faults, if known or suspected. In addition, the map must identify those wells, springs, other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells located within one quarter mile of the facility property boundary. Only information of public record is required to be included in this map;

Class II

In addition to requirements for Class I, include pertinent information known to the applicant. This requirement does not apply to existing Class II wells;

Class III

In addition to requirements for Class I, include public water systems and pertinent information known to the applicant.

- C. **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND WELL DATA** - Submit a tabulation of data reasonably available from public records or otherwise known to the applicant on all wells within the area of review, including those on the map required in B, which penetrate the proposed injection zone. Such data shall include the following:

Class I

A description of each well's types, construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and/or completion, and any additional information the Director may require. In the case of new injection wells, include the corrective action proposed to be taken by the applicant under 40 CFR 144.55.

Class II

In addition to requirement for Class I, in the case of Class II wells operating over the fracture pressure of the injection formation, all known wells within the area of review which penetrate formations affected by the increase in pressure. This requirement does not apply to existing Class II wells.

Class III

In addition to requirements for Class I, the corrective action proposed under 40 CFR 144.55 for all Class III wells.

- D. **MAPS AND CROSS SECTION OF USDWs** - Submit maps and cross sections indicating the vertical limits of all underground sources of drinking water within the area of review (both vertical and lateral limits for Class I), their position relative to the injection formation and the direction of water movement, where known, in every underground source of drinking water which may be affected by the proposed injection. (Does not apply to Class II wells.)

- E. NAME AND DEPTH OF USDWS (CLASS II)** - For Class II wells, submit geologic name, and depth to bottom of all underground sources of drinking water which may be affected by the injection.
- F. MAPS AND CROSS SECTIONS OF GEOLOGIC STRUCTURE OF AREA** - Submit maps and cross sections detailing the geologic structure of the local area (including the lithology of injection and confining intervals) and generalized maps and cross sections illustrating the regional geologic setting. (Does not apply to Class II wells.)
- G. GEOLOGICAL DATA ON INJECTION AND CONFINING ZONES (Class II)** - For Class II wells, submit appropriate geological data on the injection zone and confining zones including lithologic description, geological name, thickness, depth and fracture pressure.
- H. OPERATING DATA** - Submit the following proposed operating data for each well (including all those to be covered by area permits): (1) average and maximum daily rate and volume of the fluids to be injected; (2) average and maximum injection pressure; (3) nature of annulus fluid; (4) for Class I wells, source and analysis of the chemical, physical, radiological and biological characteristics, including density and corrosiveness, of injection fluids; (5) for Class II wells, source and analysis of the physical and chemical characteristics of the injection fluid; (6) for Class III wells, a qualitative analysis and ranges in concentrations of all constituents of injected fluids. If the information is proprietary, maximum concentrations only may be submitted, but all records must be retained.
- I. FORMATION TESTING PROGRAM** - Describe the proposed formation testing program. For Class I wells the program must be designed to obtain data on fluid pressure, temperature, fracture pressure, other physical, chemical, and radiological characteristics of the injection matrix and physical and chemical characteristics of the formation fluids.
For Class II wells the testing program must be designed to obtain data on fluid pressure, estimated fracture pressure, physical and chemical characteristics of the injection zone. (Does not apply to existing Class II wells or projects.)
For Class III wells the testing must be designed to obtain data on fluid pressure, fracture pressure, and physical and chemical characteristics of the formation fluids if the formation is naturally water bearing. Only fracture pressure is required if the program formation is not water bearing. (Does not apply to existing Class III wells or projects.)
- J. STIMULATION PROGRAM** - Outline any proposed stimulation program.
- K. INJECTION PROCEDURES** - Describe the proposed injection procedures including pump, surge, tank, etc.
- L. CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES** - Discuss the construction procedures (according to §146.12 for Class I, §146.22 for Class II, and §146.32 for Class III) to be utilized. This should include details of the casing and cementing program, logging procedures, deviation checks, and the drilling, testing and coring program, and proposed annulus fluid. (Request and submission of justifying data must be made to use an alternative to packer for Class I.)
- M. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS** - Submit schematic or other appropriate drawings of the surface and subsurface construction details of the well.
- N. CHANGES IN INJECTED FLUID** - Discuss expected changes in pressure, native fluid displacement, and direction of movement of injection fluid. (Class III wells only.)
- O. PLANS FOR WELL FAILURES** - Outline contingency plans (proposed plans, if any, for Class II) to cope with all shut-ins or wells failures, so as to prevent migration of fluids into any USDW.
- P. MONITORING PROGRAM** - Discuss the planned monitoring program. This should be thorough, including maps showing the number and location of monitoring wells as appropriate and discussion of monitoring devices, sampling frequency, and parameters measured. If a manifold monitoring program is utilized, pursuant to §146.23(b)(5), describe the program and compare it to individual well monitoring.
- Q. PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN** - Submit a plan for plugging and abandonment of the well including: (1) describe the type, number, and placement (including the elevation of the top and bottom) of plugs to be used; (2) describe the type, grade, and quantity of cement to be used; and (3) describe the method to be used to place plugs, including the method used to place the well in a state of static equilibrium prior to placement of the plugs. Also for a Class III well that underlies or is in an exempted aquifer, demonstrate adequate protection of USDWs. Submit this information on EPA Form 7520-14, Plugging and Abandonment Plan.

For assistance in accessing this document, please contact: R3-HIC-Mailbox@epa.gov

- R. **NECESSARY RESOURCES** - Submit evidence such as a surety bond or financial statement to verify that the resources necessary to close, plug or abandon the well are available.
- S. **AQUIFER EXEMPTIONS** - If an aquifer exemption is requested, submit data necessary to demonstrate that the aquifer meets the following criteria: (1) does not serve as a source of drinking water; (2) cannot now and will not in the future serve as a source of drinking water; and (3) the TDS content of the ground water is more than 3,000 and less than 10,000 mg/l and is not reasonably expected to supply a public water system. Data to demonstrate that the aquifer is expected to be mineral or hydrocarbon production, such as general description of the mining zone, analysis of the amenability of the mining zone to the proposed method, and time table for proposed development must also be included. For additional information on aquifer exemptions, see 40 CFR Sections 144.7 and 146.04.
- T. **EXISTING EPA PERMITS** - List program and permit number of any existing EPA permits, for example, NPDES, PSD, RCRA, etc.
- U. **DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS** - Give a brief description of the nature of the business.

Section 1 – Area of Review Methods/Calculations



45610 Woodland Road, Suite 400, Sterling, VA 20166 703-444-7000 703-444-1685 (FAX)

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

TO: Dale Skoff, Tetra Tech OGA

FROM: Jeffrey Benegar

DATE: February 4, 2015

RE: Area of Review/Zone of Endangerment Analysis for Bittinger #3 and Smith-Ras #1 Wells – Bear Lake Properties

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This technical memorandum (TM) summarizes the analytical modeling we have performed for the area of review/zone of endangerment analysis for the Bittinger #3 and Smith-Ras #1 wells. The scenarios involved injecting simultaneously at existing Bear Lake Properties UIC Class IID brine disposal wells Bittinger #1, #4, and #2, all of which are located in Columbus Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania (the Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4 wells received their final UIC Class IID (Commercial) well permits in November 2012 and Bittinger #2 in late 2014). The relevant parameters for our analysis were obtained from Bear Lake Properties, LLC or estimated in the absence of any information. Our analysis is described in more detail below.

OVERVIEW AND METHODOLOGY

There are several methods proposed for calculating the zone of endangerment of an injection well. The most simplistic method is the use of a fixed radius, based on the type of injection well being permitted. Other methods involve calculation of the radius based on well and formation properties. Most regulatory agencies require the use of calculations to determine the zone of endangerment. The method used here is the graphical method first used by US EPA Region 6. It involves the calculation of the increase of pressure in the formation due to injection, then converting that pressure into equivalent feet of head. The increase in head in the formation due to injection is then compared to the equivalent head of the lowest most underground source of drinking water (USDW). When plotted graphically, the intersection of those two curves at some distance, r , determines the radius of the zone of endangerment.

The increase in pressure in the formation due to injection depends on the properties of the injection fluid and the formation, the rate of fluid injection, and the length of time of injection. The most common mathematical expression to describe this increase in pressure was developed

by Matthews and Russell (1967). Matthews and Russell assume that, for a single well injecting into an infinite, homogeneous and isotropic, non-leaking formation, the increase in pressure (Δp) can be described as:

$$\Delta p = 162.6 Q\mu / kh * [(\log(kt / \Phi\mu Cr^2) - 3.23)] \text{ where:}$$

Δp = pressure change (psi) at radius, r and time, t

Q = injection rate (barrels/day)

μ = injectate viscosity (centipoise)

k = formation permeability (millidarcies)

h = formation thickness (feet)

t = time since injection began (hours)

C = compressibility (total, sum of water and rock compressibility) (psi⁻¹)

r = radial distance from wellbore to point of investigation (feet)

Φ = average formation porosity (decimal)

PARAMETERS USED IN THE ANALYSIS

The following parameters were used in the zone of endangerment analysis. For injection rate, we used the average daily rate based on the permitted monthly rate for the three existing permitted Bear Lake Properties UIC Class IID wells, which is 30,000 bbls/month for each well, which averages approximately 1,000 bbls/day per well. For permeability, we used a value of 50 md, which we feel is conservative based on the injection rate sustainable for existing disposal wells at the site and the substantial volume of natural gas produced from the reservoir, both of which indicate significant permeability. The initial pressure at the top of the injection formation was based upon measurements taken prior to injection at the Bittinger #4 well.

Bittinger #3 Medina Group Well

Q = 1000 barrels/day

t = 10 years = 87,600 hours

μ = 1 centipoise

k = 50 md

h = 61 feet

C = 3.0e-06 psi⁻¹

Φ = 0.08

Specific gravity of injectate = 1.218

Surface elevation = 1638 feet

Depth to injection formation = 4260 feet

Base of lowest most USDW (MSL) = 1338 feet

Initial pressure at top of injection formation = 128 psi

Smith-Ras #1 Medina Group Well

Q = 1000 barrels/day

t = 10 years = 87,600 hours

μ = 1 centipoise

k = 50 md

h = 61 feet

$$C = 3.0e-06 \text{ psi}^{-1}$$

$$\Phi = 0.08$$

Specific gravity of injectate = 1.218

Surface elevation = 1575 feet

Depth to injection formation = 4222 feet

Base of lowest most USDW (MSL) = 1275 feet

Initial pressure at top of injection formation = 128 psi

Bittinger #2 Medina Group Well

$$Q = 1000 \text{ barrels/day}$$

$$t = 10 \text{ years} = 87,600 \text{ hours}$$

$$\mu = 1 \text{ centipoise}$$

$$k = 50 \text{ md}$$

$$h = 61 \text{ feet}$$

$$C = 3.0e-06 \text{ psi}^{-1}$$

$$\Phi = 0.08$$

Specific gravity of injectate = 1.218

Surface elevation = 1621 feet

Depth to injection formation = 4279 feet

Base of lowest most USDW (MSL) = 1321 feet

Initial pressure at top of injection formation = 128 psi

Bittinger #1 Medina Group Well

$$Q = 1000 \text{ barrels/day}$$

$$t = 10 \text{ years} = 87,600 \text{ hours}$$

$$\mu = 1 \text{ centipoise}$$

$$k = 50 \text{ md}$$

$$h = 61 \text{ feet}$$

$$C = 3.0e-06 \text{ psi}^{-1}$$

$$\Phi = 0.08$$

Specific gravity of injectate = 1.218

Surface elevation = 1518 feet

Depth to injection formation = 4210 feet

Base of lowest most USDW (MSL) = 1218 feet

Initial pressure at top of injection formation = 128 psi

Bittinger #4 Medina Group Well

$$Q = 1000 \text{ barrels/day}$$

$$t = 10 \text{ years} = 87,600 \text{ hours}$$

$$\mu = 1 \text{ centipoise}$$

$$k = 50 \text{ md}$$

$$h = 61 \text{ feet}$$

$$C = 3.0e-06 \text{ psi}^{-1}$$

$$\Phi = 0.08$$

Specific gravity of injectate = 1.218

Surface elevation = 1561 feet

Depth to injection formation = 4285 feet
Base of lowest most USDW (MSL) = 1261 feet
Initial pressure at top of injection formation = 128 psi

RESULTS

The Matthews and Russell equation was solved for various distances from the wellbore based on the parameters listed above. The distance between each of the wells is:

Wells	Distance (ft)
Bittinger #3 to Bittinger #2	2,052
Bittinger #3 to Bittinger #4	3,566
Bittinger #3 to Bittinger #1	3,779
Smith-Ras #1 to Bittinger #2	1,714
Smith-Ras #1 to Bittinger #4	2,584
Smith-Ras #1 to Bittinger #1	2,180
Smith-Ras #1 to Bittinger #3	1,980
Bittinger #1 to Bittinger #4	1,300
Bittinger #1 to Bittinger #2	2,000
Bittinger #2 to Bittinger #4	1,600

The Matthews and Russell equation was used to calculate the increase in pressure in the formation with only one well injecting. This was done for all five wells. Then, the calculated pressures for each well were added together and this sum was added to the value of existing pressure in the injection formation to obtain the total pressure in the formation when all five wells are injecting.

These values were then converted to feet of head of formation brine. The values are plotted against distance from the wellbore and are shown in Figure 1 for the Bittinger #3 well and Figure 2 for the Smith-Ras #1 well. The plot shows the calculated pressure surface within the injection formation, measured as feet of head of formation brine above the top of the injection formation. Also shown is the head of the lowest most USDW. Where the two lines intersect, the radius of the zone of endangerment can be estimated. The results indicate that the increase in head in the formation due to injection will intersect the elevation of the lowestmost USDW at a distance of approximately 4 feet for the Bittinger #3 well and approximately 60 feet for the Smith-Ras #1 well. These distances are well within the ¼ mile standard fixed radius for area of review/zone of endangerment.

CONCLUSIONS

Our analysis of the area of review/zone of endangerment for the Bittinger #3 and Smith-Ras #1 wells (injecting together with the Bittinger #2, #4, and #1 wells) is based on a methodology typically used by US EPA. Based on the results, we believe the Bittinger #3 and Smith-Ras #1 wells are excellent candidates for use as brine disposal wells. The increase in head in the formation due to injection intersects the elevation of the lowestmost USDW well within ¼ mile

for each well. The standard fixed radius of $\frac{1}{4}$ mile can be used for the area of review/zone of endangerment for the Bittinger #3 and Smith-Ras #1 wells.

REFERENCES

Matthews, C.S., Russell, D.G., (1967) Pressure Buildup and Flow Tests in Wells, SPE Monograph Series, Volume 1, New York.

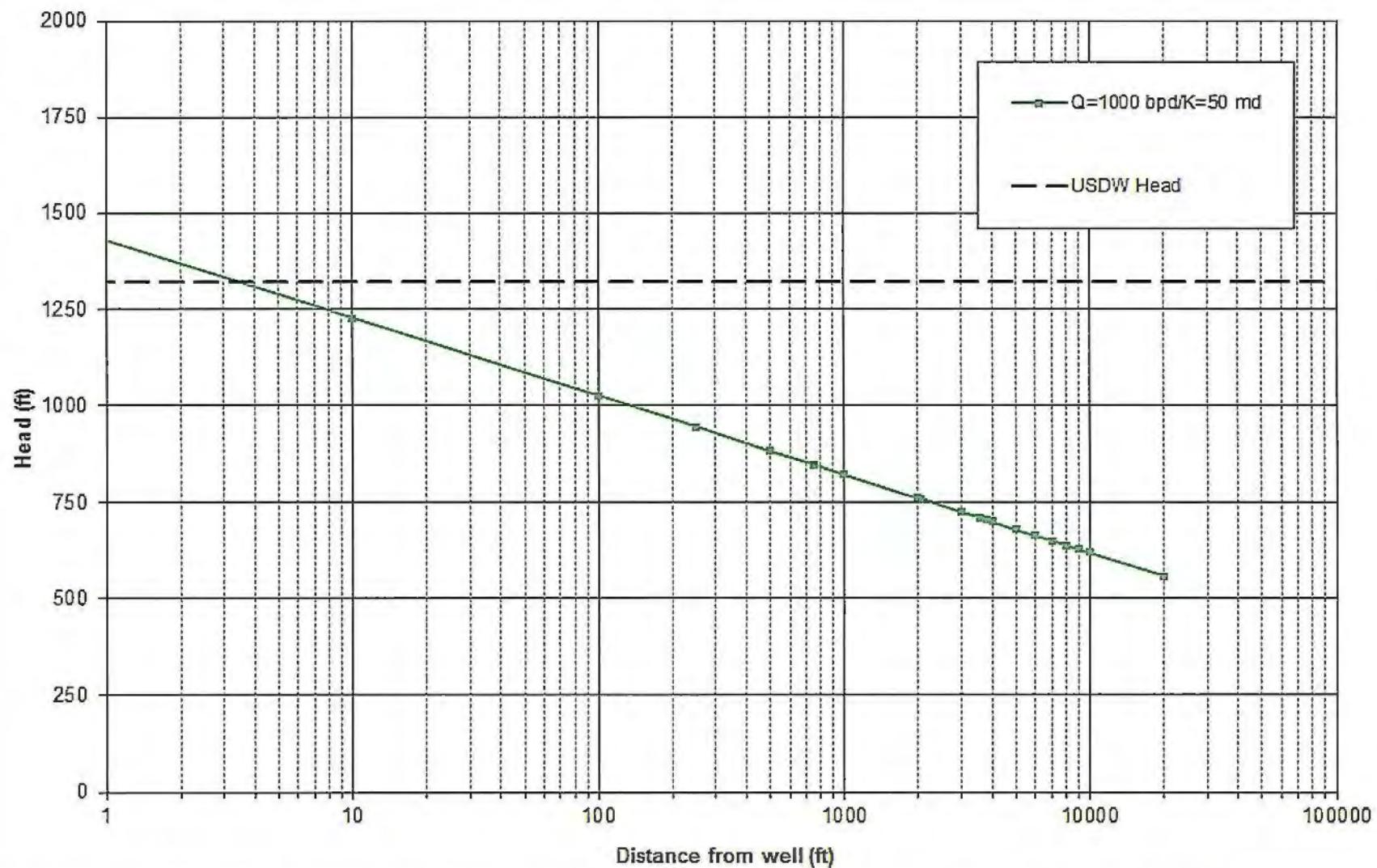


Figure 1. Feet of head of injection formation and USDW vs. distance for Bittinger #3 when all wells (Bittinger #2, #1, #4 and Smith-Ras #1) are injecting, $K = 50$ md



TETRA TECH, INC.

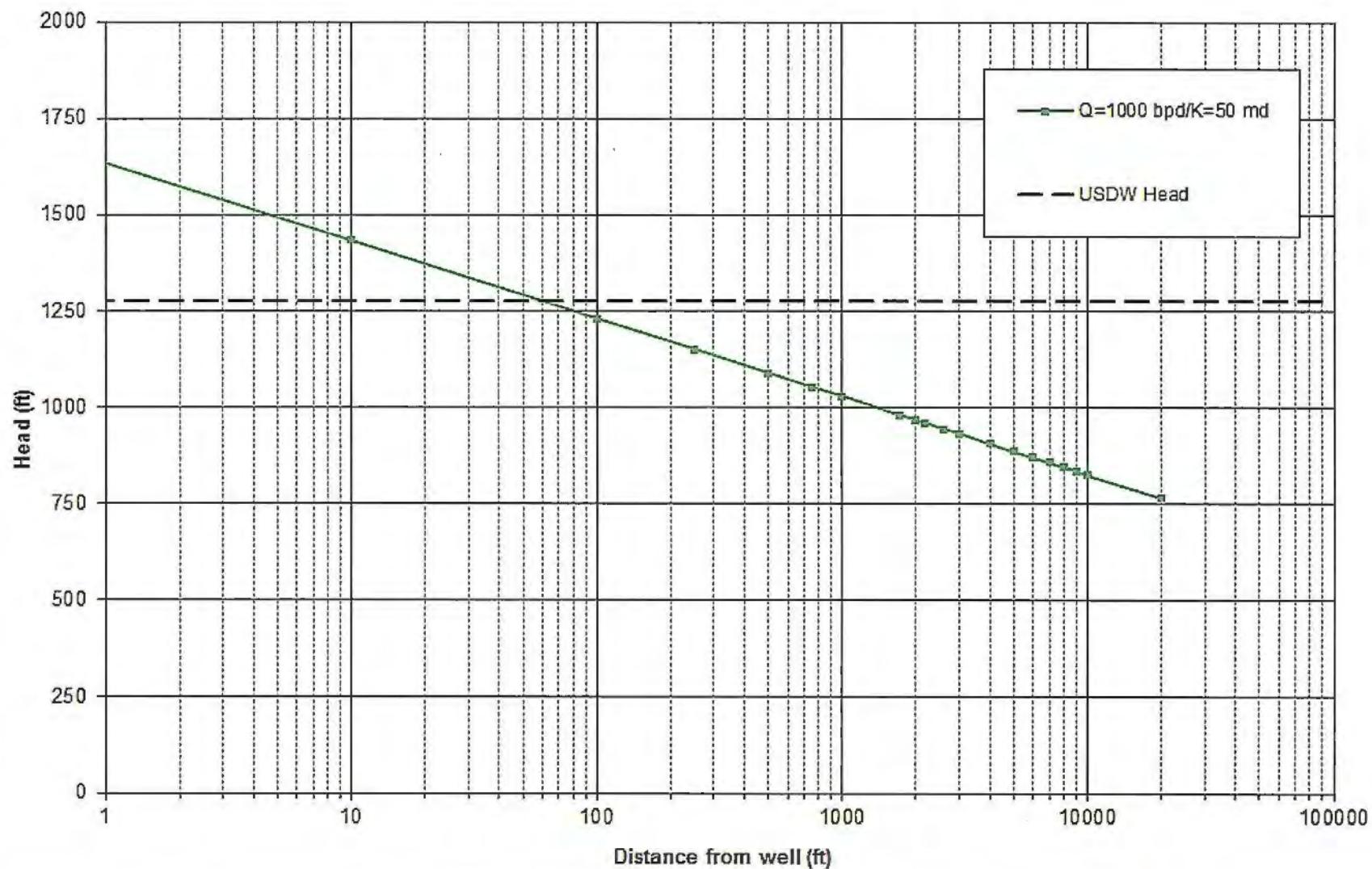


Figure 2. Feet of head of injection formation and USDW vs. distance for Smith-Ras #1 when all wells (Bittinger #2, #1, #4 and #3) are injecting, $K = 50 \text{ md}$

Section 2 – Maps of Well Area and Area of Review

Section 2 – Maps of Well Area and Area of Review

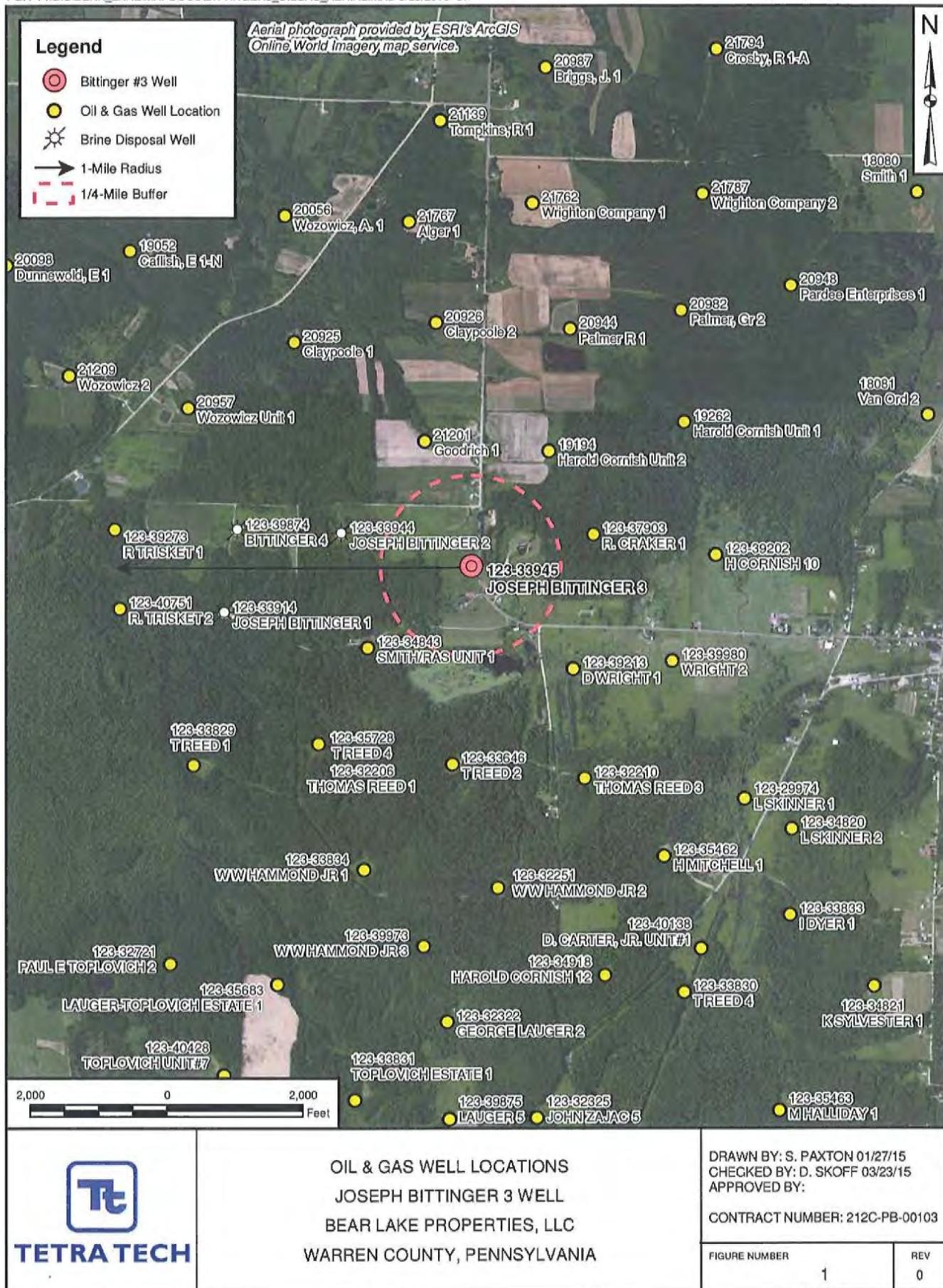
According to publicly available records in the area, there are no intake or discharge structures, hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities, mines, or quarries within one mile of the Bittinger #3 well. An intermittent unnamed tributary (UNT) to Tamarack Swamp is located approximately 1 mile southwest of the Bittinger #3 well. Tamarack Swamp is located approximately 1 mile southwest, Brokenstraw Creek is located approximately 1 mile northwest, and an UNT to Pine Valley Creek is located approximately 0.3 miles south of Bittinger #3.

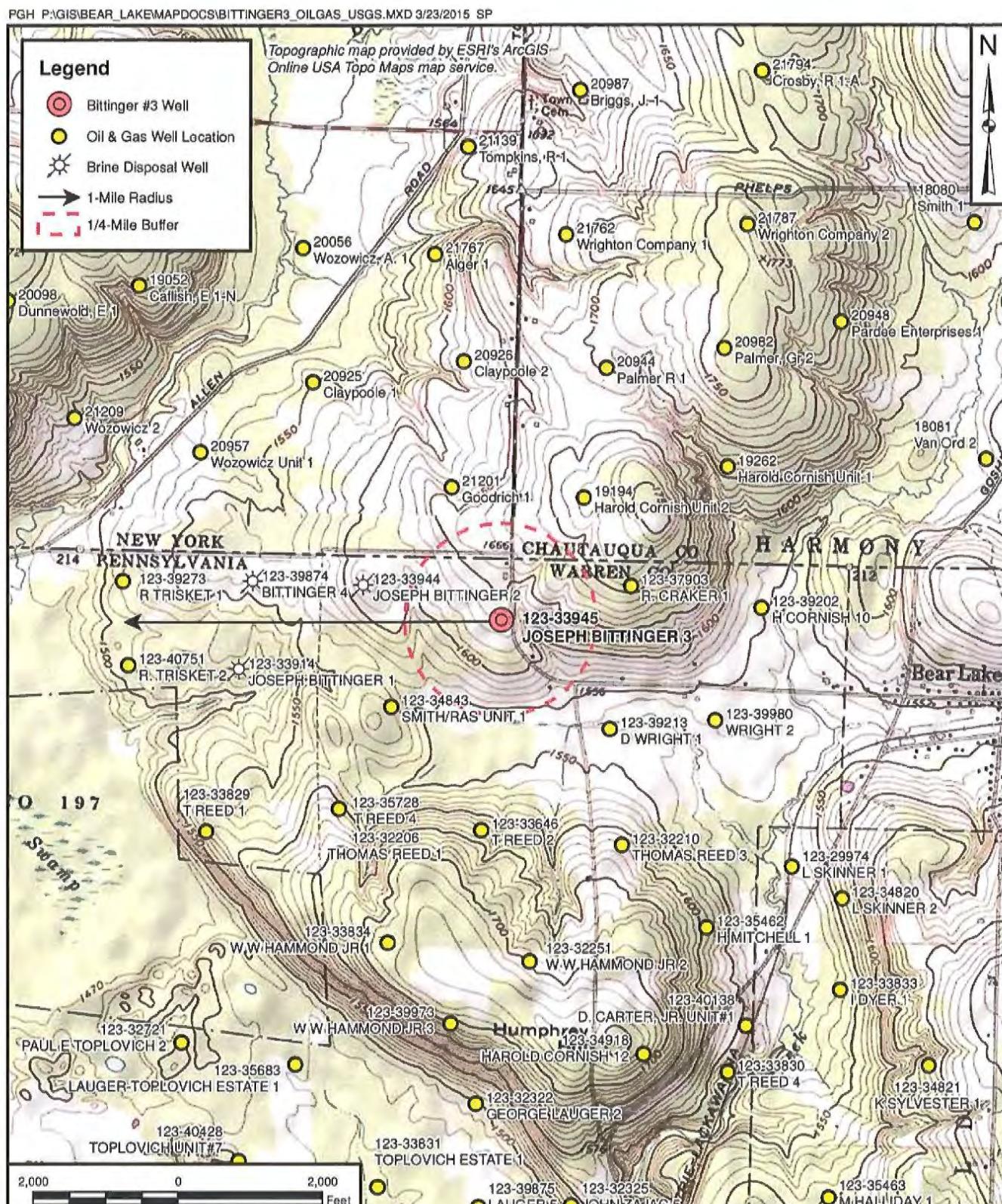
The Pennsylvania Geologic Survey "Ground Water Inventory System" (GWIS) database was accessed to determine the sources of groundwater sources in the site area. The database search identified one well within the quarter mile AOR. It is noted that the well reporting requirement was established in 1968 is not considered to be a complete record of water wells and other wells may be present. (Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey, September 15, 2010). In addition to the one well on the PA GWIS database, eight additional water wells were identified with the AOR based on public input and a foot survey by Bear Lake Properties staff. Attached are a map showing the location of the above-referenced wells and a table summarizing information on the wells.

The names and addresses of residents located within 1/4 mile of the proposed injection well are provided in Appendix A.

Wells Located Within the 1/4 Mile Radius Area of Review (AOR) For The Bittinger #3 Well

Well Owner / Name	API #	Lat	Long	TD	Drilling Completed	Last Csg	Csg depth	Completion
Oil and Gas and Proposed Injection Wells								
Bear Lake Properties Bittinger #3 (Proposed Injection Well)	123-33945	41.996022	-79.528068	4566 ft	10/19/1984	4.5 in	4508 ft	Perf'd and frac'd
Water Wells								
405218*		41.99812	-79.5288	86 ft	34304			
David Bemis #2	N/A	41.999667	-79.527733					
Casper Goodrich	N/A	41.998850	-79.528217					
Enos Miller	N/A	41.998267	-79.527367					
Lion/Bear Lake Property	N/A	41.998367	-79.528617					
Ted Smith	N/A	41.994867	-79.527767					
Ron Cracker	N/A	41.994767	-79.526617					
Charlie Wiliams	N/A	41.993583	-79.526300					
Jeff McRay	N/A	41.993650	-79.525033					





TETRA TECH

OIL & GAS WELL LOCATIONS
JOSEPH BITTINGER 3 WELL
BEAR LAKE PROPERTIES, LLC
WARREN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

DRAWN BY: S. PAXTON 01/27/15
CHECKED BY: D. SKOFF 03/23/15
APPROVED BY:
CONTRACT NUMBER: 212C-PB-00103

FIGURE NUMBER	REV
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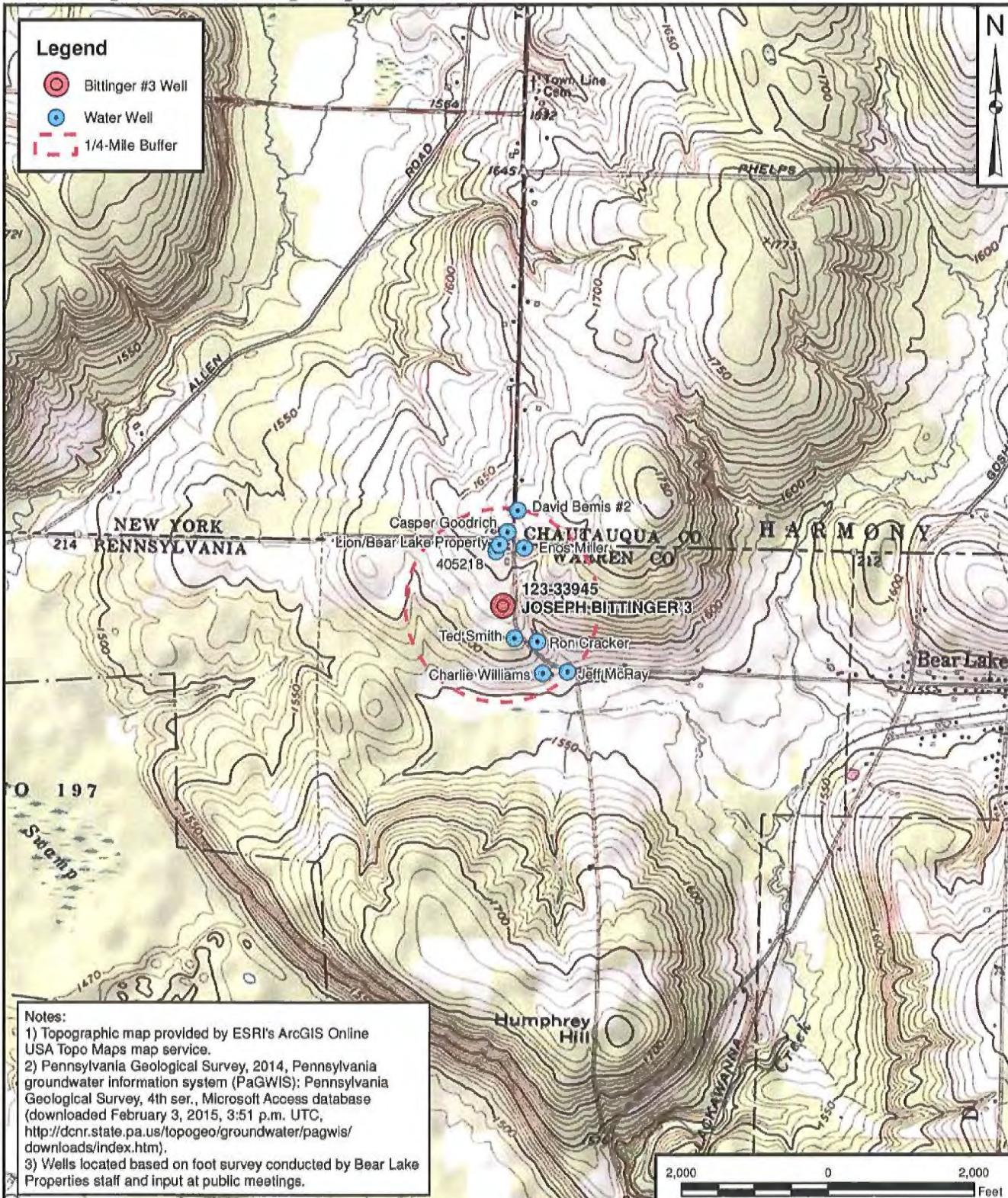
FIGURE NUMBER

2

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AREA OF REVIEW MAPS

GROUNDWATER WELLS



Section 3 – Corrective Action Plan and Well Data

Section 3 - Corrective Action Plan and Well Data

According to publicly available records of oil and gas wells and a survey conducted by foot, there are no existing, or plugged and abandoned wells within the 1/4 mile radius AOR for the Bittinger # 3 well. The R. Craker #1 and D. Wright #1 wells will be used as monitoring wells. If the fluid level in either monitoring well is observed to rise up to within 100 feet of the base of the USDW, disposal operations in the Bittinger #3 well will be stopped immediately, EPA will be notified, and operating conditions will be evaluated in order to control the fluid levels.

Existing Oil and Gas Wells within the Area of Review

Well completion records are required to be submitted for all wells located within the AOR in order to evaluate the need for corrective action specific to each well. As indicated above, there are no oil and gas wells located within the AOR.

Plugged and Abandoned Wells

No plugged and abandoned wells have been identified within the 1/4 mile AOR for the Bittinger #3 well.

Section 4 – Name and Depth of USDWs

Section 4 - Underground Sources of Drinking Water (USDW)

The site lies within the Glaciated Plateau section of the Appalachian Plateaus Physiographic province. Both unconsolidated glacial units and bedrock are used for potable water. The uppermost unit at the site is mapped as Wisconsin age glacial kame deposits. Kame deposits consist primarily of sand and gravel interbedded with minor amounts of silt and clay (Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey, 1959). The well log for Bittinger #3 indicates that unconsolidated gravel is present from the surface to a depth of 30 feet below ground surface.

The uppermost bedrock beneath the site is mapped as the Devonian age Venango formation. The Venango formation consists of interbedded pebble conglomerate, crossbedded sandstone, siltstone, and shale. This unit is up to 330 feet thick in Venango County; however, only a portion of the unit is present in the site area. This unit is used as an aquifer throughout Warren County. The well log for Bittinger #3 indicates that Devonian age shale is present from 30 ft to a depth of 2,816 ft below ground surface. This is believed to include the Venango Formation, the Chadokoin formation, and the underlying Bradford Group. Wells deeper than approximately 100 feet deep usually encounter salt water, which is supported by the generally shallow well depths in Columbus Township. (PADER, 1982, US Geologic Survey, 2007)

The Devonian age Chadakoin formation underlies Venango formation and consists of fine-grained marine clastics (siltstone and shale) and includes a purplish pink sequence which is often used as a marker unit. This unit is up to 450 thick in Warren County.

The Pennsylvania Geologic Survey "Ground Water Inventory System" (GWIS) database was accessed to determine the sources of groundwater sources in the site area. The database search identified one well within the quarter mile AOR. It is noted that the well reporting requirement was established in 1968 is not considered to be a complete record of water wells and other wells may be present. (Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey, September 15, 2010). In addition to the one well on the PA GWIS database, eight additional water wells were identified within the AOR based on public input and a foot survey by Bear Lake Properties staff. Section 2 of this application includes a map showing the location of the above-referenced wells and a table summarizing information on the wells.

The New York Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) "Water Well Program Information Search Wizard" website was utilized to determine if there were any water wells in New York State within the ¼ mile AOR of the Bittinger #3 well. No water wells were identified within the AOR of the Bittinger #3 well.

Based on the available information, the glacial units and the top 100 feet of bedrock is considered the underground sources of drinking water in the site area. The well logs indicate that the glacial material is approximately 30 feet thick beneath the site. Freshwater is expected to be encountered to a depth of approximately 100 feet with increasing salinity beyond that depth. The Bittinger #3 well has 8 5/8 inch surface casing cemented to a depth of 405 feet below ground surface, providing a buffer of approximately 300 feet beyond the base of the underground sources of drinking water based on the well data in Columbus Township (maximum well depth of 130 feet) and the references indicating brine being encountered at depths over 100 feet within the bedrock units. In addition, production casing extends several thousands of feet below the drinking water source and is cemented approximately 900 feet above the injection interval. (Injection well construction is described in detail in the "Well Construction" section.)

In calculating the depth to the base of the lowermost USDW, the depth of the deepest well in the area 130 feet (it is believed that the generally shallow well depth in the area was related to water quality issues based on the available literature) was doubled and rounded upward to the nearest 100 feet, providing a conservative maximum depth estimate of the underground source of drinking water of 300 feet.

References:

New York Department of Environmental Conservation website "DEC Water Well Program Information Search Wizard": <http://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/33317.html>

Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey, 1959. "Glacial Geology of Northwestern, PA." Bulletin G 32.

Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey, 1981. "Atlas of Preliminary Quadrangle Maps of Pennsylvania, PA." Map 61.

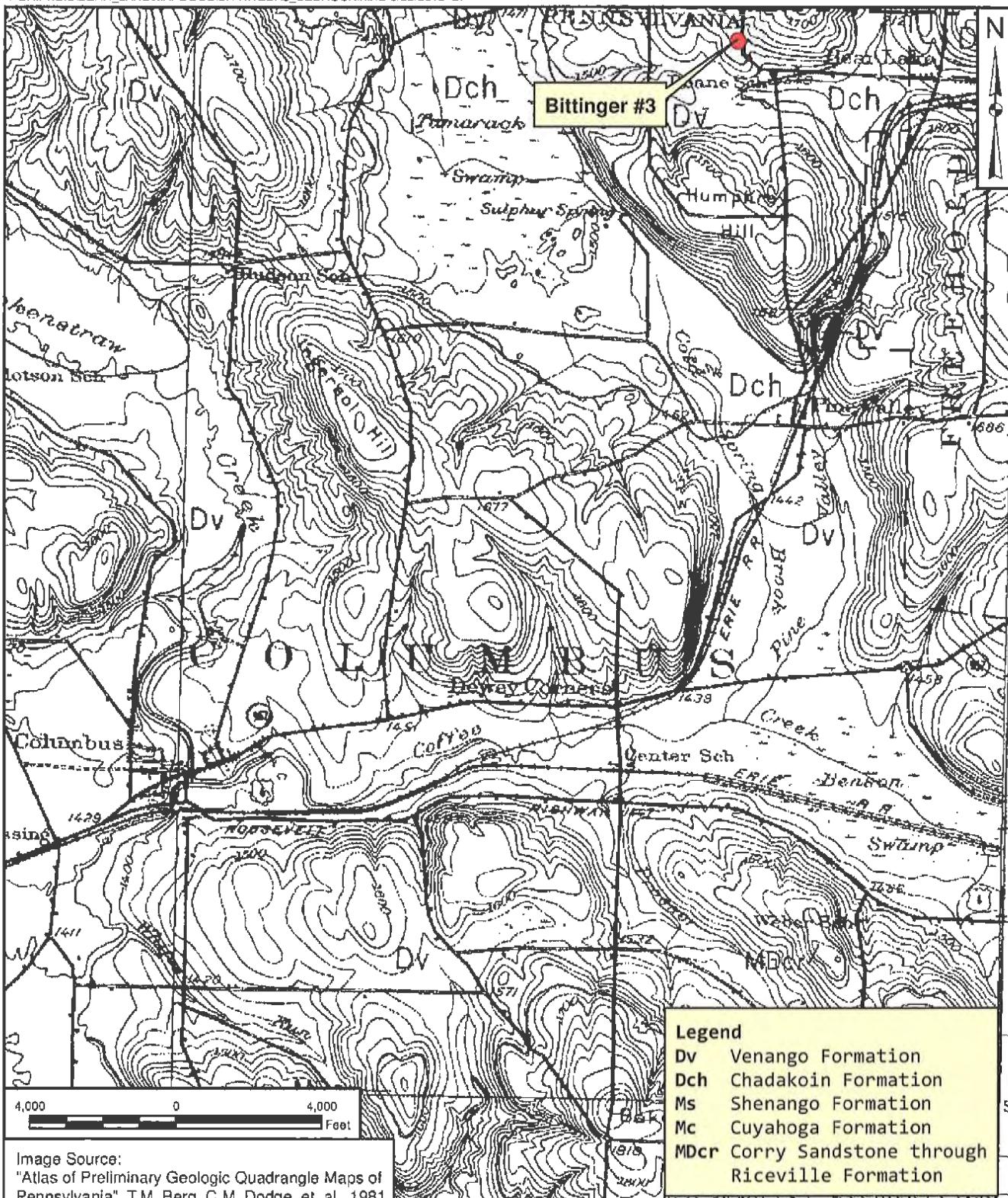
PADER, 1982. "Engineering Characteristics of the Rocks of Pennsylvania". Environmental Geology Report 1.

Pennsylvania Topographic and Geologic Survey, September 15/20, 2010. "Ground Water Inventory System". www.dcnr.state.pa.us/topogeo/groundwater/PAGWIS

US Geologic Survey, 2007. "Ground-Water Resources and the Hydrologic Effects of Petroleum Occurrence and Development, Warren County, Northwestern Pennsylvania." Scientific Investigations Report 2006-5263.

UNDERGROUND SOURCES OF DRINKING WATER
BEDROCK MAP

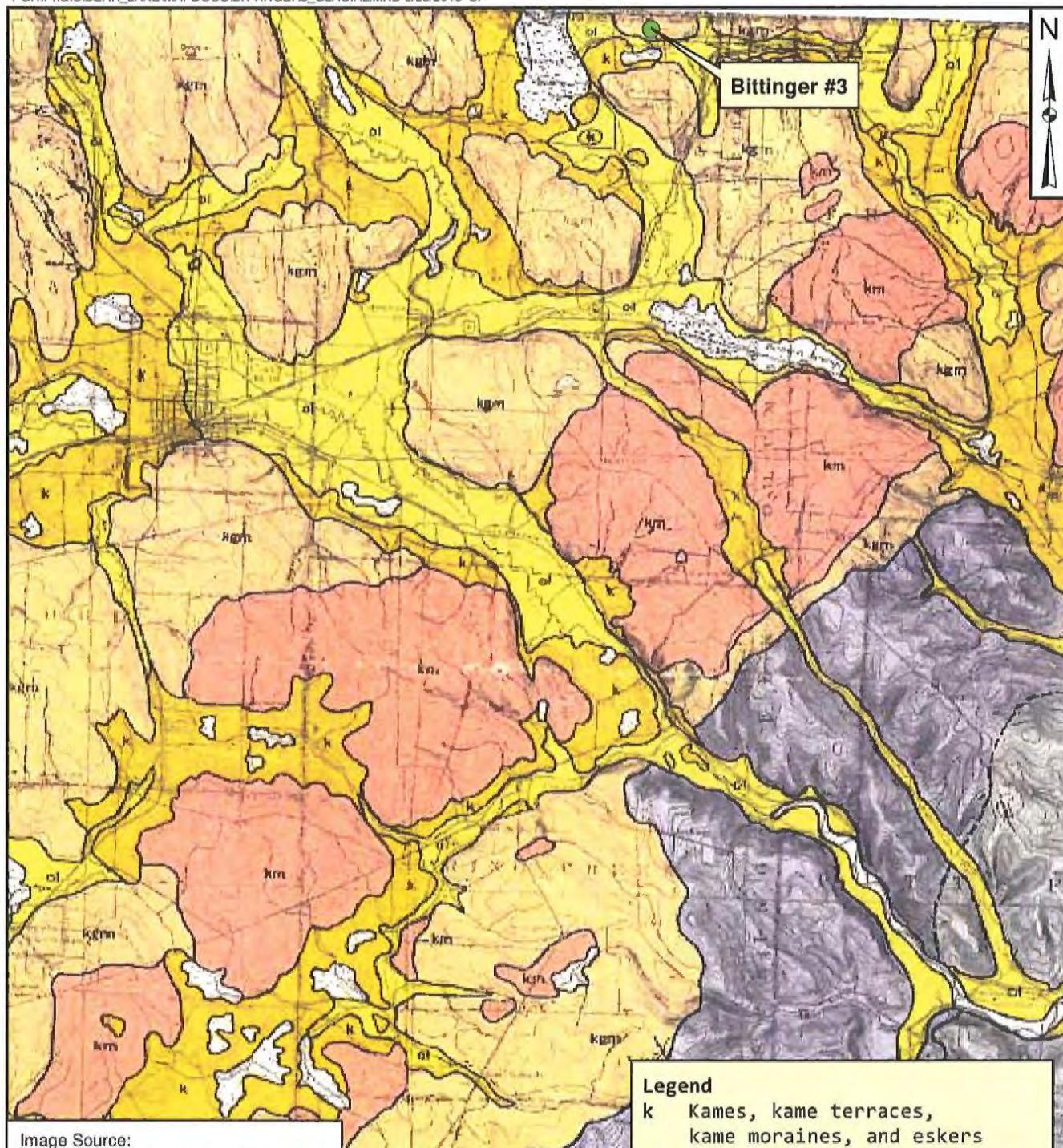
PGH:P:\GIS\BEAR_LAKEMAPDOCS\BITTINGER3_BEDROCK.MXD 3/23/2015 SP



 TETRA TECH	<p>BEDROCK MAP JOSEPH BITTINGER 3 WELL BEAR LAKE PROPERTIES, LLC WARREN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA</p>	<p>DRAWN BY: S. PAXTON 01/28/15 CHECKED BY: D. SKOFF 03/23/15 APPROVED BY: CONTRACT NUMBER: 212C-PB-00103</p>
		<p>FIGURE NUMBER</p> <p>REV 0</p>

UNDERGROUND SOURCES OF DRINKING WATER
GLACIAL MAP

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TETRA TECH

GLACIAL MAP
JOSEPH BITTINGER 3 WELL
BEAR LAKE PROPERTIES, LLC
WARREN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

DRAWN BY: S. PAXTON 01/28/15
CHECKED BY: D. SKOFF 03/23/15
APPROVED BY:
CONTRACT NUMBER: 212C-PB-00103

FIGURE NUMBER REV 0

Section 5 – Geologic Data on Injection and Confining Zones

Section 5 – Geologic Data on Injection and Confining Zones

The well is designed to inject into the Grimsby and Whirlpool sandstone units of the Medina Group which occurs at depths between 4,260 and 4,439 feet below grade in the Bittinger #3 well. The Medina is a depleted reservoir in this area.

As seen on the generalized stratigraphic column (attached), most of the geologic "groups" and "formations" overlying the Medina can be considered confining units totaling approximately 2,000 feet. Although many of these units are predominantly shale, they also contain reservoir rock and are shown with shading in confining unit column. Therefore, the Lockport and the Salina are seen as the most significant confining units and have a combined thickness of approximately 800 feet in the site area. As indicated, these units provide only a portion of the confining capacity and there are numerous other units that provide further protection.

The characteristics of the Medina Group formations including the Grimsby and Whirlpool are described in the attached report prepared by Billman Geologic Consultants entitled, "Geologic Review of the Bittinger Area, Planned SWD Site", dated August 2, 2010, and the cover letter dated April 5, 2014 discussing the Bittinger #2 well geologic characteristics. The subject report includes cross-sections in the vicinity of the Bittinger #3 well. As demonstrated by the cross-sections, the formation characteristics (lithology, thickness, porosity, etc.) of the Medina Group rocks in the Bittinger #3 well are very similar to those of the nearby wells including the three permitted brine disposal wells (Bittinger #1, #2 and #4 wells) operated by Bear Lake Properties.

Also attached are the following:

- Bittinger #3 completion record and geophysical log,
- Maximum Injection Pressure (MIP) calculations based on Instantaneous Shut-In Pressure (ISIP) data for the nearby Smith/Ras #1 well
- Smith/Ras #1 treatment reports.

Potential for Faults and Seismicity

As discussed in the attached Billman Geologic Consultants Report, geologic mapping performed at the Bear Lake Properties site as part of natural gas exploration and development in the Medina Group sandstone units has not identified evidence of significant faulting (e.g., duplicated intervals evident in log analysis, unusual thickening or thinning of intervals, etc.). Likewise the production of large volumes of natural gas from the Medina Group indicates the lack of significant faults which would allow for migration of the entrapped gas out of the Medina.

It is also noted that the Medina Group wells at the site are largely depleted resulting in lower than natural rock pressures. Production data for the Bittinger #3 are summarized on the attached table (referenced above) along with six other nearby wells. Cumulative gas production from the Bittinger #3 well is approximately 213 MMCF. Total production from all seven wells is over 1.75 BCF. The impact of removal of this large volume of gas is, as expected, a decrease in reservoir pressure. Injecting brine at or below the proposed maximum injection pressure would therefore not likely result in "overpressuring" faults (if any do exist in the area) and causing movement.

Finally, it is highly unlikely that injection at the site would engage any deep, Pre-Cambrian basement faults. According to the PA DCNR "Precambrian Basement Map of the Appalachian Basin and Piedmont Province in Pennsylvania" (http://www.dcnr.state.pa.us/cs/groups/public/documents/document/dcnr_016250.pdf) the depth to

basement in the site vicinity is estimated at approximately 2,500 meters (or 8,200 feet) below sea level. The base of the Medina Group at the Bear Lake Properties site is approximately 2,800 ft. below sea level, or approximately a mile above Pre-Cambrian basement.

A review of the PA DCNR "Earthquake Epicenters in and Near Pennsylvania" (attached) indicates that there have been no recorded seismic events within 25 miles of the disposal project area since 1724, the start of the reporting period.

In summary, a detailed review of the zone of injection and data on geologic strata surrounding the zone of injection for the proposed brine disposal well, indicates the following supporting evidence that seismicity is highly unlikely: 1) The detailed geologic cross-sections (Appendix 2 of the Billman Geologic Consultants Report) and isopach and structural mapping completed by Billman Geologic Consultants show no evidence of faulting in the study area. 2) Historic production of over 1.75 billion cubic feet of gas among the Bittinger #1, #2, #3 and #4, Smith Ras #1 and Trisket #1 and #2 wells and unknown volumes of formation brine from the proposed zone of injection near the Bittinger #3 has depleted the zone of almost 90% of its original reservoir pressure. The disposal operations will re-fill this void space over the life of the project. 3) There have been no recorded seismic events within 25 miles of the disposal project area since 1724, the start of the reporting period referenced in the PA DCNR earthquake epicenters map.

GEOLOGIC DATA
GENERALIZED STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN

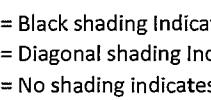
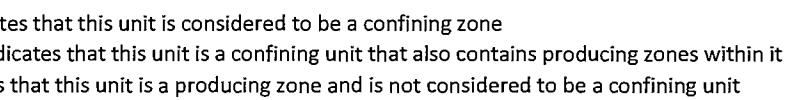
Generalized Stratigraphic Column

Bittinger No 3

Warren County, PA

Age	Group	Formation	Predominant Rock Type	Total Depth to Base(Feet)	Thickness Feet	Confining Zone
Glacial Units				30	30	
Upper Devonian	Venango		Shale/sandstone			
Upper Devonian		Chadakoin	Shale			
Upper Devonian	Bradford		Shale			
Upper Devonian	Elk		Shale			
Upper Devonian		Java	Shale			
Upper Devonian		West Falls	Shale			
Upper Devonian		Sonyea	Shale			
Upper Devonian		Genesee	Shale			
Upper Devonian		Tully Limestone	Limestone	2926	110	
Upper Devonian	Hamilton	Mahantango	Shale, some sandstone			
Upper Devonian	Hamilton	Marcellus Shale	Shale	3097	171	
Middle Devonian		Onondaga	Limestone	3256	159	
Unconformity Interval				3285	29	
Upper Silurian		Salina - including Akron-Berite, Camillus, Syracuse, Vernon	Evaporites/Dolomite	3900	615	
Upper Silurian		Lockport Dolomite	Dolomite	4108	208	
Lower Silurian	Clinton	Rochester Shale, Irondequoit-Reynales Dolomite	Sandstone	4260	122	
Lower Silurian		Medina, including the Grimsby and Whirlpool Sandstones	Sandstone/Shale	4439	179	

Notes

-  = Black shading Indicates that this unit is considered to be a confining zone
-  = Diagonal shading Indicates that this unit is a confining unit that also contains producing zones within it
-  = No shading indicates that this unit is a producing zone and is not considered to be a confining unit

GEOLOGIC DATA

BILLMAN GEOLOGIC CONSULTANTS REPORT

BILLMAN GEOLOGIC CONSULTANTS, INC.

TO: MR KARL KIMMICH, LION ENERGY COMPANY, LLC
FROM: DAN A. BILLMAN, PG, CPG, BILLMAN GEOLOGIC CONSULTANTS, INC.
SUBJECT: GEOLOGIC REVIEW OF THE BITTINGER #2, PROPOSED SWD WELL
DATE: 04/05/2014
CC:

This memo is to be read in conjunction with the report entitled, "Geologic Review of the Bittinger Area, Planned SWD Site", dated 8/2/2010., Written by Dan A. Billman of Billman Geologic Consultants, Inc.

Billman Geologic Consultants, Inc. (BGC) was requested by Lion Energy Company, LLC to review the geology of a proposed SWD well at the Bittinger #2 (123-33944). The well is located in Columbus Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania. Specifically, the area is located in and around the Bittinger, Smith and Reed properties; collectively referred to as the "Bittinger SWD site". Figure 1 depicts the well base map of the Bittinger #2 area.

The Bittinger #2 (123-33944) was initially drilled by U.S. Energy Development and later acquired by Lion Energy, when Lion Energy acquired the field from Belden and Blake, Corp. The well was originally drilled to a total depth of 4,574', into the Queenston Shale Formation. The well was naturally completed in the Medina Sandstone and Whirlpool Sandstone. The well had a natural reported open flow 554 mcf/d and a reported natural rock pressure of 1,100 psi, recorded after a buildup of 72 hours (refer to completion reports included as Appendix 1 of this memo).

Geologic Analysis of Data Associated with the Bittinger SWD Site

The initial report of the Bittinger SWD area discusses the geology of both the Medina Sandstone and Whirlpool Sandstone. The Bittinger #2 well is located approximately 1,200' west of the Bittinger #4 and located approximately 1,500' northeast of the Bittinger #1. After review of the logs and completion reports (Appendix 1) of the Bittinger #2, both the Medina (Grimsby) and Whirlpool Sandstones are similar to the correlative formations within the Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4 wells.

BGC completed a review of the logs associated with the Bittinger #2 (123-33944), as well as the Bittinger #1 (123-33914), #4 (123-39874) and other wells in the immediate area (Table 1 of the original report). The Medina Sandstone (Grimsby Sandstone) has 38' of formation equal or greater than 6% porosity, while the average for the area was

39.2'. Likewise, The Whirlpool Sandstone has 12' of formation equal or greater than 6% porosity, while the average for the area was 11.1'. For both sandstone formations, the characteristics are very typical for the area.

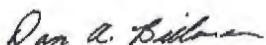
In the Bittinger #2, there is approximately 625' between the top of the Medina (Grimsby) Sandstone and the top of the Upper Silurian Salina Formation. The Salina Formation is a series of evaporates (including salt and anhydrite), shale and carbonate formations, which based on lithology should have low permeability and have characteristics of a good confining interval. Given the ductile nature of the salt and anhydrite, natural fractures tend not to propagate vertically up to and through the Salina Formation. Also, between the Medina (Grimsby) Sandstone and the Salina Formation are other potential confining intervals, including the Vernon and Rochester Shales and the Packer Shell (Irondequoit and Reynales Dolomites). Another shale interval, the Power Glen Shale (occasionally referred to as the Cabot Head Shale) lies between the Medina (Grimsby) Sandstone and Whirlpool Sandstone.

Conclusions

The Bittinger #2 (123-33944) appears to have a very porous Whirlpool Sandstone interval to allow for saltwater injection and storage. The formation was naturally completed and therefore, it is assumed to have sufficient natural (unstimulated) porosity and permeability development. The Bittinger #2 SWD site is located in an area of minimal tectonic influence (i.e. folding and faulting of the rock), other than the gentle dip of the formation to the southeast (refer to mapping included in the original report). Given the nature of the Salina Formation (i.e. bedded salts and anhydrites) above the SWD interval, minimal through-going, vertical fractures are expected to exist in the Bittinger #2 SWD site area.

BGC has not verified ownership of Lion's properties or completed a site visit as part of the geologic review of the area.

Respectfully submitted by:



Dan A. Billman, PG, CPG
President, Billman Geologic Consultants, Inc.

DISCLAIMER

This document includes forward-looking statements as well as historical information. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to statements relating to geological and seismic data interpretations, prospect reserve estimates and prospect risk. Although BGC believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties, and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. Investment in oil and gas exploration is high risk by its very nature. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ from these forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: erroneous interpretations of the seismic and geological data; the inability to acquire leases on identified prospects; mechanical problems while drilling and producing wells which prevent completion of a well or result in plugging of a well; dry holes; less reserves than originally estimated due to poor sand development or drainage by offsetting wells; non-commercial wells; and the variations in future gas pricing. BGC cannot and has not beyond normal due diligence care standards confirmed the accuracy and completeness of all the information we have reviewed in the course of this consulting engagement. Data for this review has been provided by Tetra Tech, NUS, Lion Energy, LLC or is publicly available and BGC, Inc. cannot be held responsible for errors in this provided data. Further, we express no opinion regarding any legal or securities issues. BGC shall assume no liability whatsoever for the use or reliance there upon by Tetra Tech, NUS, Lion Energy, LLC, their clients and/or their investors, of information, opinions and interpretations provided by BGC. BGC reserves the right to adjust these findings and interpretations with the discovery of relevant data or future production data.

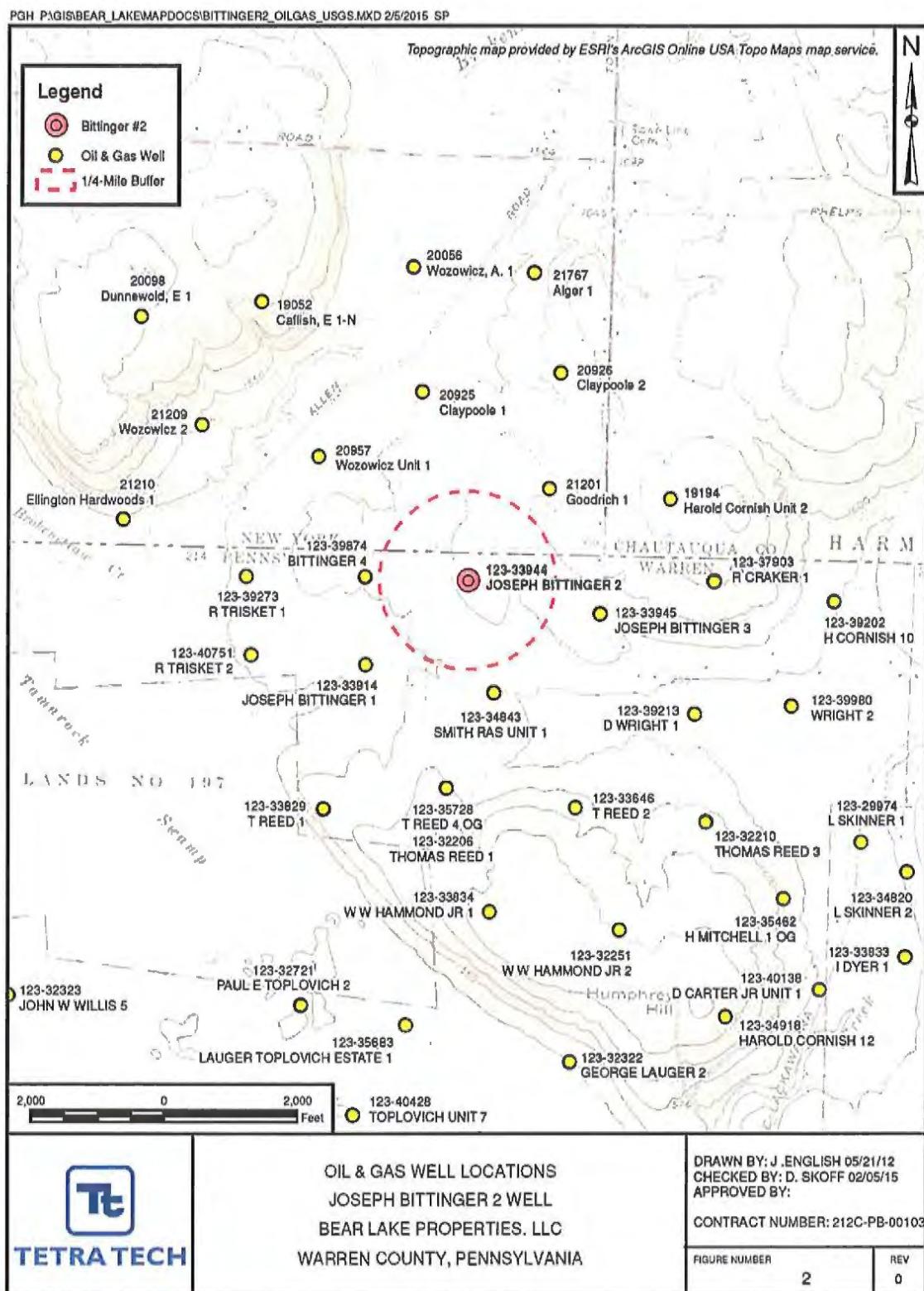
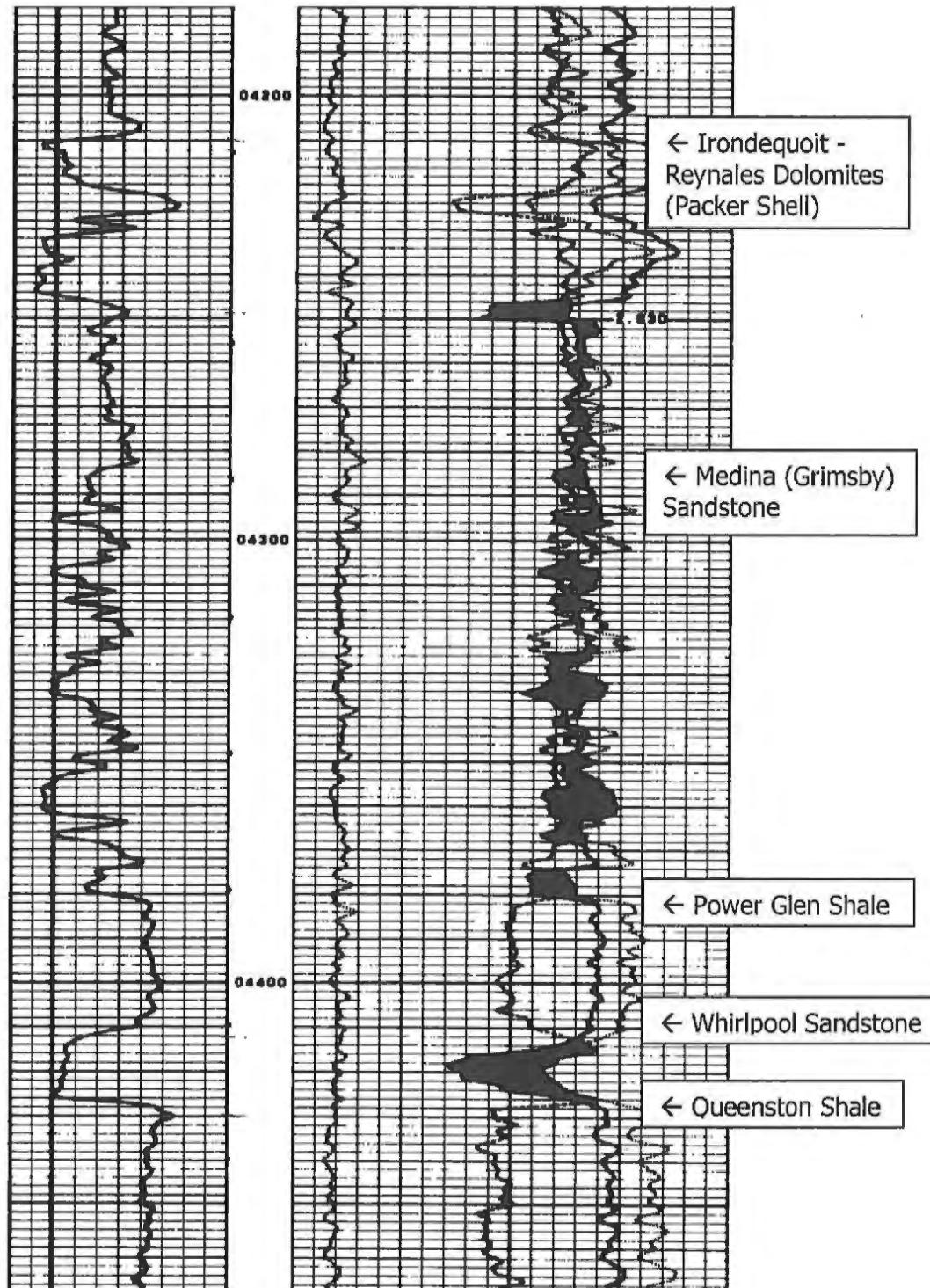


Figure 1: Well location map of the Bittinger SWD Site. Well being permitted for SWD Bittinger #2 (123-33944) centered in map.

Appendix 1:
Log Data and Completion Reports for the Bittinger #2
(123-33944)

Gamma Ray, Density Neutron Log -- Bittinger #2 (123-33944)



Completion Report (page 2) -- Bittinger #2 (123-33944)

ER-02-41 Rev. 2/80
(pp 2)

NAME	FORMATIONS					FC
	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (FRESH OR SALT WATER)	
UNCONSOLIDATED GRAVEL	0'	12'				Driller's
DEVONIAN SHALE	12'	2807'			FRESH @ 109'	RECORD
"TULLY" LS.	2807'	2915'				AND
HAMILTON SHALES	2915'	3084'				GEOPHYSICAL
ONONDAGA	3084'	3256'				LOGS
UNCONFORMITY INTERVAL	3256'	3270'				
AKRON-BERTIE	3270'	3357'				
CAMILLUS	3357'	3421'				
SYRACUSE	3421'	3639'				
SALT ZONE	3618'	3816'			SALT @ 3710'	
VERNON	3639'	3955'				
LOCKPORT	3955'	4123'				
ROCHESTER	4123'	4209'				
IRONDEQUOIT-REYNALDS	4209'	4246'				
GRIMSBY	4246'	4362'				
POWER GLEN	4362'	4411'				
WHIRLPOOL	4411'	4427'	4415'			
QUEENSTON	4427'	T.D.				
T.D.	4574'					

MAY 25, 1984

DATE

Douglas K. Welch

APPROVED BY

GEOPHYSICIST

TITLE

BILLMAN GEOLOGIC CONSULTANTS, INC.

TO: MR KARL KIMMICH, LION ENERGY COMPANY, LLC
FROM: DAN A. BILLMAN, PG, CPG, BILLMAN GEOLOGIC CONSULTANTS, INC.
SUBJECT: GEOLOGIC REVIEW OF THE BITTINGER AREA, PLANNED SWD SITE
DATE: 08/02/2010
CC:

Billman Geologic Consultants, Inc. (BGC) was requested by Lion Energy Company, LLC to review the geology of a planned salt water disposal (SWD) site in Columbus Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania. Specifically, the area is located in and around the Bittinger, Smith and Reed properties; collectively referred to as the "Bittinger SWD site". Figure 1 depicts the wellbase map of the Bittinger SWD site area. The wells being permitted include the 123-33914 (Bittinger #1) and the 123-39874 (Bittinger #4).

Both the Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4 were initially drilled by U.S. Energy Development and later acquired by Lion Energy, when Lion Energy acquired the field from Belden and Blake, Corp. In both the Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4, the perforated and hydraulically fracture treated interval includes both the Lower Silurian Medina Sandstone and Lower Silurian Whirlpool Sandstone. These formations have been produced, commingled, since 1983 and 1987, respectfully (refer to completion reports, Appendix 1).

Geologic Analysis of Data Associated with the Bittinger SWD Site

BGC completed an analysis of the logs in the Bittinger SWD site area and the porosity per foot data is included in Table 1. Within the Whirlpool Sandstone, the Bittinger #1 (123-33914) encountered 10' of sand greater or equal to 6% (log measured) porosity and 8' of sand greater or equal to 10% (log measured) porosity. Within the Medina Sandstone, the Bittinger #1 (123-33914) encountered 23' of sand greater or equal to 6% (log measured) porosity and 0' of sand greater or equal to 10% (log measured) porosity. Within the Whirlpool Sandstone, the Bittinger #4 (123-39874) encountered 11' of sand greater or equal to 6% (log measured) porosity and 7' of sand greater or equal to 10% (log measured) porosity. Within the Medina Sandstone, the Bittinger #4 (123-39874) encountered 38' of sand greater or equal to 6% (log measured) porosity and 0' of sand greater or equal to 10% (log measured) porosity.

The Whirlpool Sandstone across the producing Medina/Whirlpool trend is interpreted as a bar sand system and where it is present, it is often been a prolific hydrocarbon producer. Initial analysis of the Bittinger SWD site data indicates that the Whirlpool

Sandstone is a consistently porous formation with a significant footage of porosity greater than 10% porosity. Gamma Ray, Density Neutron logs of the Medina/Whirlpool section of the Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4 are included in Appendix 1. The Bittinger #1 has a peak, logged porosity of approximately 16% and the Bittinger #4 has a peak, logged porosity of approximately 18%. Cross-sections, oriented along regional strike (southwest – northeast) and regional dip (northwest – southeast) were constructed across the Bittinger SWD site and are included as an attachment to this report. The consistency of thickness and porosity of the Whirlpool Sandstone is evident in the cross-sections (Appendix 2).

The Medina Sandstone is interpreted as a braided channel system and therefore porous, reservoir quality Medina Sandstone typically is a very discontinuous across even short distances. As expected, within the logs of the Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4 (Appendix 1) the Medina Sandstone is a series of interbedded sandstones, silts and shales and has a discontinuous nature from well to well. In the Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4, porosities average 8% and lower, from sand body to sand body within the Medina interval in each well.

Both the Whirlpool and Medina Sandstones were mapped using footage at 8% porosity or greater cut-off. These maps are included, with this report, as Appendix 2.

Figure 2 depicts the structure on top of the Packer Shell (dolomites above the Medina Formation) in the Bittinger SWD site area. The structural mapping shows a very consistently dipping formation from the northeast to the southwest across the Bittinger SWD site. No obvious faulting or "deviations" from regional dip are evident on the structural top of the Packer Shell dolomites. Figure 3 depicts the structure on top of the Queenston Shale (Base of the Whirlpool Sandstone) in the Bittinger SWD site area. The structural mapping shows a very consistently dipping formation from the northeast to the southwest across the Bittinger SWD site. No obvious faulting or "deviations" from regional dip are evident on the structural top of the Queenston Shale. Both formations appear to show a fairly tectonically inactive situation exists in the Medina/Whirlpool interval at the Bittinger SWD site.

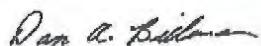
Approximately 850' above the top of the Medina Sandstone is the top of the Upper Silurian Salina Formation, a series of evaporates (including salt and anhydrite), shale and carbonate formations. The top of the Salina Salt (the evaporites within the Salina Formation) occurs approximately 650' above the top of the Medina Sandstone. Given the ductile nature of the salt and anhydrite, natural fractures tend not to propagate vertically up to and through the Salina Formation.

Conclusions

The Bittinger #1 and Bittinger #4 appear to have a very porous Whirlpool Sandstone interval to allow for saltwater injection and storage and was previously hydraulic fractured, allowing for increased permeability. The Bittinger SWD site is located in an area of minimal tectonic influence (i.e. folding and faulting of the rock), other than the gentle dip of the formation to the southeast (mapping included in Appendix 2). Given the nature of the Salina Formation above the SWD interval, minimal through-going, vertical fractures are expected to exist in the Bittinger SWD site area.

As a disclaimer, BGC has not had access to seismic data in and around the Bittinger SWD site and any observations or conclusions made are not made with the knowledge of seismic data. BGC has not verified ownership of Lion's properties or completed a site visit as part of the geologic review of the area.

Respectfully submitted by:



Dan A. Billman, PG, CPG
President, Billman Geologic Consultants, Inc.

DISCLAIMER

This document includes forward-looking statements as well as historical information. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to statements relating to geological and seismic data interpretations, prospect reserve estimates and prospect risk. Although BGC believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties, and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. Investment in oil and gas exploration is high risk by its very nature. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ from these forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: erroneous interpretations of the seismic and geological data; the inability to acquire leases on identified prospects; mechanical problems while drilling and producing wells which prevent completion of a well or result in plugging of a well; dry holes; less reserves than originally estimated due to poor sand development or drainage by offsetting wells; non-commercial wells; and the variations in future gas pricing. BGC cannot and has not beyond normal due diligence care standards confirmed the accuracy and completeness of all the information we have reviewed in the course of this consulting engagement. Data for this review has been provided by Lion Energy, LLC or is publicly available and BGC, Inc. cannot be held responsible for errors in this provided data. Further, we express no opinion regarding any legal or securities issues. BGC shall assume no liability whatsoever for the use or reliance there upon by Lion Energy, LLC, their clients and/or their investors, of information, opinions and interpretations provided by BGC. BGC reserves the right to adjust these findings and interpretations with the discovery of relevant data or future production data.

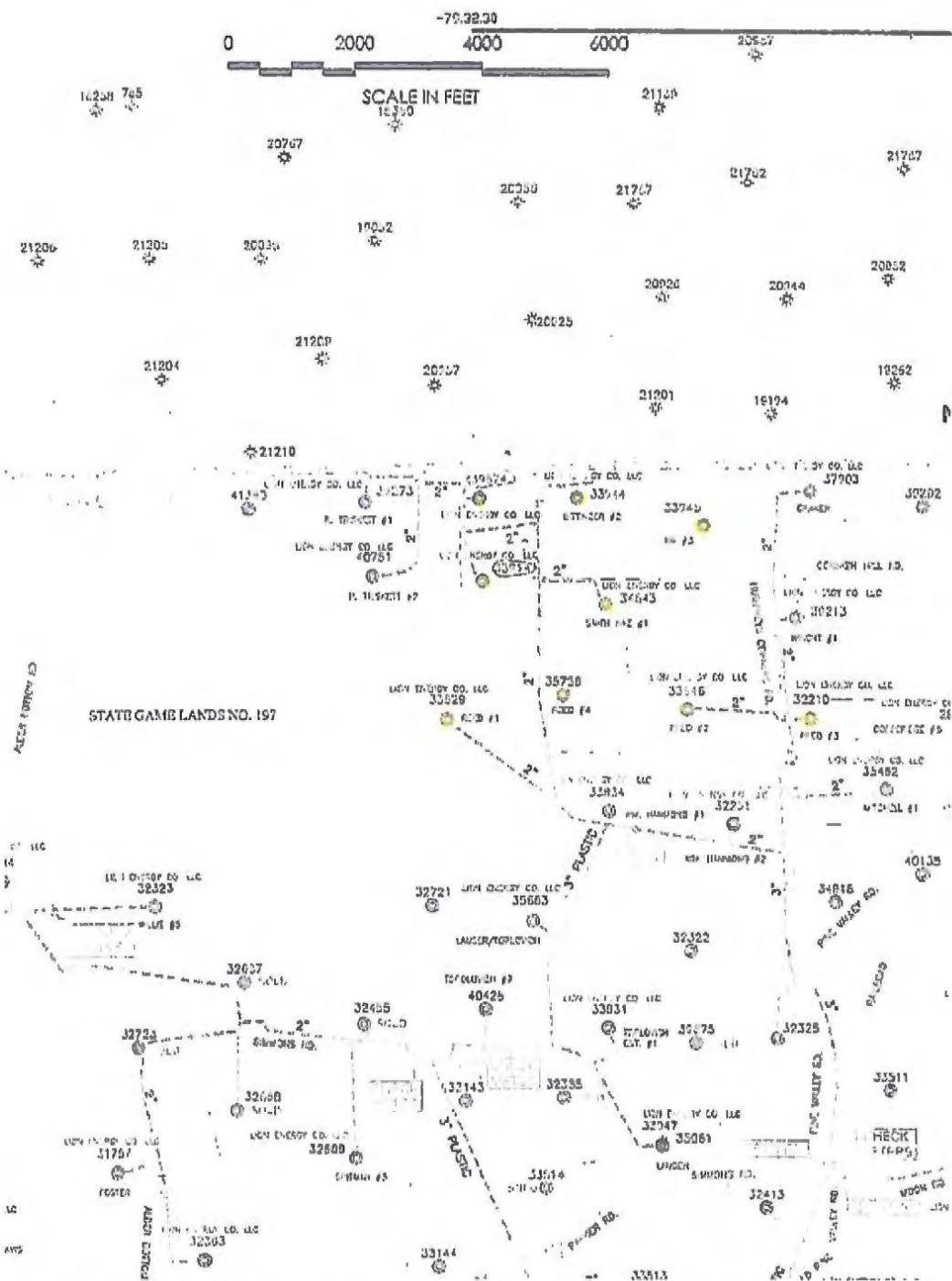


Figure 1: Well location map of the Bittinger SWD Site. Wells being permitted for SWD include the 123-33914 (Bittinger #1) and the 123-39874 (Bittinger #4).

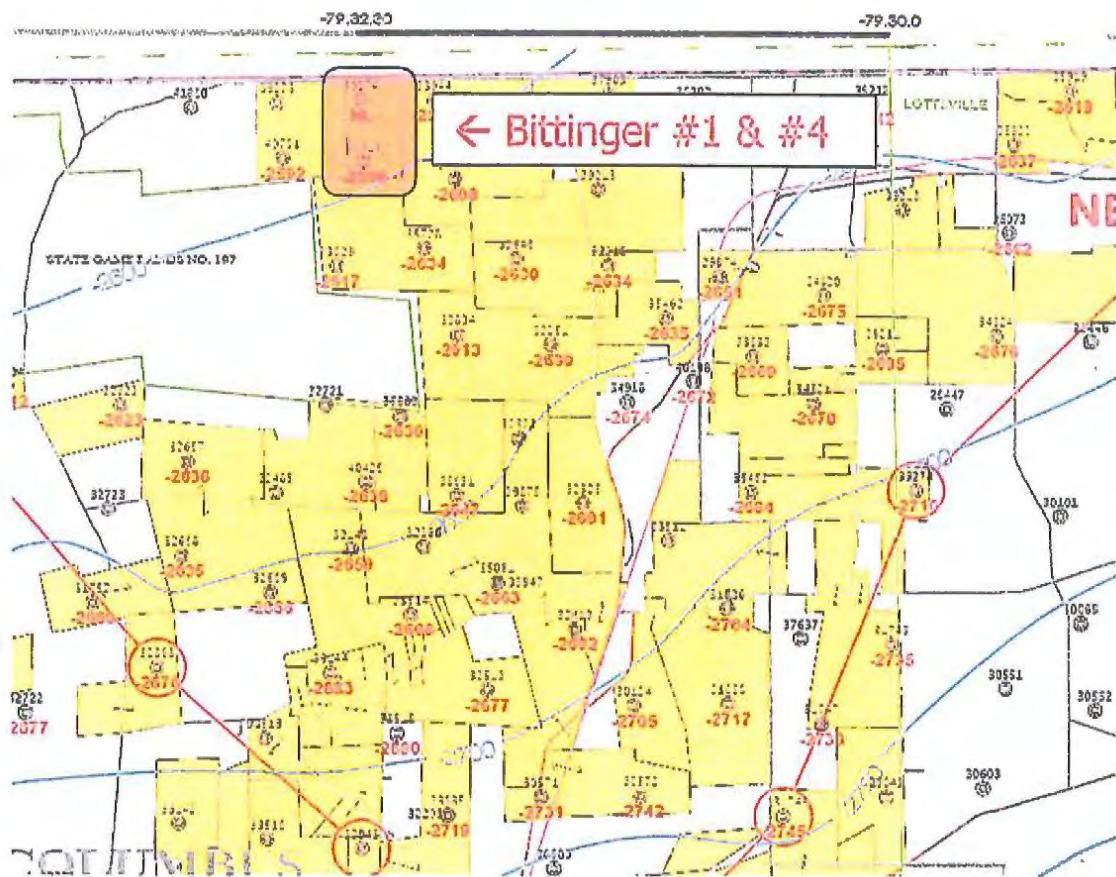


Figure 2: Map of the structure on top of the Packer Shell (above the Medina Sandstone). Structure on top of the Packer Shell is very consistently dipping to the southeast. The 123-33914 (Bittinger #1) and the 123-39874 (Bittinger #4) highlighted in orange.

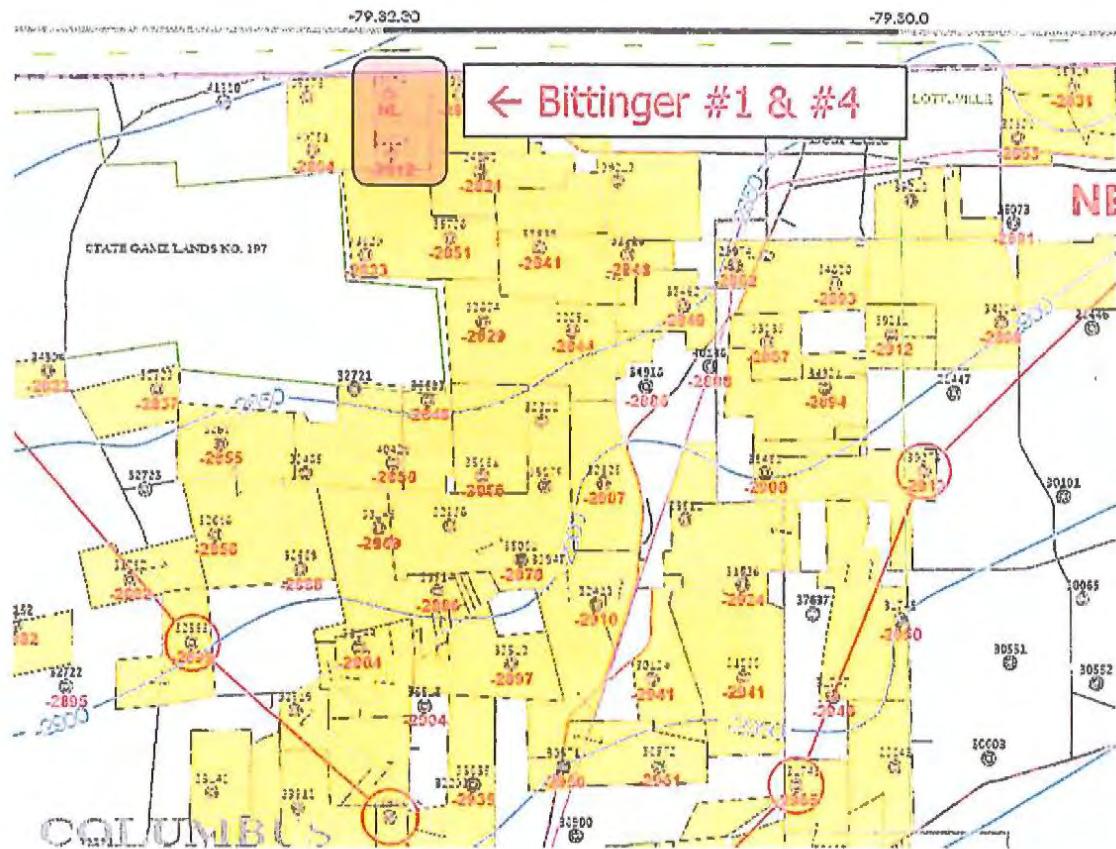


Figure 3: Map of the structure on top of the Queenston Shale (base of the Whirlpool Sandstone). Structure on top of the Queenston Shale is very consistently dipping to the southeast. The 123-33914 (Bittinger #1) and the 123-39874 (Bittinger #4) highlighted in orange.

Table 1:

Log Data from Wells in the Area of Study

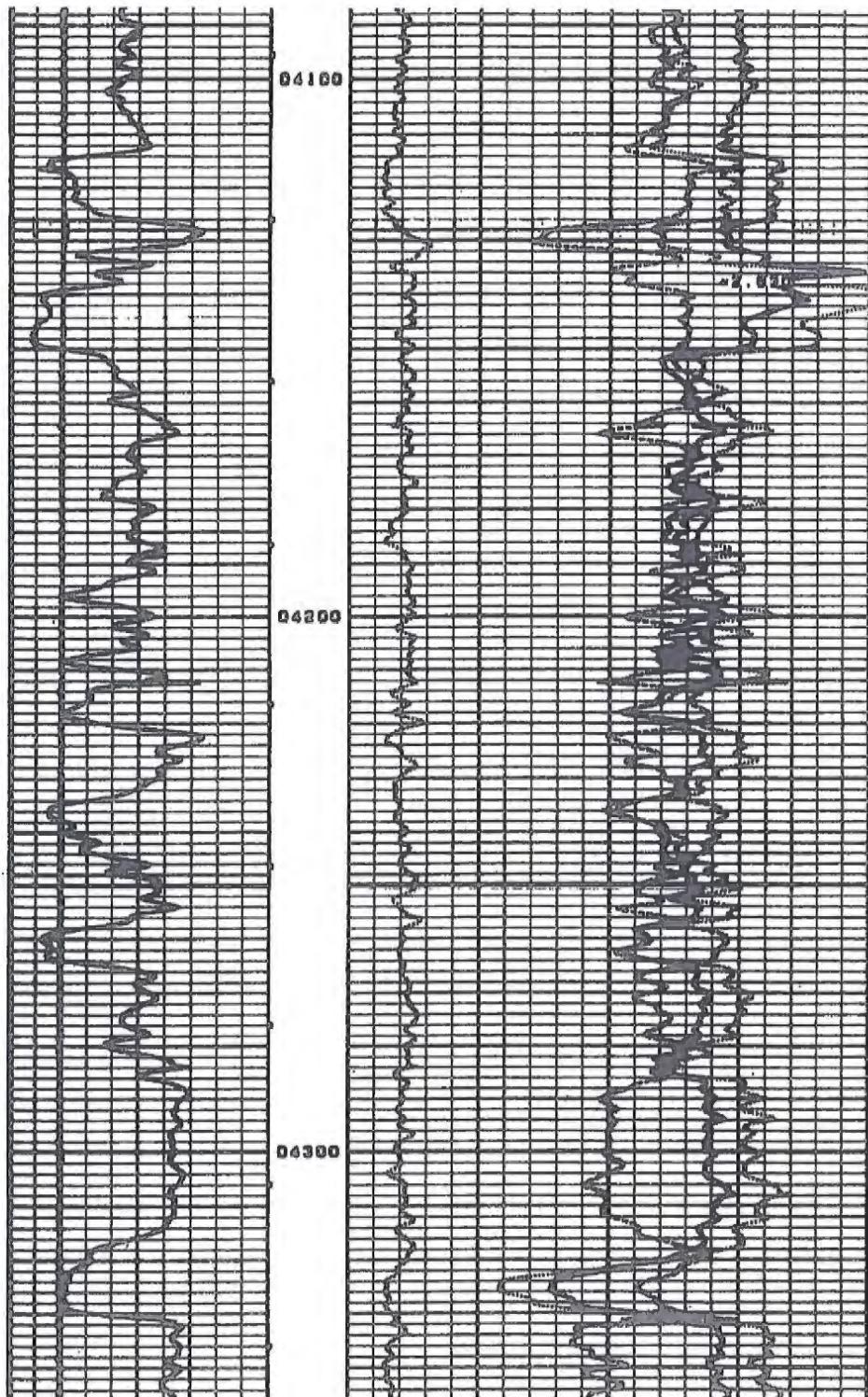
API#	Whirlpool 6%	Whirlpool 8%	Whirlpool 10%	Medina 6%	Medina 8%	Medina 10%
123-33914	10	9	8	23	9	0
123-33944	12	10	9	38	7	0
123-33945	13	11	8	54	9	0
123-39874	11	10	7	38	6	0
123-34843	12	10	7	25	2	0
123-33829	11	9	8	42	7	0
123-35728	14	12	11	57	33	10
123-33646	8	5	3	47	10	1
123-32210	9	7	4	29	3	0

Average: 11.1

Average: 39.2

Appendix 1:
Log Data and Completion Reports for the Wells Being
Permitted as Salt Water Disposal Wells

Gamma Ray, Density Neutron Log -- Bittinger #1 (123-33914)



Completion Report (page 1) -- Bittinger #1 (123-33914)

Dkys 608
123-33914

ER-00-4: Rev. 2/80	COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA						
CER-TGS	DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES						
	DIVISION OF OIL AND GAS REGULATION						
	PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222						
123-33914	2260 S 42°00'00"						
123-33914	11204 W 79°30'00"						
PERMIT NO.	PROJECT NO.	WELL RECORD					
WAR-33914	PEEP	123-33914					
COLUMBUS FIELD, DEWEY CORNERS POOL-DEV							
WELL OPERATOR	U.S. ENERGY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION						
ADDRESS	670 Statler Building, Buffalo, New York						
FARM NAME	FARM NO.	ZIP					
BITTINGER	01	14202					
TOWNSHIP	COUNTY	ACRES					
Columbus	Warren	60					
DRILLING COMMENCED	DRILLING COMPLETED						
12-20-83	12-29-83						
ELEVATION	QUADRANGLE						
1518'	Columbus	75' 15'					
CABING AND TUBING RECORD							
PIPE SIZE	AMOUNT IN WELL	MATERIAL BEHIND PIPE		PACKER		DATE RUN	
		CEMENT (BBL)	GEL (BBL)	TYPE	SIZE		DEPTH
8-5/8"	401'	225				12/22/83	
4-1/2"	4416'	150	150			12/26/83	
		T.D.	D.D.	D.P.I.	Class	O G Lease	
		4967	4327	D	/	/	
PERFORATION RECORD			STIMULATION RECORD				
DATE	INTERVAL PERFORATED		DATE	INTERVAL TREATED	AMOUNT FLUID	AMOUNT SAND	INJECTION RATE
3/8/84	4210'	4327'	3/9/84	4210-4327'	897 bbls	700000	17 BPM
NATURAL OPEN FLOW		NATURAL ROCK PRESSURE			HRS. DAYS		
300 MCP		Not taken					
AFTER TREATMENT OPEN FLOW		AFTER TREATMENT ROCK PRESSURE			HRS. DAYS		
5,600 MCP		1250			72		
REMARKS: MEDINA							
Driller's ID 4467							
Logger's ID 4431							
MAIN INDEX SHEET							
RECEIVED (INFORMATION ON REVERSE SIDE)							
04-11-84 CZ XAF 4861 OCT 11 1984							
DER-TGS							
PA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY (Oil & Gas Geology Division)							

Completion Report (page 2) -- Bittner #1 (123-33914)

ER-00-4: Rev. 2/00
6/21

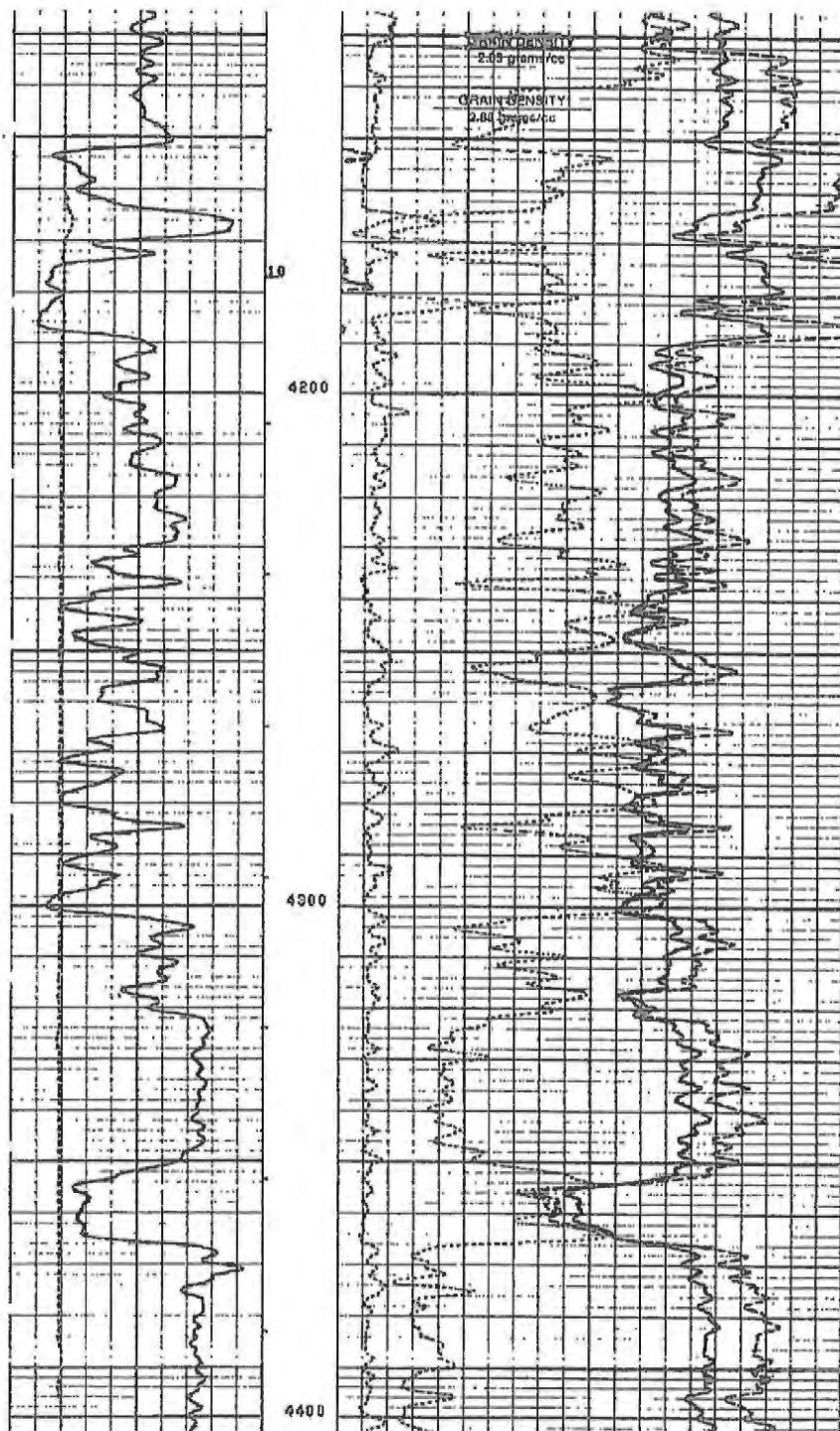
FORMATIONS						
NAME	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (FRESH OR SALT WATER)	SOURCE OF DATA
Unconsolidated Gravel	0'	371'			Fresh @ 25'	Driller's record and geophysical logs
Devonian Shale	371'	2679'				
"Tully" Ls	2679'	2785'				
Hamilton Shales	2785'	2955'				
Onondaga	2955'	3129'				
Unconformity Interval	3129'	3145'				
Akron-Bertie	3145'	3220'			Salt @ 3935'	
Camillus	3220'	3298'				
Syracuse	3298'	3525'				
Vernon	3525'	3784'				
Salt Zone	3504'	3709'	4430'			
Lockport	3784'	4009'				
Rochester	4009'	4113'				
Irondequoit-Reynales	4113'	4150'				
Grimsby	4150'	4265'				
Power Glen	4265'	4316'				
Whirlpool	4316'	4331'				
Queenston	4331'	TD				
TD	4431					

June 21 1984
DATE

Douglas K. Welch
APPROVED BY Douglas K. Welch

Geophysicist
TITLE

Gamma Ray, Density Neutron Log -- Bittinger #4 (123-39874)



Completion Report (page 1) -- Bittinger #4 (123-39874)

ER-0G-4, Rev. 10/82
 97° 5' 42" 00' 00"
 112° 40' W 79° 50' 00"
 (C)

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES
 BUREAU OF OIL AND GAS REGULATION
 PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222

WELL RECORD

PERMIT NO. 37-123-39874-01 PROJECT NO. DEET TYPE OF WELL Gas

COLUMBUS FIELD, DEWEY CORNERS POOL DEU

WELL OPERATOR U. S. Energy Development Corporation TELEPHONE NO. (716) 856-9764

ADDRESSES FARM NAME Bittinger FARM NO. 4 SERIAL NO. 62 ZIP 14202-9990

TOWNSHIP Columbus COUNTY Warren

DRILLING COMMENCED 8/11/87 DRILLING COMPLETED 8/15/87

ELEVATION 1561' QUADRANGLE Columbus 10 75' 15'

CASING AND TUBING RECORD

PIPE SIZE	AMOUNT IN WELL	MATERIAL BEHIND PIPE		PACKER		DATE RUN
		CEMENT (SWS)	GEL (SWS)	TYPE	SIZE	
13 3/8'	30'	NA				8/11/87
8 5/8'	506'	220	5			8/12/87
4 1/2'	4459.9'	265				11/5/87
		T.D. 4496	D.D. 4362	D.P.I. 0 0 1	G 1	Lease /

PENETRATION RECORD

DATE	INTERVAL PERFORATED FROM TO		DATE	STIMULATION RECORD	
	INTERVAL PERFORATED FROM	TO		INTERVAL TREATED	AMOUNT FLUID
8/19	4459'	4362'	8/20/87	840 bbls.	67.000 ft

NATURAL OPEN FLOW 30000 BCF
 AFTER TREATMENT OPEN FLOW 15000 BCF

NATURAL ROCK PRESSURE NA HRS/DAYS
 AFTER TREATMENT ROCK PRESSURE 1100 HRS/PWY

REMARKS: MEDINA

RECEIVED
 SEP 30 1988
 PA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
 (INFORMATION ON REVERSE SIDE)

A WELL RECORD SHALL BE FILED WITHIN 30 DAYS OF CESSION OF DRILLING. IF THE WELL IS NOT COMPLETED WITHIN 30 DAYS OF CESSION OF DRILLING, AN UPDATED WELL RECORD MUST BE SUBMITTED UPON COMPLETION OF THE WELL.

CDM
 3-18-88

Completion Report (page 2) -- Bldg #4 (123-39874)

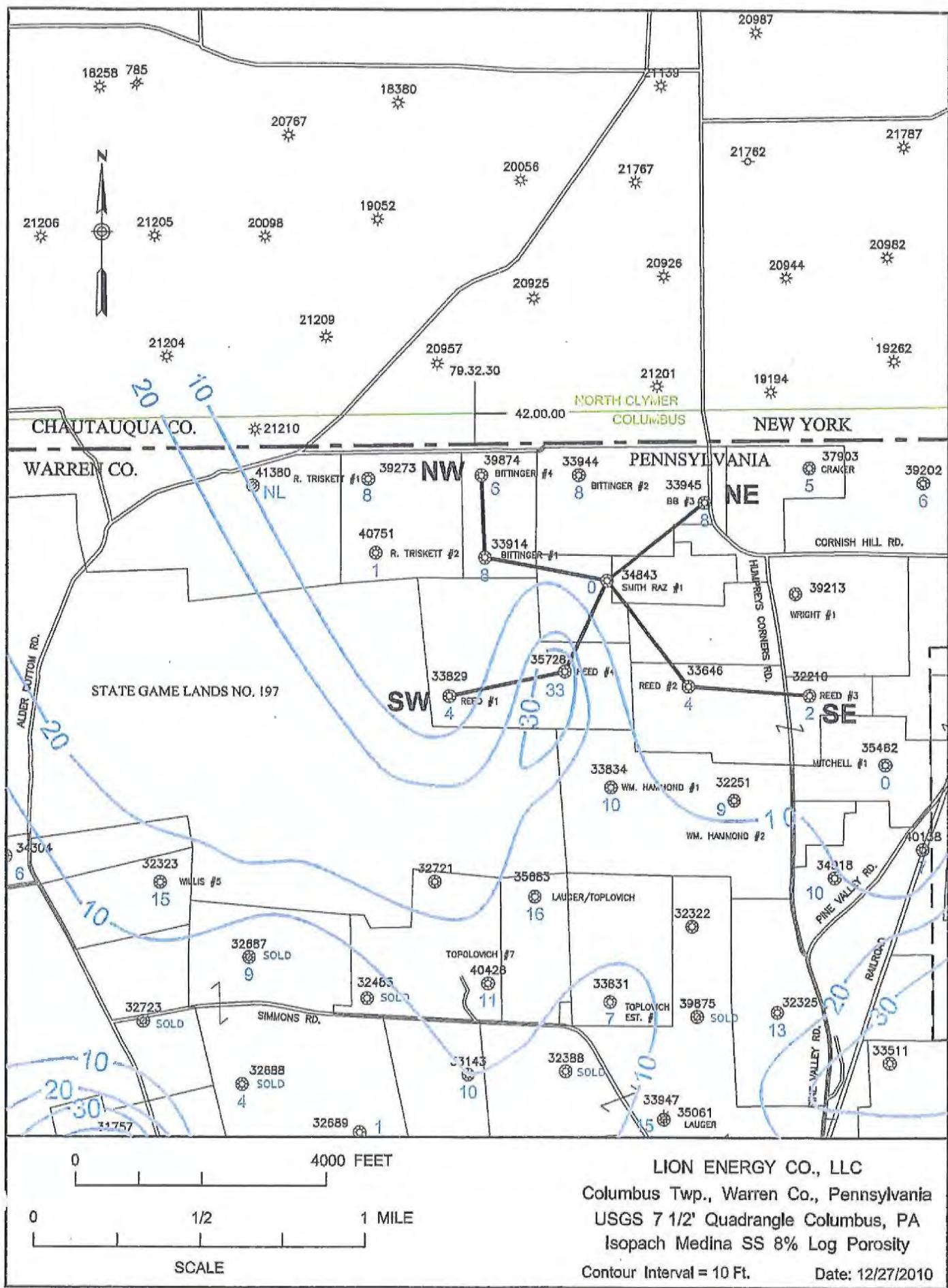
ER-DG-41 Rev. 10/82
(pg 2)

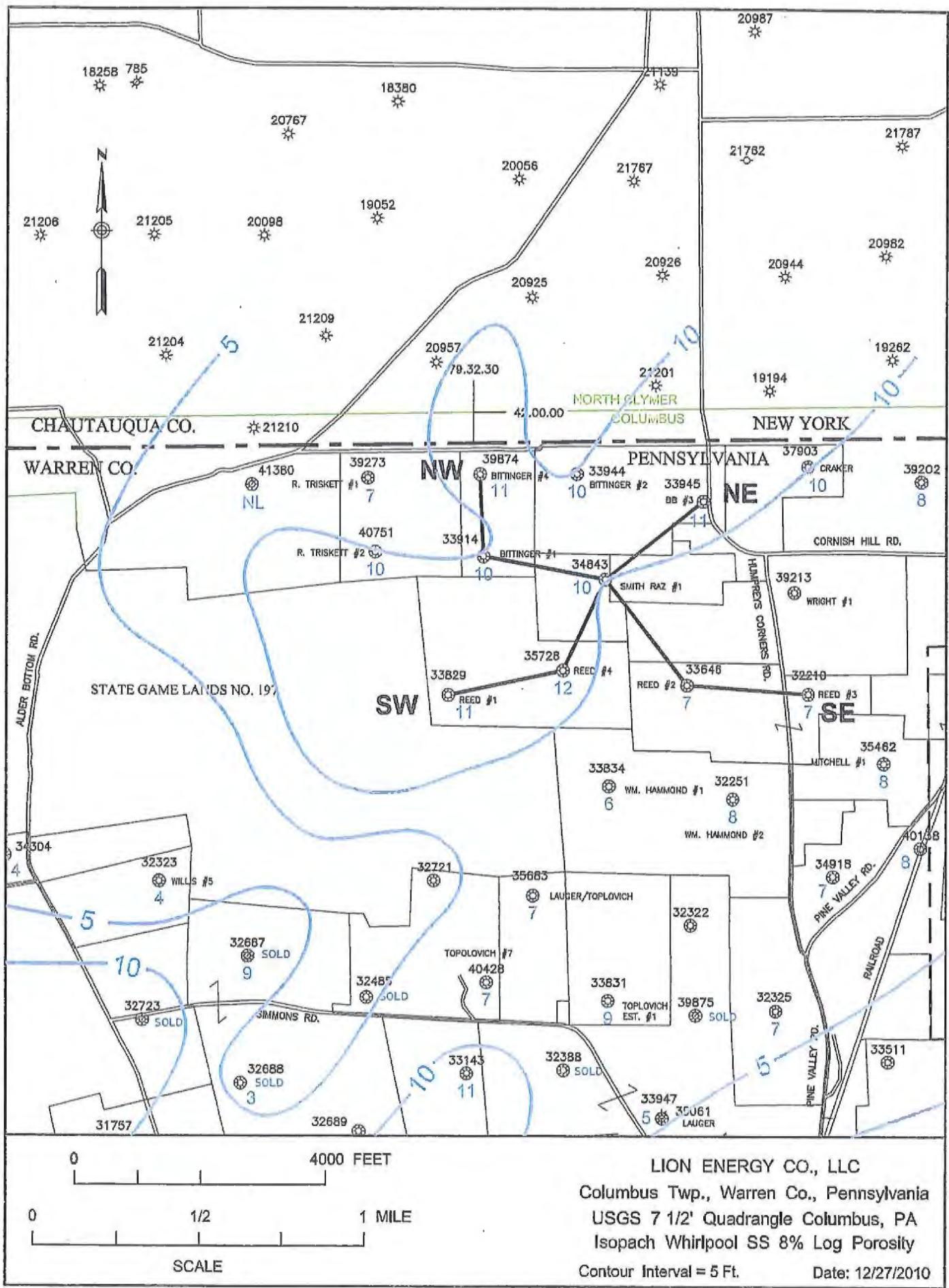
123-39874

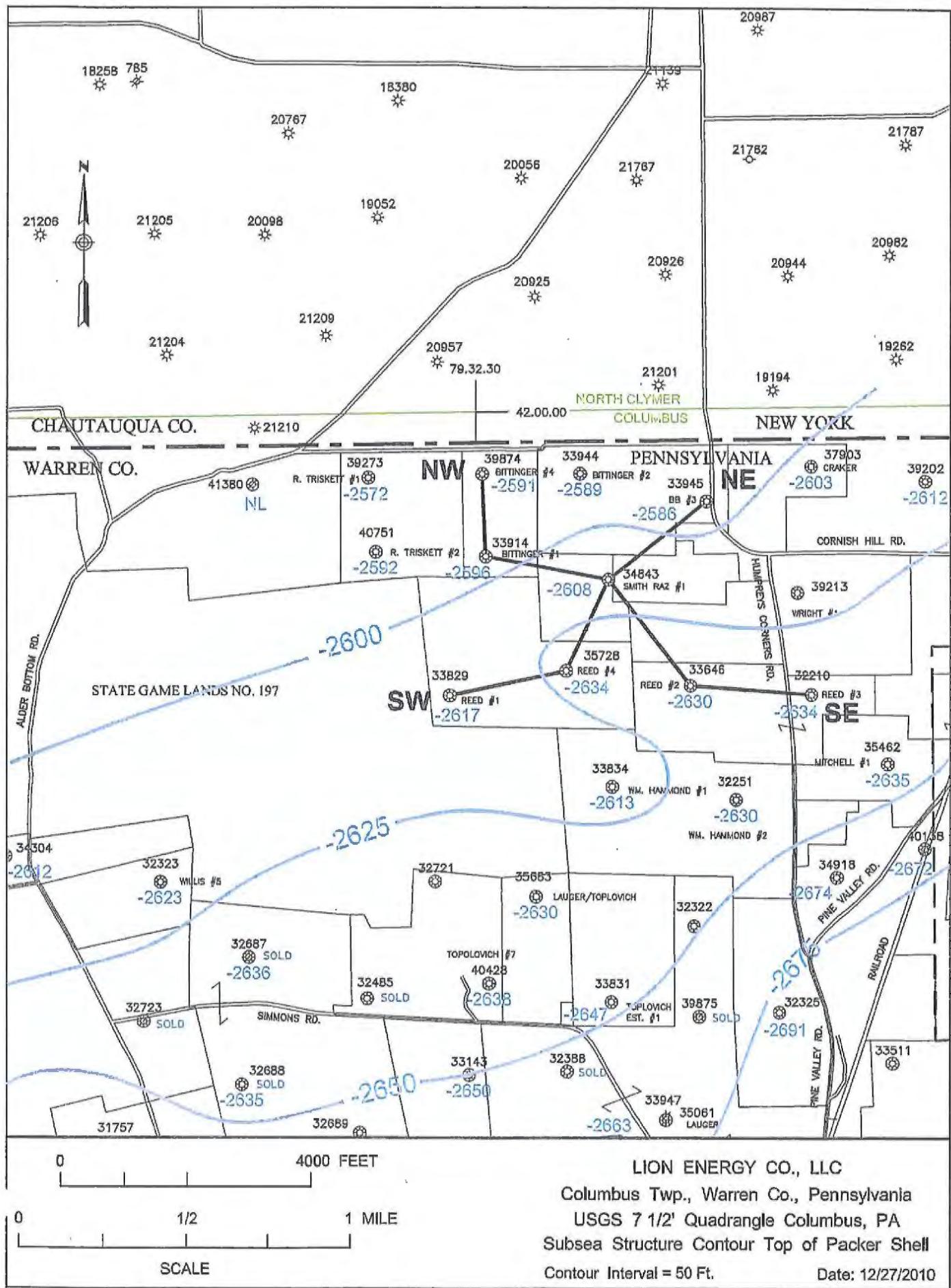
FORMATIONS						
NAME	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (MESH OR SALT WATER)	SOURCE OF DATA
Unconsolidated Gravel	0	18'				Driller's Record & Geophysical Logs
Devonian Shale	18'	2741'				
Tully Limestone	2741'	2840'				
Hamilton Shale	2840'	3010'				
Onondaga Limestone	3010'	3182'				
Bois Blanc	3182'	3211'				
Akron Dol	3211'	3292'				
Camillus	3292'	3366'				
Syracuse	3366'	3547'				
Salt	3547'	3896'				
Lockport Dol	3896'	4067'			Salt water	
Rochester Shale	4067'	4151'				
Packer Shell	4151'	4189'				
Grimsby Sandstone	4189'	4304'	Gas			
Power Glen Shale	4304'	4350'				
Whirlpool Sandstone	4350'	4367'	Gas			
Queenston Shale	4367'	4496'				
		T.D.				

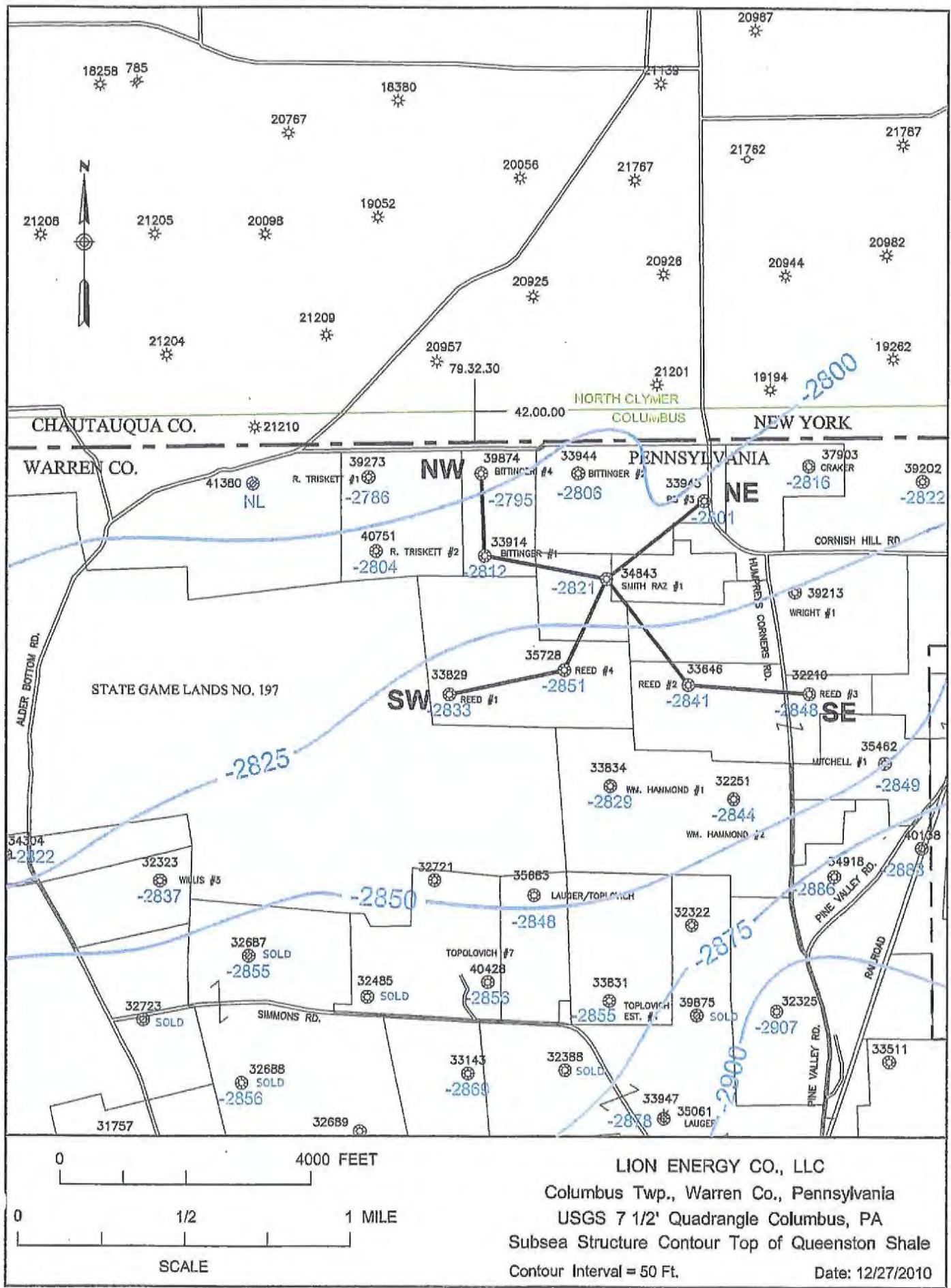
RECEIVED
August 30, 1987
DATE
Bartley / Hoyes
APPROVED BY
100% EXPLORED SURFACE
TITLE
C. P. Hoyes / M. J. Hoyes

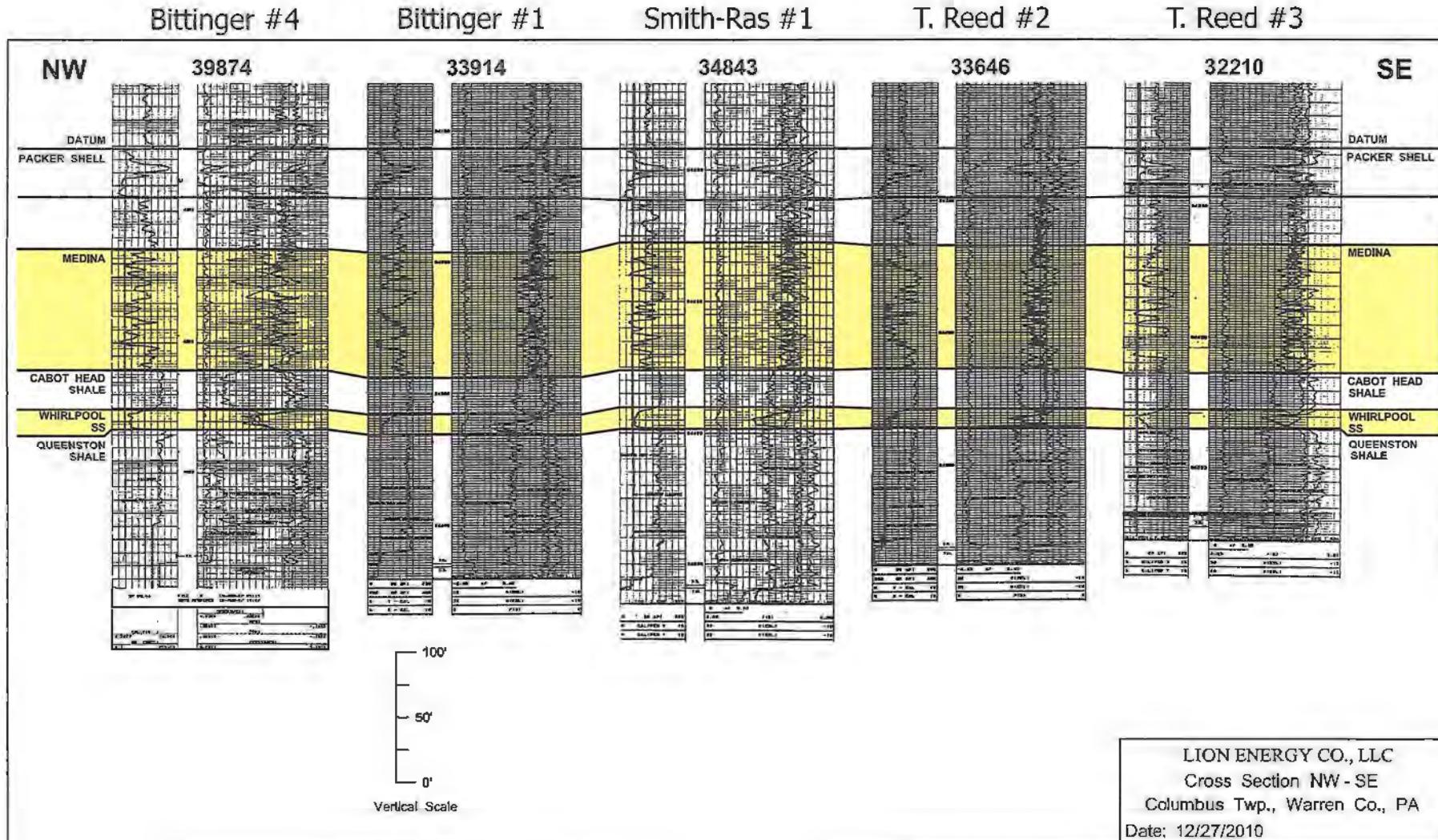
Appendix 2:
Cross-sections, Isopach and Structural Mapping
Bittinger SWD Site









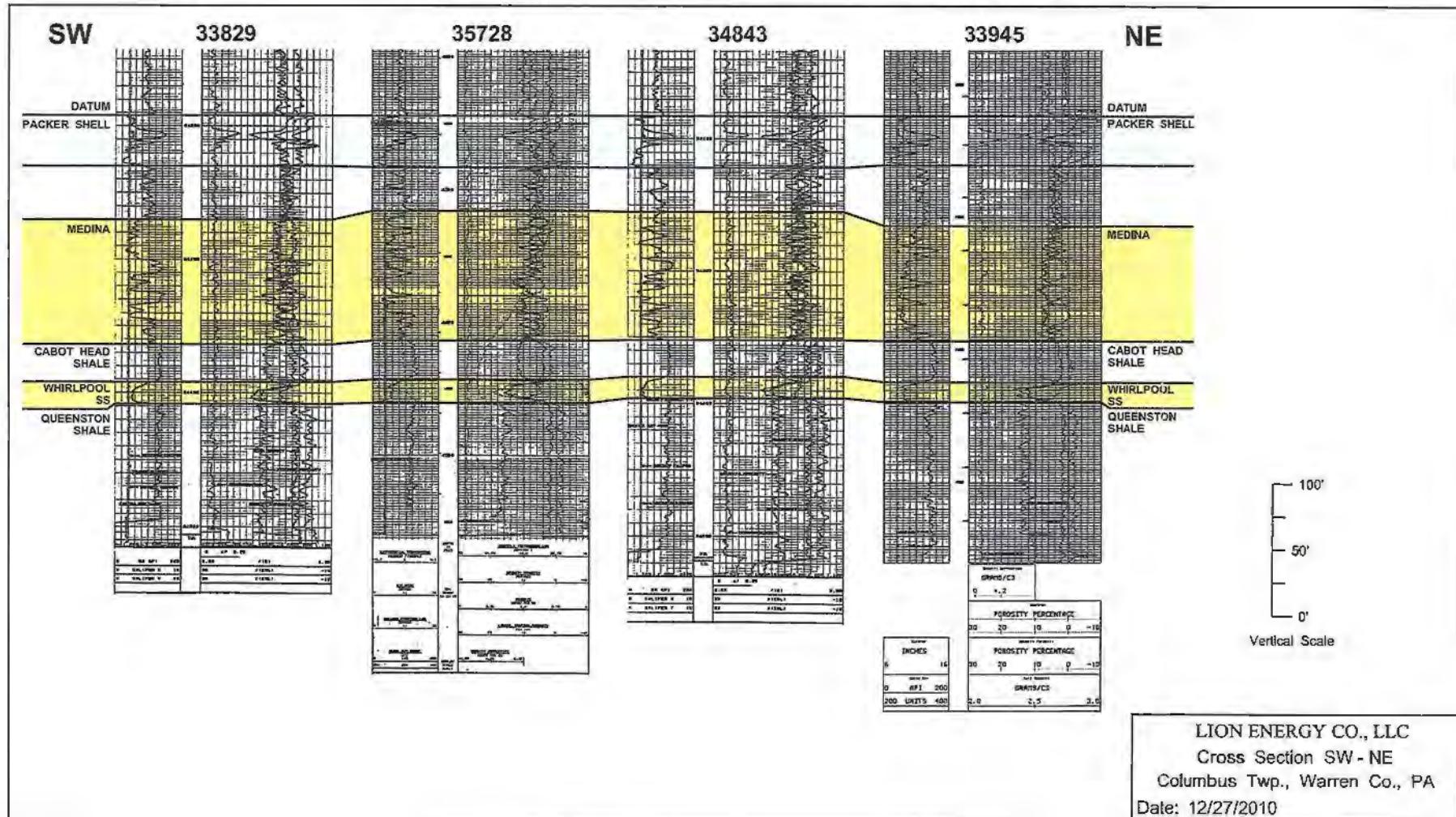


T. Reed #1

T. Reed #4

Smith-Ras #1

Bittinger #3



GEOLOGIC DATA
BITTINGER #3 COMPLETION RECORD

1450' 5 42° 00' 00"

For assistance in accessing this document, please contact: R3_UIC@PADEP.GOV

ER-CG-4 P-4 2/03

L
CC. DEWEY FIELD OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF OIL AND GAS REGULATION
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222123-33945
Columbus
Office Use Only

COMPUTERIZED

WELL RECORD

123-33945

PERMIT NO. MR-33945

PROJECT NO. DEEP

TYPE OF WELL

Gas

COLUMBUS FIELD, DEWEY CORNERS POOL

DEV

FACIL. OPERATOR U.S. Energy Development Corporation

TELEPHONE NO. 716-856-9764

ADDRESS 670 Statler Building, Buffalo, New York

ZIP 14202

FARM NAME	BITTINGER	FARM NO	SERIAL NO	ACRES
TOWNSHIP	Columbus	COUNTY	Warren	
DRILLING COMMENCED	10/16/84	DRILLING COMPLETED	10/19/84	
ELEVATION	1638' GL	quadrangle	Columbus	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 7 1/2' <input type="checkbox"/> 15'

CASING AND TUBING RECORD

PIPE SIZE	AMOUNT IN WELL	MATERIAL BEHIND PIPE		PACKER			DATE RUN
		CEMENT (5KBS)	GEL (5KBS)	TYPE	SIZE	DEPTH	
13 3/8"	38'						10/16/84
8 5/8"	405'	200					10/17/84
4 1/2"	4508'	225					10/20/84
		T.D.	D.D.	D.P.I.	Class	O G	Lease
		4334'			O	1	1
		OK					

PERFORATION RECORD

STIMULATION RECORD

DATE	INTERVAL PERFORATED		DATE	INTERVAL TREATED	AMOUNT FLUID	A. Q. UNT S4. ID	INJECTION RATE
	FROM	TO					
10/26/84	4321'	4334'	11/3/84	4321' - 4334'	1188 bbls	85000#/	27 BPM

NATURAL OPEN FLOW	NATURAL ROCK PRESSURE	HR
3000 BHP/ft ²	Net T-120	DAY
2,534 BHP/D	1225 PSI	72

RE TAPS
Driller's TD 4552'

Logger's TD 4566'

MEDINA

RECEIVED

(FORMATION ON REVERSE SIDE)

JUL 12 1986

130
1-15-KSPA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
(Oil & Gas Geology Division)

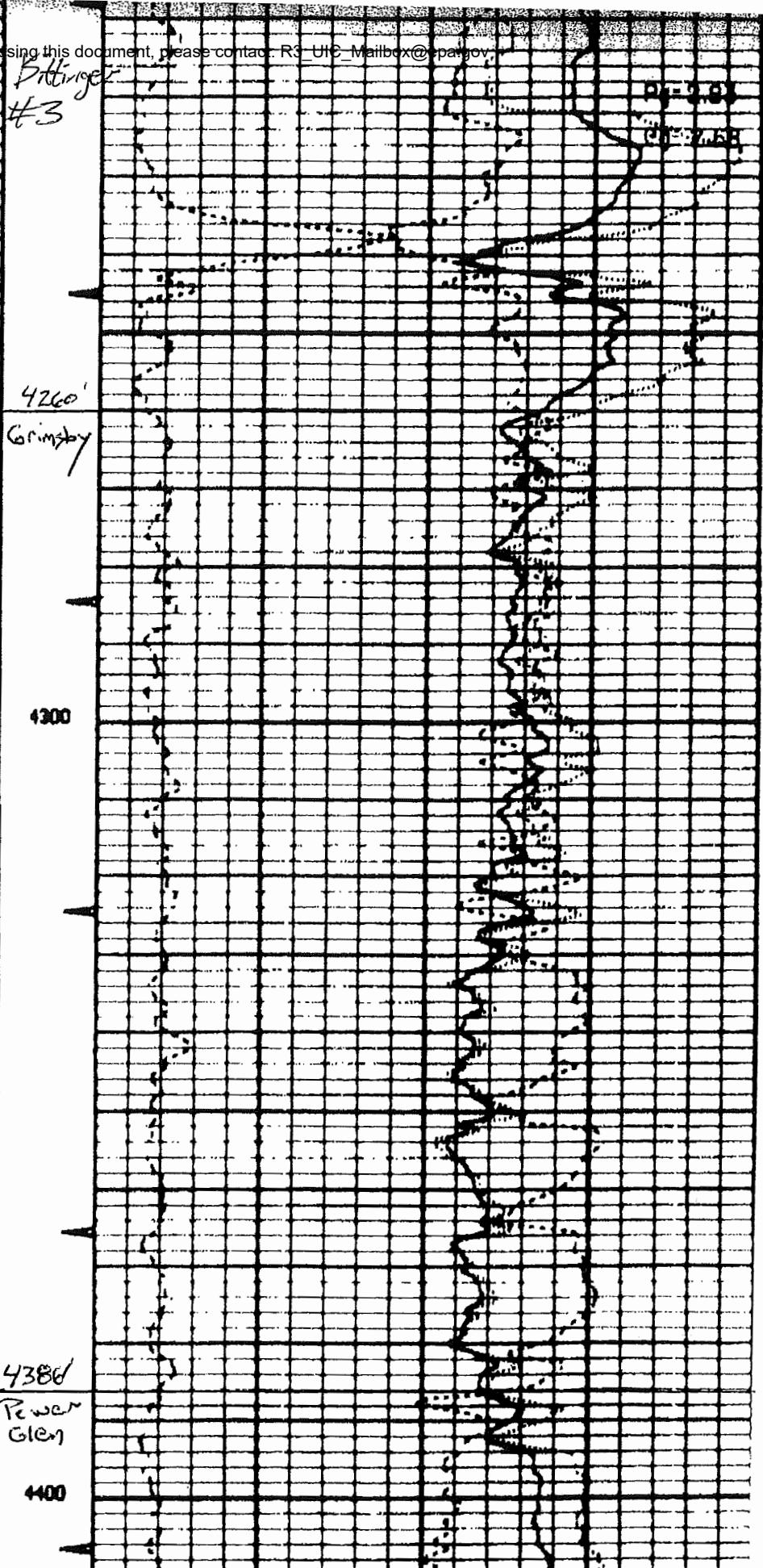
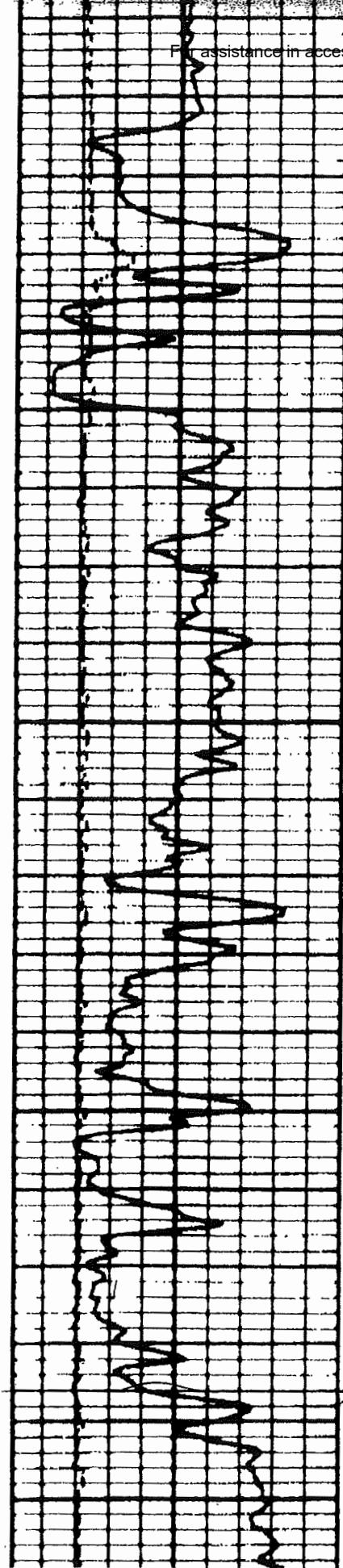
FORMATIONS

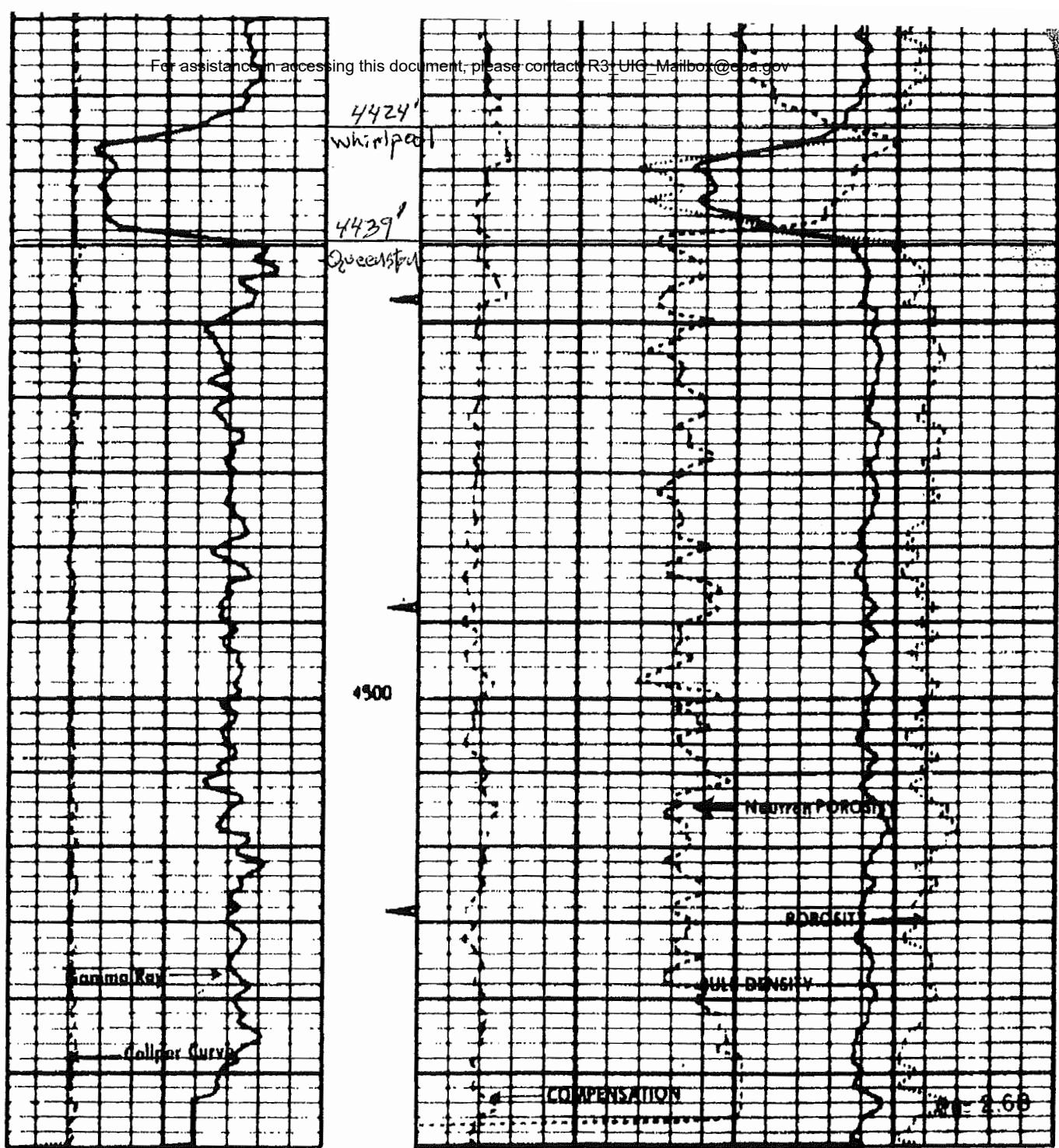
NAME	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (FRESH OR SALT WATER)	SOURCE OF DATA
Unconsolidated Gravel	0'	30'			Fresh at 60'	Driller's records and geophysical logs
Devonian Shales	30'	2816'				
"Tully" LS	2816'	2926'				
Hamilton Shale	2926'	3097'				
Onondaga	3097'	3256'				
Unconformity Interval	3256'	3285'				
Akron-Bertie	3285'	3370'				
Camillus	3370'	3442'				
Syracuse	3442'	3641'				
Salt Zone	3637'	3828'				
Vernon	3641'	3900'				
Lockport	3900'	4108'			Salt at 4070'	
Rochester	4108'	4224'				
Condequoit-Reynales	4224'	4260'				
Grimsby	4260'	4386'				
Power Glen	4386'	4424'				
Whirlpool	4424'	4439'				
Queenston	4439'	TD				
	4556					

November 20, 1984
DATE*Douglas K. Walsh*
APPROVED BYDouglas K. Walsh, Geophysicist
TITLE

Dollinger

#3





GEOLOGIC DATA

MAXIMUM INJECTION PRESSURE CALCULATIONS

Maximum Injection Pressure (MIP) Calculations for Bear Lake Properties Bittinger #3 Well
Warren County, PA

1) Frac Gradient (FG) Based on Nearby Smith- Ras #1 Well

$$FG = [ISIP + (.433 \times SG \times D)] / D$$

Where:

ISIP = 2200 psi

SG = 1.0 (frac fluid)

D = 4391

Well	ISIP (psi)	Hydrostatic Factor (psi/ft)	SG	D (ft)	Fracture Gradient (psi/ft)
Smith/Ras #1	2200	0.433	1	4391	0.934

2) Maximum Injection Pressure (MIP) Calculation for Bittinger #3 Well Using FG from Smith-Ras #1 Frac

$$MIP = [FG - (.433 \times SG)] \times D$$

FG = 0.934

SG = 1.218 (brine)

Depth:

Medina Top 4260

Bittinger #3	-	Hydrostatic Factor (psi/ft)	SG	D (ft)	Fracture Gradient (psi/ft)	MIP (Surface)
		0.433	1.218	4260	0.934	1732

GEOLOGIC DATA

SMITH - RAS #1 WELL DATA

FORMATIONS						
NAME	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (FRESH OR SALT WATER)	SOURCE OF
Unconsolidated Gravel	0'	120'			Fresh @ 105'	Drillers records and geophysical logs
Devonian Shale	120'	2768'				
"Tully" Limestone	2768'	2877'				
Hamilton Shales	2877'	3049'				
Onondaga	3049'	3218'				
Unconformity Interval	3218'	3233'				
Akron-Bertie	3233'	3317'				
Camillus	3317'	3389'				
Syracuse	3389'	3597'				
Vernon	3597'	3861'				
Salt Zone	3579'	3785'				
Lockport	3861'	4065'			Salt @ 3910'	
Rochester	4065'	4184'				
Irondequoit-Reynales	4184'	4222'				
Grimesby	4222'	4351'				
Power Glen	4351'	4383'				
Whirlpool	4383'	4396'				
Queenston	4396'	TD				
TD	4516'					

July 17, 1984
DATE

Douglas K. Welch
APPROVED BY

Douglas K. Welch, Geophysicist
TITLE

PERFORATION RECORD

Company K. L. McCollough Formation Wet Date 6/24/84
Pumped in 500 gal. acid and 500 gal. water, ran Gamma Ray and collar log.
PBTD 4487 ft. Perf. as follows:

4279 = 5316 w/ shots = 4387 = 4381 w/ shots
 4304 = 4318 w/ shots = 4309 = w/ shots
 4306 = 4336 w/ shots = 4391 = w/ shots

Size of shots 42 Total Shots 10

ERIC JOE

Company Dowell Schlumberger Date 6/27/84
Loaded hole. Broke formation @ 7100 ft Back to 950 ft. Pumped in 500 gals.
1st incl. Acid @ 20 BPM @ 3300 ft, waited 5 min. & fraced as follows:

BBLS./ gal.	# Per Gal.	SAND Size	BPM	Press.
------------------------	---------------	--------------	-----	--------

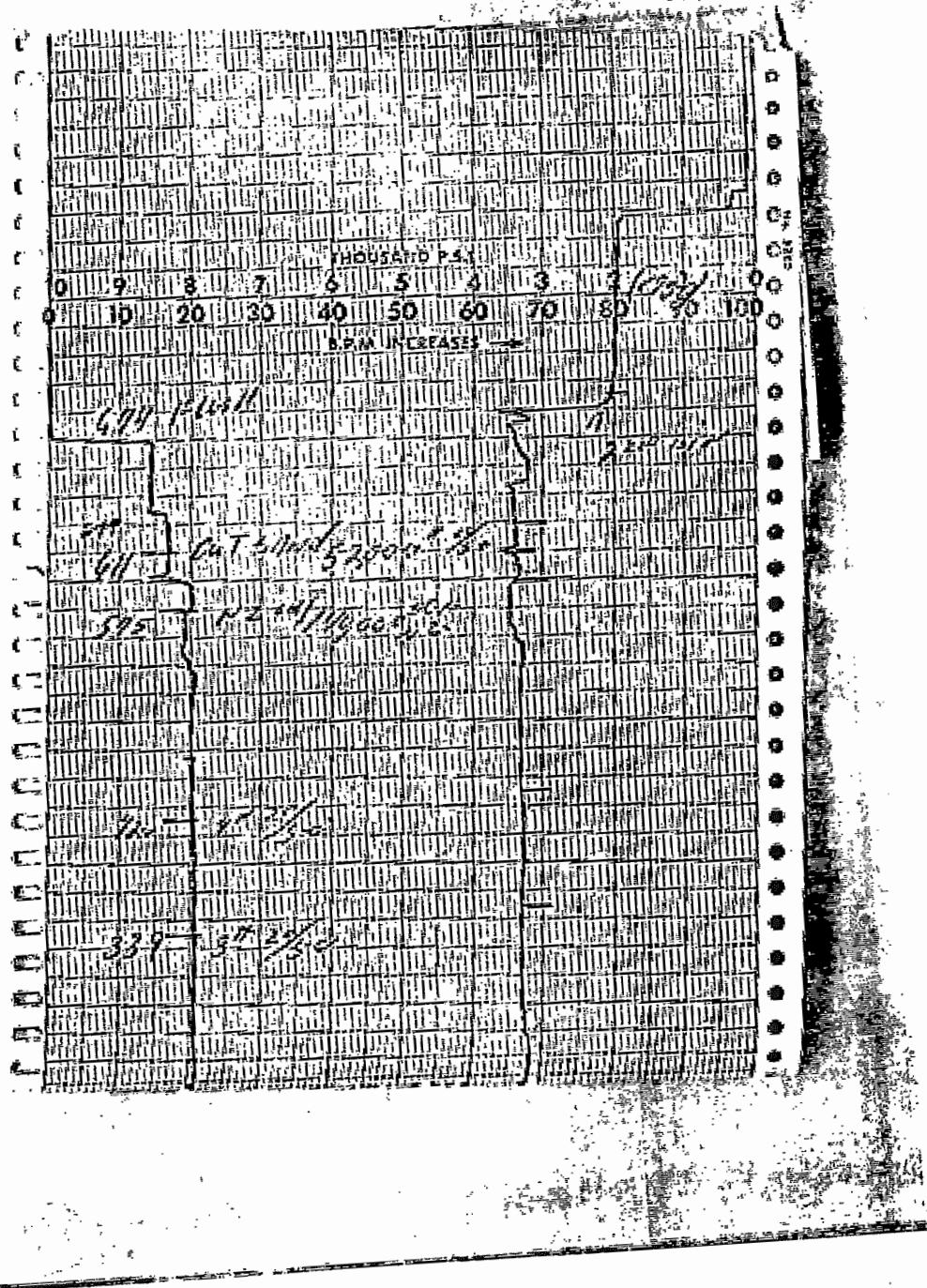
1.	0-164		PAD	---	94	3400
2.	144-335		24	20/50	21	3350
3.	335-420		39	20/50	21	3250
4.	420-513		48	20/50	20	3500
5.	513-603		Flush	---	14.5	3500
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						
11.						
12.						
13.						
14.						
15.						
16.						
17.						
18.						
19.						
20.						
	ISIP 3200	#	5' MIN.	1950	#	Job complete 12:36 P.M.

Open to pit 1:16 P.M. Flowed back 24 hrs. Total water 675 bbls.
52,000 # 20/63 & - - - # 80/100. Avg. pump rate 21 BPM @ 3300 ft Pres
HHP used 1734. Nitrogen used 140,000 cu ft.

REMARKS: At 340 BBLs cut R, due to high pressure - at 611 BBLs cut sand due to high pressure - well screened off - 4 BBLs short of flesh to serve.

W.H. Johnson

7-6-84



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

DOWEEL
DOWEEL DIVISION OF DOW CHEMICAL U.S.A.

RECORDED SERVICE

TREATMENT NO. 6171-744
TYPE OF SERVICE WF 30 gal
SERIAL NO. 2
DATE 6/29/74

<u>Mr. S. 11/21/74</u>	<u>W. Smith 6/29/74</u>
<u>W. C. 6/29/74</u>	<u>D. Jones</u>
<u>Time of 5:20 a.m. to 7:20 a.m., Sat. July 14, 1973</u>	
<u>15-6014-4512-3-4-16-25-3-150734</u>	

GEOLOGIC DATA
MEDINA GAS PRODUCTION SUMMARY

Permit	Company	Year	Product	Quantity (MCF)	Brine	Days	County	Municipality	Farm_Name	Farm_Well_No	Field	Pool	Completion Date
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1984	GAS	5,812		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1985	GAS	22,275		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1986	GAS	30,101		336	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1987	GAS	23,479		336	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1988	GAS	47,976		347	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1989	GAS	50,332		352	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1990	GAS	39,609		346	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1991	GAS	21,121		347	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1992	GAS	6,351		323	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1993	GAS	3,039		339	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	BRINE		22	319	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	GAS	1,402		366	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2000	GAS	698		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2001	GAS	67		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	GAS	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	OIL	0		31	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2002	GAS	5		334	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2003	GAS	701		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2004	GAS	718		334	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2005	GAS	670		334	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2006	GAS	374		334	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	TRINITY ENERGY CORP	2007	GAS	102		122	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2008	GAS	193		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
123-33944	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2009	GAS	30		30	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Jan-84
		Total		255,055		22							

Permit	Company	Year	Product	Quantity	Days	County	Municipality	Farm_Name	Farm_Well_No	Field	Pool	Completion Date	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1986	GAS	32,248	336	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1987	GAS	36,330	336	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1988	GAS	48,995	345	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1989	GAS	42,806	332	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1990	GAS	26,642	343	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1991	GAS	13,848	347	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1992	GAS	5,278	315	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1993	GAS	4,826	360	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84	
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	BRINE		73	363	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	GAS	1,810		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2001	GAS	66		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	GAS	40		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	OIL	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2005	GAS	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2005	OIL	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2006	GAS	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2006	OIL	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2008	GAS	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
123-33945	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2008	OIL	0		0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	3	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	19-Oct-84
		Total		212,890		73							

Permit	Company	Year	Product	Quantity	Days	County	Municipality	Farm_Name	Farm_Well_No	Field	Pool	Completion Date
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1985	GAS	23,500	0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84

123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1986	GAS	29,581	308	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1987	GAS	26,012	322	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1988	GAS	34,866	307	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1989	GAS	60,104	352	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1990	GAS	29,211	335	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1991	GAS	6,338	293	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1992	GAS	3,309	321	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1993	GAS	1,474	165	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2000	GAS	519	240	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2001	GAS	1,166	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2001	GAS	15	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2002	GAS	684	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2003	GAS	527	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2004	GAS	1,073	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2005	GAS	1,485	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2006	BRINE	5	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84	
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2006	GAS		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2007	BRINE		WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84	
123-39273	US ENERGY DEV CORP	2007	GAS		240	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2008	GAS	201	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
123-39273	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2009	GAS	596	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R TRISKET	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	14-Dec-84
		Total		222,127	10							

Permit	Company	Year	Product	Quantity	Days	County	Municipality	Farm_Name	Farm_Well_No	Field	Pool	Completion Date
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1987	GAS	11,653	112	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1988	GAS	100,800	352	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1989	GAS	100,330	355	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1990	GAS	60,844	342	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1991	GAS	35,401	324	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1992	GAS	13,041	315	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1993	GAS	6,946	360	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	BRINE	137	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87	
123-39874	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	GAS		361	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2000	GAS		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2001	GAS		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	GAS		273	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	OIL	0	0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2003	GAS	5	62	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2004	GAS	79	242	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2005	GAS	308	214	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	TRINITY ENERGY CORP	2007	GAS	32	122	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2008	BRINE	38	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87	
123-39874	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2008	GAS		365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
123-39874	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2009	GAS		180	WARREN	COLUMBUS	BITTINGER	4	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	20-Aug-87
		Total		336,487	175							

Permit	Company	Year	Product	Quantity	Days	County	Municipality	Farm_Name	Farm_Well_No	Field	Pool	Completion Date
123-40751	US ENERGY EXPLORATION CORP	1990	GAS	41,981	315	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1991	GAS	47,292	357	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	US ENERGY OEV CORP	1992	GAS	25,943	322	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1993	GAS	17,584	359	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90

123-40751	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	BRINE	137	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90	
123-40751	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	GAS	19,177	363	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2000	BRINE	5	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90	
123-40751	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2000	GAS	5,514	366	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2001	BRINE	17	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90	
123-40751	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2001	GAS	4,531	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	GAS	2,340	273	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	OIL	0	0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2002	GAS	205	31	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2003	BRINE	45	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2003	GAS	1,594	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2004	GAS	1,422	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2005	GAS	1,554	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2006	GAS	1,414	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	TRINITY ENERGY CORP	2007	GAS	278	122	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2008	GAS	869	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
123-40751	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2009	GAS	1,506	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	R. TRISKET	2	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	5-Jan-90
		Total		173,205	204							

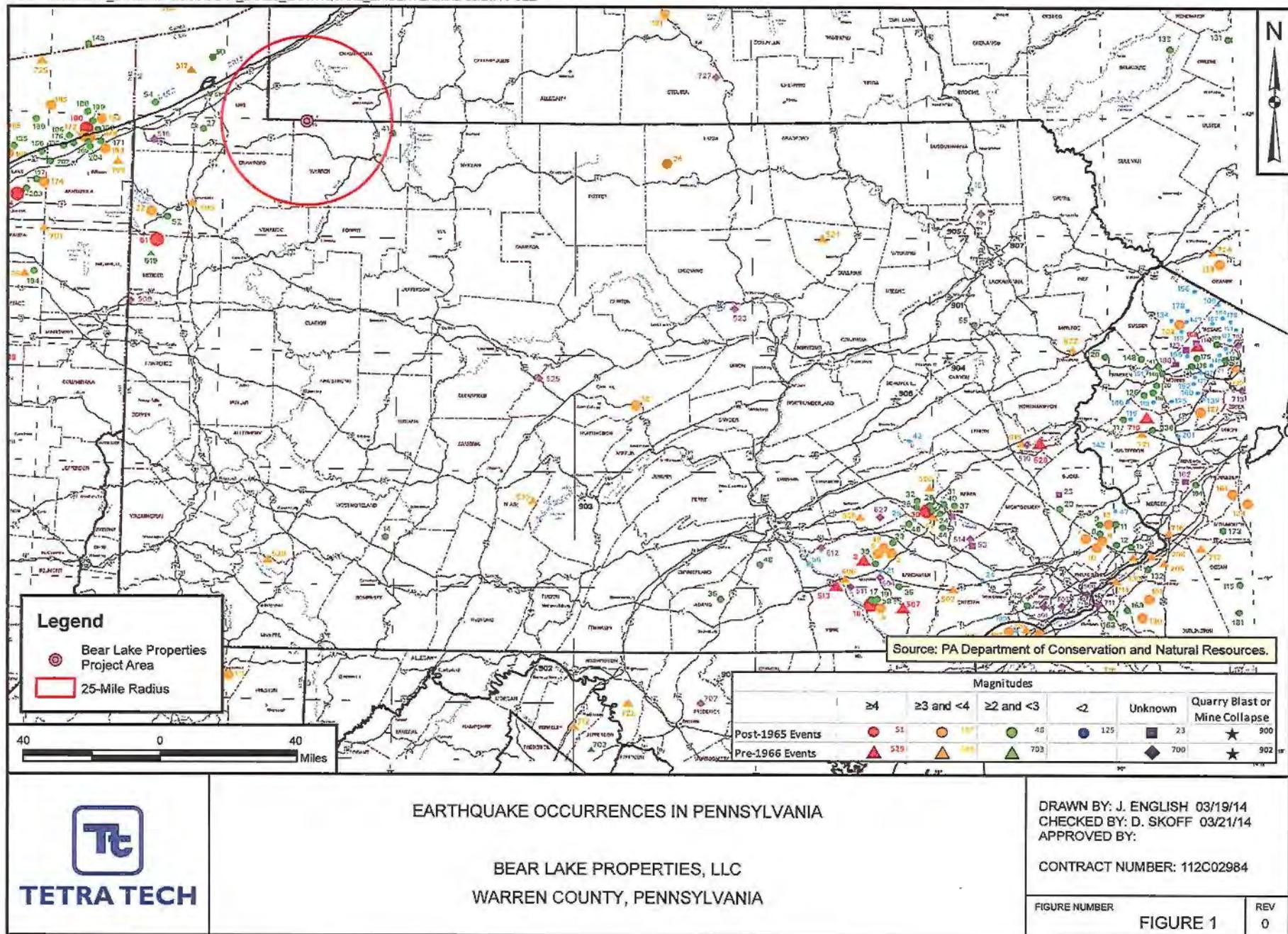
Permit	Company	Year	Product	Quantity	Days	County	Municipality	Farm_Name	Farm_Well_No	Field	Pool	Completion Date
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1985	GAS	17,683	0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1986	GAS	31,402	336	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1987	GAS	29,357	322	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1988	GAS	50,639	338	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1989	GAS	52,016	344	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1990	GAS	21,148	330	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1991	GAS	8,423	327	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1992	GAS	1,513	291	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1993	GAS	2,088	268	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	GAS	1,781	363	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2008	GAS	270	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
123-34843	LION ENERGY CO LLC	2009	GAS	644	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	SMITH- RAS	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	26-Mar-84
		Total		216,965								

123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1984	GAS	5893	0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1985	GAS	14431.49	0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1986	GAS	44172.28	336	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1987	GAS	21594.73	336	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1988	GAS	51243.65	356	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1989	GAS	67741.18	364	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1990	GAS	66748.67	352	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1991	GAS	38209	350	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1992	GAS	13492	320	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1993	GAS	6206	352	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	US ENERGY DEV CORP	1994	GAS	2570	341	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2000	GAS	559	366	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2001	GAS	438	365	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	GAS	372	273	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	BELDEN & BLAKE CORP	2002	OIL	0	0	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2002	GAS	46	31	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83
123-33914	RANGE RESOURCES APPALACHIA LLC	2003	GAS	257.85	182	WARREN	COLUMBUS	JOSEPH BITTINGER	1	COLUMBUS	DEWEY CORNERS	29-Dec-83

For assistance in accessing this document, please contact: R3_UIC_Mailbox@epa.gov

GEOLOGIC DATA
EARTHQUAKE EPICENTERS MAP (PA DCNR)

PGH P:\GIS\BEAR_LAKE\MAPDOCS\BEAR_LAKES_EARTHQUAKE_EPICENTER.MXD 03/21/14 JEE



Section 6 – Operating Data

Section 6 - Operating Data

The proposed commercial brine disposal well will primarily be utilized to inject produced and flowback water from wells completed in the Marcellus Shale, the Medina Group and other natural gas and oil producing formations. Other oil and gas related wastewaters associated with the production of oil and natural gas or natural gas storage operations, which are approved by EPA for injection under a UIC Class II D injection well, may also be injected. According to Title 40 Chapter I Sec. 144.6 (b)(1), such fluids include those "Which are brought to the surface in connection with natural gas storage operations, or conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection."

Injection Rate

Injection rate and pressure data collected to date for the nearby Bittinger #4 permitted brine disposal well indicate the well is capable of a sustainable injection rate of approximately 1,000 bbls/day while operating within the maximum injection pressure permit limit. This is consistent with the permitted injection volume of 30,000 bbls/month for this well. (The 2014 Annual Disposal/Injection Well Monitoring Report for Bittinger #4 is attached.) Considering the proximity of the Bittinger #3 well to the Bittinger #4 well (which is located approximately 0.5 mile to the west) and the similarity in the injection interval based on log analysis, it is anticipated that the Bittinger #3 well can also be operated at this injection rate while staying below the proposed MIP. (Please see the attached Billman Geologic Consultants report and included geologic cross-sections.) An injection rate of 30,000 bbls/month is therefore also proposed for the Bittinger #3 well.

Maximum Allowable Surface Injection Pressure (MASIP) and Average Surface Injection Pressure

MASIP calculations based on EPA approved equations are included in the "Geologic Data" section of this application. Based on these calculations, the proposed MASIP is 1732 psi. It is estimated that the average surface injection pressure will be approximately 1000 psi.

Laboratory Analysis of Injection Fluid Samples

Laboratory analytical results for samples representative of the types of brine which will be injected into the proposed injection well are attached. Samples were collected from produced water generated from gas wells in the vicinity of the injection well as well as Marcellus brine from a brine processing facility.

Monitoring of Injection Fluid Samples and Well

The following identifies the UIC Class II underground injection well regulatory requirements and operational procedures which will be conducted to meet the subject requirements:

- 1. Monitoring of the nature of injected fluids at time intervals sufficiently frequent to yield data representative of their characteristics.** An initial sample of fluid will be collected and analyzed from initial loads proposed for disposal from new disposal customers. In addition, samples will be collected for analysis from new types of sources (e.g., from different geologic formations, geographic regions, etc.) which would be expected to differ significantly from brine previously characterized for disposal at the facility. Samples will be analyzed for the following parameters at a minimum: specific gravity, total dissolved solids and pH.
- 2. Observation of injection pressure, flow rate, and cumulative volume at least weekly based on the regulatory requirements for produced fluid disposal operations.** Injection pressures,

annular pressure, injection rate, and cumulative volume will be continuously monitored and recorded electronically.

3. **A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to 40 CFR Sec. 146.8 at least once every two years during the life of the injection well.** A mechanical integrity test will be performed prior to initiating injection and at least once every two years.
4. **Maintenance of the results of all monitoring until the next permit review.** All monitoring records will be maintained throughout the life of the well.

Reporting requirements consist of the following:

An annual report will be submitted to EPA summarizing the results of the required monitoring, including monthly records of injected fluids, and any major changes in characteristics or sources of injected fluid.

Proposed Annulus Fluid

The proposed annulus fluid for the proposed injection well will consist of fresh water and a water soluble corrosion inhibitor. The corrosion inhibitor will be mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations then loaded into the well annulus prior to conducting injection operations. Product information for the type of corrosion inhibitor which will be utilized is attached. A similar type product may be used instead of the example product referenced.

Facility Layout and Operation

The attached drawing shows the following elements of the existing Bear Lake Properties brine disposal well facility including the recently permitted and constructed brine storage area. The brine storage facility was permitted as a residual waste transfer facility under PADEP residual waste regulations. The following key elements of the brine disposal facility are shown on the attached drawing:

- Existing permitted brine offloading facility located at the corner of State Route 4004 and State Line Road;
- The brine storage facility (located near the Bittinger #2 well) which is connected to the unloading area by underground double-walled piping; and,
- The three existing permitted UIC Class IID wells (Bittinger #1, #2 and #4) plus proposed UIC Class IID wells (Bittinger #3 and Smith-Ras Unit #1).

The brine storage facility has a capacity of 3,000 barrels and is anticipated to be operational during the First Quarter of 2015. A drawing showing details of the brine storage facility is attached.

Once the brine storage facility is operational, brine will be pumped from the offload station via the dual (secondary containment) pipeline to the storage tanks at the brine storage facility. The brine will then be pumped from the brine storage facility via high pressure dual (secondary containment) pipelines to the permitted brine disposal wells for injection.

The storage tanks in the brine storage area are located within a diked containment area with the containment area sized to account for the entire volume of the largest container, plus 10%. Automatic shut-off valves are incorporated into the tank design to prevent overflow during filling operations. The facility is surrounded by a fence having locking entrance and exit gates. A security camera is also strategically situated on the site.

OPERATING DATA

TYPICAL BRINE LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Microbac

®Microbac Laboratories, Inc.

BRADFORD DIVISION

P.O. BOX 489

BRADFORD

(814)368-6087

PA 16701

<http://www.microbac.com>CHEMISTRY • MICROBIOLOGY • FOOD SAFETY • CONSUMER PRODUCTS
WATER • AIR • WASTES • FOOD • PHARMACEUTICALS • NUTRACEUTICALS

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

KCS LENAPE RESOURCES CORP.
 9489 ALEXANDER ROAD
 ALEXANDER NY 14005
 Permit No H AUGER-Tepanich
 Cust P.O.

Date Reported 8/10/01
 Date Received 7/13/01
 Order No 9931-00207
 Invoice No 008010
 Cust # K011
 Sampled Date 7/09/01
 Sampled Time 00:00
 Sample Id

Subject: LION ENERGY - BRINE SAMPLE SUBMITTED 7/13/01

IMP	TEST	METHOD	RESULT	UNITS	DATE	TECH
-----	------	--------	--------	-------	------	------

LION ENERGY - BRINE SAMPLE

BY WT SALTS IN BRINE					7/23/01	ERI
CHLORIDE		33,600	MG/L		7/23/01	ERI
POTASSIUM		195,000	MG/L		7/23/01	ERI
MAGNESIUM		1910	MG/L		7/23/01	ERI
SODIUM		3330	MG/L		7/23/01	ERI
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		80,700	MG/L		7/23/01	ERI
CALCIUM CHLORIDE		1.216			7/23/01	ERI
SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.65	% BY WGT.		7/23/01	ERI
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE		16.82	% BY WGT.		7/23/01	ERI
MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE		0.30	% BY WGT.		7/23/01	ERI
TOTAL CHLORIDES		1.07	% BY WGT.		7/23/01	ERI
CALCIUM CHLORIDE		25.84	% BY WGT.		7/23/01	ERI
SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.776	LBS/GAL.		7/23/01	ERI
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE		1.307	LBS/GAL.		7/23/01	ERI
MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE		0.030	LBS/GAL.		7/23/01	ERI
TOTAL CHLORIDES		0.169	LBS/GAL.		7/23/01	ERI
WEIGHT OF 1 GALLON OF BRINE		2.62	LBS/GAL.		7/23/01	ERI
		10.15	LBS/GAL		7/23/01	ERI

ANALYSIS BY NYS LAB: 10121

$$S.G. = \frac{10.15 \text{ #/GAL}}{8.33 \text{ #/GAL}} = \underline{\underline{1.218}}$$

Certificate Of Analysis Continued On Next Page

Client Sample Results

Client: Bear Lake Properties, LLC
 Project/Site: Injection Well Permitting

TestAmerica Job ID: 180-17986-1

Client Sample ID: CW 011013

Lab Sample ID: 180-17986-1

Date Collected: 01/10/13 13:30

Matrix: Water

Date Received: 01/11/13 09:30

Method: 200.8 - Metals (ICP/MS) - Total Recoverable

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Barium	5200000	B	5000	44	ug/L		01/16/13 09:44	01/16/13 18:31	5
Iron	1600	J B	5000	230	ug/L		01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100
Magnesium	2300000	B	10000	200	ug/L		01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100
Manganese	10000	B	500	3.7	ug/L		01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100
Sodium	32000000	B	10000	270	ug/L		01/12/13 12:22	01/14/13 21:03	100

General Chemistry

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Chloride	130000		1000	200	mg/L			01/12/13 11:36	1000
Alkalinity	6.5	B	5.0	0.41	mg/L			01/14/13 08:06	1
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	6.5	B	5.0	0.41	mg/L			01/14/13 08:06	1
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	ND		5.0	0.41	mg/L			01/14/13 08:06	1
Hardness	74000		2500	770	mg/L			01/14/13 09:05	500
Total Dissolved Solids	200000		1000	1000	mg/L			01/11/13 14:39	1
Total Organic Carbon - Duplicates	63		40	7.5	mg/L			01/21/13 11:02	40

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	RL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
pH	6.23	HF	0.100	0.100	SU			01/15/13 09:50	1
Specific Conductance	440000		1600	1600	umhos/cm			01/11/13 18:45	1600
Total Solids	220000		10	10	mg/L			01/15/13 15:50	1

AQUACLEAR PRODUCT INFORMATION

608 Virginia Street East, Charleston, WV 25301-1139
1-800-419-3479 Fax: 304-246-2935



HOME PRODUCTS CONTACT RESOURCES ABOUT



Corrosion Inhibitor Sticks™

WHAT ARE CORROSION INHIBITOR STICKS™?

Corrosion Inhibitor Sticks™ are water soluble or oil soluble sticks that contain a blend of Imidazolines which have excellent filming characteristics and low emulsion tendencies. This unique blend gives effective corrosion control for most oil field corrosion problems.

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MIDGET	0.19 lb/stick	108/case	204/pail	216/chest

WHERE TO BUY

All good oil field supply stores carry Aqua-Clear, Inc. Corrosion Inhibitor Sticks™, but you can also buy direct from us.

Ordering Information

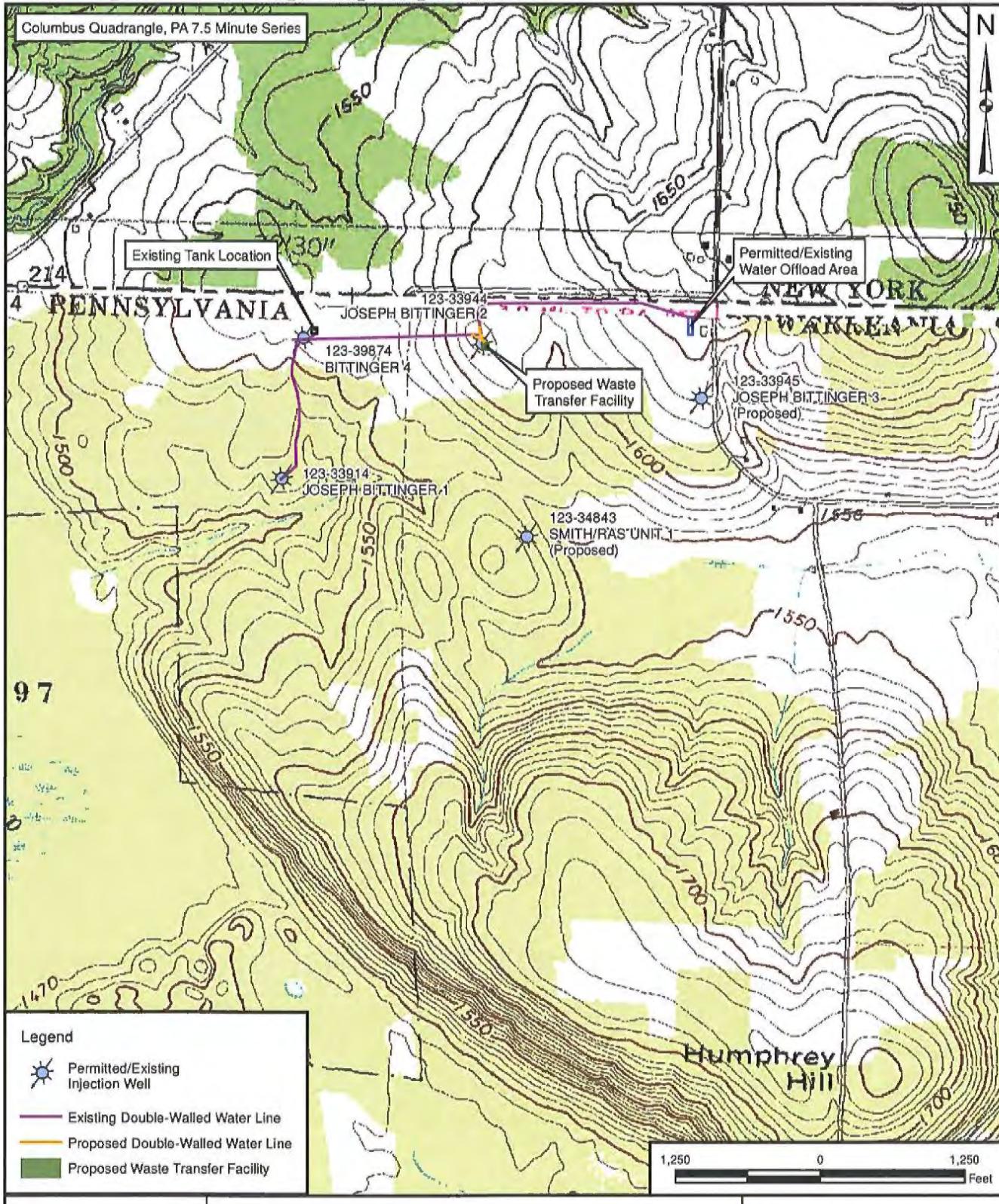
Should you wish to speak to a sales representative about any of our products, you can call or email Tommy Halloran Jr., Ronald "Buster" Wilson, or Russell Cook directly:

Tommy Halloran Jr.
W 304-343-4792
H 304-345-5152
C 304-546-8526
tom@aquaclear-inc.com

Ronald "Buster" Wilson
W 304-546-8518
H 304-965-7996
Fax 304-965-2713
buster@aquaclear-inc.com

Russell Cook
W 304-546-2940
H 304-842-7050
Fax 304-842-7050
russell@aquaclear-inc.com

OPERATING DATA
FACILITY LAYOUT SCHEMATIC



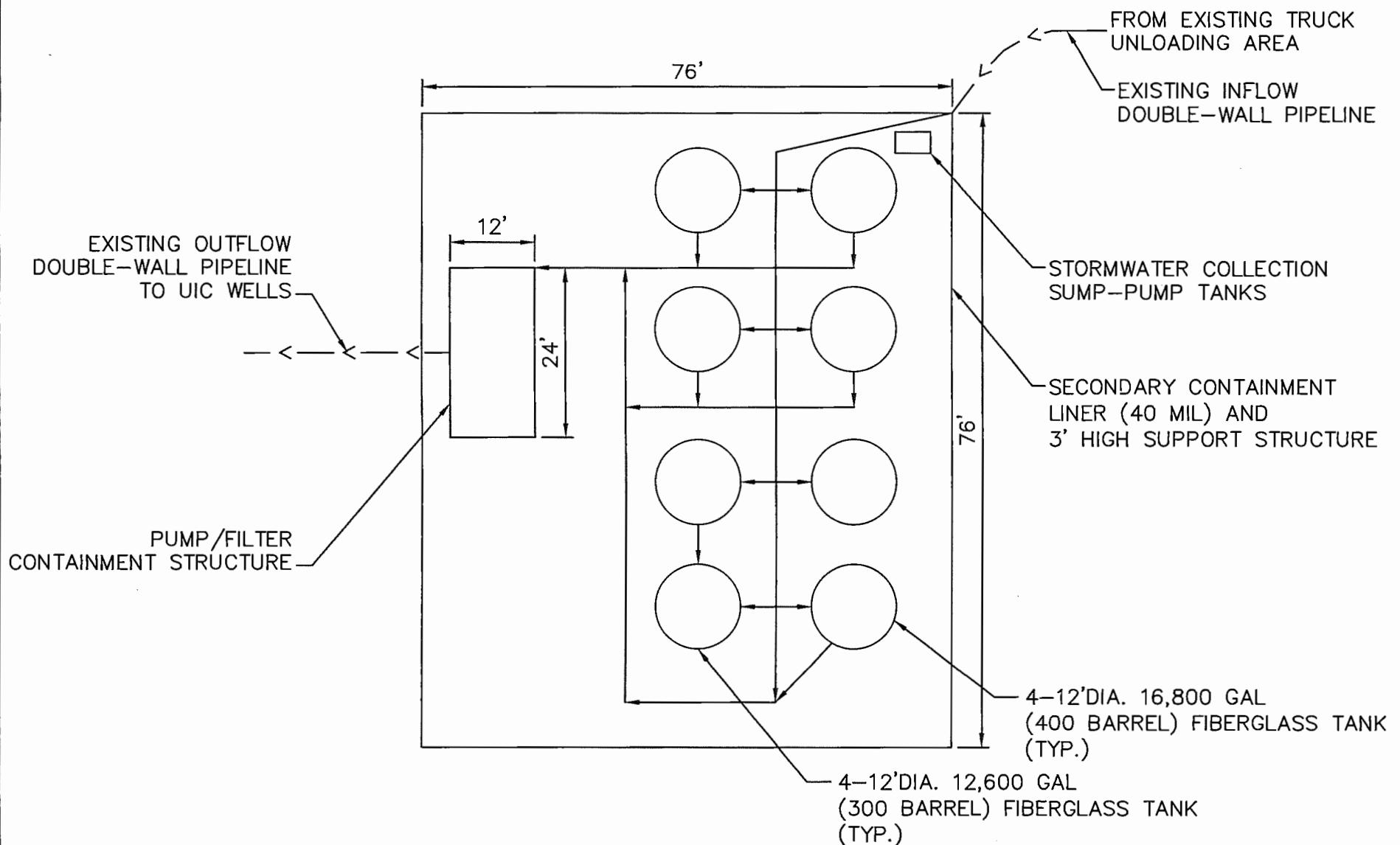
TETRA TECH

INJECTION FACILITY LAYOUT
JOSEPH BITTINGER 3 WELL
BEAR LAKE PROPERTIES, LLC
WARREN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

DRAWN BY: S. PAXTON 02/03/15
CHECKED BY: D. SKOFF 03/23/15
APPROVED BY:
CONTRACT NUMBER: 212C-PB-00103

FIGURE NUMBER

REV
0



TETRA TECH

WWW.TETRATECH.COM

661 ANDERSEN DRIVE – FOSTER PLAZA 7
PITTSBURGH, PA 15220
T: (412) 921-7090 | F: (412) 921-4040

BEAR LAKE PROPERTIES, LLC
COLUMBUS TOWNSHIP, WARREN COUNTY, PA
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
BEAR LAKE PROPERTIES
BRINE TRANSFER FACILITY

DATE:	10/28/13
PROJECT NO.:	112C05908
DESIGNED BY:	
DRAWN BY:	CK
CHECKED BY:	
SHEET:	1 OF 1
COPYRIGHT TETRA TECH INC.	
FORM 0-1	

OPERATING DATA

ANNUAL OPERATING DATA REPORTS



ANNUAL DISPOSAL/INJECTION WELL MONITORING REPORT

United States Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

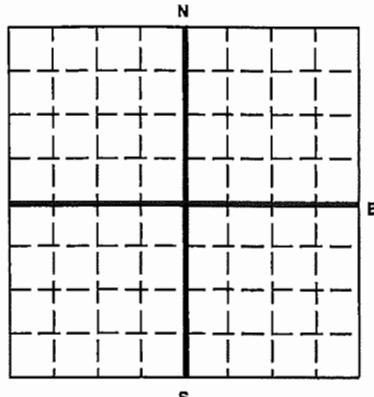
Name and Address of Existing Permittee

Bear Lake Properties, LLC
3000 Village Run Road, Unit 103, #223, Wexford, PA 15090

Name and Address of Surface Owner

Miles Sampsel
82530 Pangan Rd., Erie, PA 16509

Locate Well and Outline Unit on
Section Plat - 640 Acres



State

Pennsylvania

County

Warren

Permit Number

PAS2D215 BWAR

Surface Location Description

1/4 of 1/4 of 1/4 of 1/4 of Section Township Range

Locate well in two directions from nearest lines of quarter section and drilling unit

Surface

Location ft. frm (N/S) Line of quarter section
and ft. from (E/W) Line of quarter section.

WELL ACTIVITY

Brine Disposal
 Enhanced Recovery
 Hydrocarbon Storage

TYPE OF PERMIT

Individual
 Area
Number of Wells

Lease Name: Bittinger

Well Number: 4

TUBING -- CASING ANNULUS PRESSURE
(OPTIONAL MONITORING)

MONTH	YEAR	AVERAGE PSIG	MAXIMUM PSIG	BBL	MCF	MINIMUM PSIG	MAXIMUM PSIG
January-2014		1100	1440	8995		0	540
February-2014		960	1130	2716		0	0
March-2014		0	0	1474		0	0
April-2014		1200	1460	15395		0	120
May-2014		1500	1600	14586		80	120
June-2014		1550	1620	12803		80	100
July-2014		1300	1400	17838		80	100
August-2014		1380	1400	9316		80	100
September-2014		1540	1620	2434		50	150
October-2014		1580	1620	12338		60	180
November-2014		1580	1620	9840		80	200
December-2014		1590	1620	8559		80	200

Certification

I certify under the penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. (Ref. 40 CFR 144.32)

Name and Official Title (Please type or print)	Signature	Date Signed
John C. Holko, Vice President		01/29/15

OPERATING DATA
TYPICAL CORROSION INHIBITOR

AQUACLEAR PRODUCT INFORMATION

608 Virginia Street East, Charleston, WV 25301-3199
(304) 343-4792 Fax (304) 345-3755



HOME PRODUCTS CONTACT RESOURCES ABOUT



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W 304-343-4792
H 304-345-5152
C 304-546-8526
tom@aquaclear-inc.com

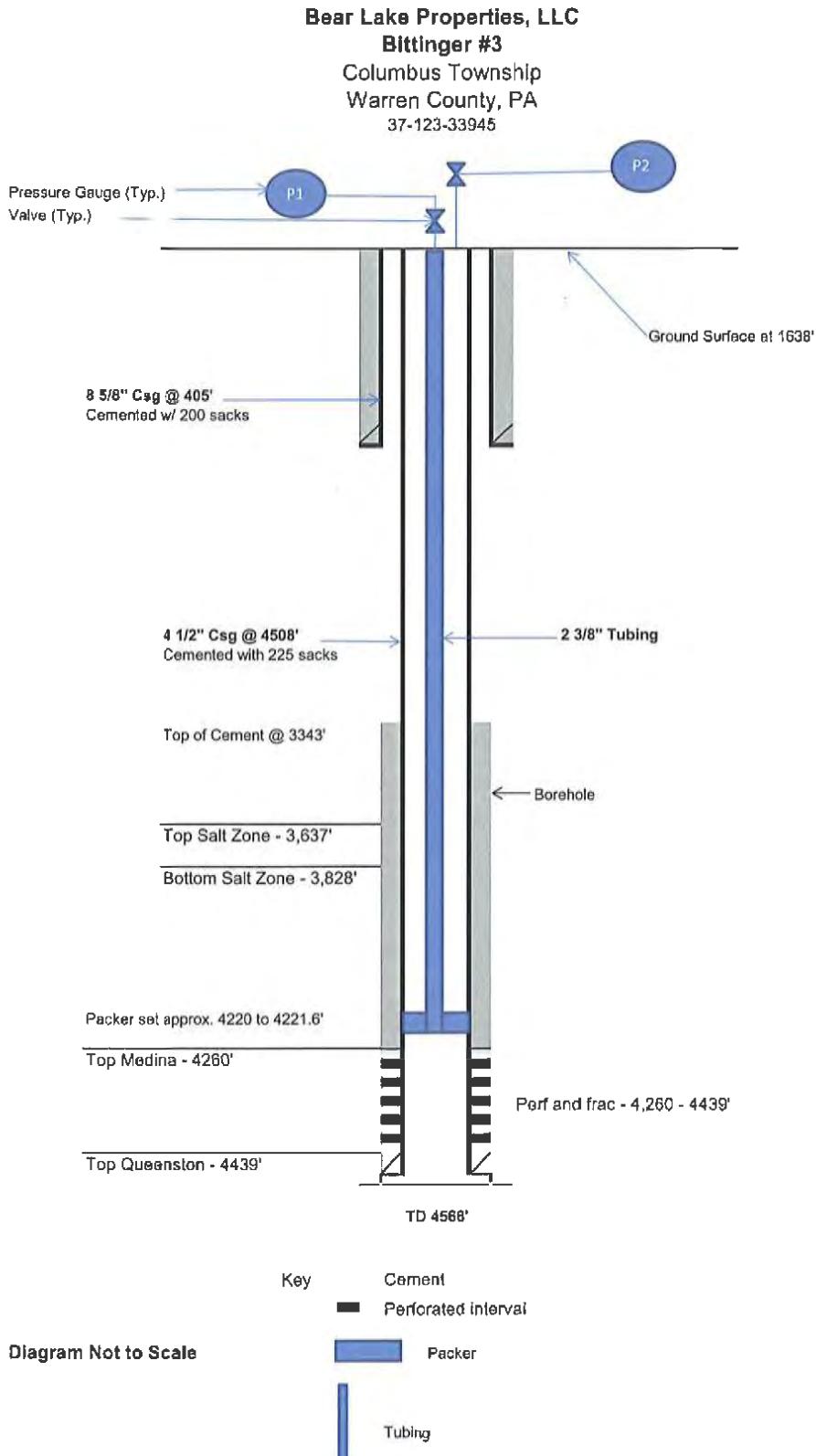
Ronald "Buster" Wilson
W 304-546-8518
H 304-965-7996
Fax 304-965-2713
buster@aquaclear-inc.com

Russell Cook
W 304-546-2940
H 304-842-7050
Fax 304-842-7050
russell@aquaclear-inc.com

Section – 7 Well Construction Details

WELL CONSTRUCTION
INJECTION WELL CONFIGURATION

Figure 1
Well Construction Diagram



Bittinger #3 Surface cement calculation:

Surface hole size: 12-1/4”*

Surface cement volume: 200 sx Class A*

Surface casing: 405ft. of 8-5/8”

Class A cement yield: 1.18 cu. ft. per sack

Annular volume between 12-1/4” O.H. and 8-5/8” casing: 0.4127 cu. ft. per ft.

Cement volume required: 405 ft. x 0.4127 cu. ft. per ft. = **167.1 cu. ft.**

Cement volume pumped: 200 sx class A x 1.18 cu. ft./sk = **236 cu. ft.**

*surface casing hole size and cement type based upon detail offset well surface cement ticket of the Smith-Ras #1 well – cement ticket attached in this section. This offset well was drilled by the same operator in the same approximate time period as the Bittinger #3.

MADE IN U.S.A.
NAME AND NO.MITH - RAZZ #1
BEAR LAKE TWP
SH WARRENU.S. ENERGY
680 STATLER BLD.
BUFFALO N.Y.

MAIL INSTRUCTIONS

ZIP CODE 14202

CEMENT 394' OF 8 1/8 CASING
INTO 419' OF 12 1/4 OPEN HOLE
USING 150 SACKS OF CLASS "A"
CEMENT PLUS 3% CACl AND
50 LB CELLOFLAKE.

PRESSURE LIMIT 500 PSI BUMP PLUG TO 0 PSI

DATE RPM RECIPROCALE FT NO OF CENTRALIZERS

TIME	PRESSURE		VOLUME PUMPED BB.	JOB SCHEDULED FOR			ARRIVE ON LOCATION TIME	DATE	LEFT LOCATION TIME	DATE
	TBG OR D.P.	CASING		INCREMENT	CU.M.	INJECT RATE	FLUID TYPE	FLUID DENSITY		
0110 2400						BPM				
510										
700										
1100	0	20	2-3	H2O	8.34					
1734	0	20	20	CEM	15.6					
1812	0	70	40	4	H2O	8.34				
1830	0		110							
1945	0									
1952	0	5	2	H2O	8.34					
1955	0	32	115	3	CEM	15.6				
2005	0		147							
2046	0	25.5	173							
2115			173							
2130										
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2255										
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WELL CONSTRUCTION

BITTINGER #3 COMPLETION RECORD

1450' 5 42°00'00"

For assistance in accessing this document, please contact: R3_UIC@pa.gov

ER-00-4 P.M. 2/00

L
CO. OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF OIL AND GAS REGULATION
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222123-33945
Office Use Only

COMPUTERIZED

WELL RECORD

123-33945

PERMIT NO. MAR-33945

PROJECT NO. PEEP

TYPE OF WELL

Gas

COLUMBUS FIELD, DEWEY CORNERS POOL

DEV

FACILITY OPERATOR U.S. Energy Development Corporation

TELEPHONE NO. 716-856-9764

ADDRESS 670 Stoller Building, Buffalo, New York

ZIP 14202

FARM NAME Bittinger FARM NO. #3 SERIAL NO. 160 ACRES 160

TOWNSHIP Columbus COUNTY Warren

DRILLING COMMENCED 10/16/84 DRILLING COMPLETED 10/19/84

ELEVATION 1638' GL Quadrangle Columbus 7 1/2' 15'

CASING AND TUBING RECORD

PIPE SIZE	AMOUNT IN WELL	MATERIAL BEHIND PIPE		PACKER			DATE RUN
		CEMENT (SKS)	GEL (SKS)	TYPE	SIZE	DEPTH	
13 3/8"	38'						10/16/84
8 5/8"	405'	200					10/17/84
4 1/2"	4508'	225					10/20/84
		T.D.	D.D.	D.P.I.	Class	O G	Lease
		4334'		0	0	1	1
		OK					

PERFORATION RECORD

STIMULATION RECORD

DATE	INTERVAL PERFORATED FROM	TO	DATE	INTERVAL TREATED	AMOUNT FLUID	AMOUNT SAND	INJECTION RATE
10/26/84	4321'	4334'	11/3/84	4321' - 4334'	1188 bbls	85000#	27 BPM
					2	2	
					5	5	
					10	10	
					15	15	
					20	20	
					25	25	
					30	30	
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					995	995	
					1000	1000	

RECEIVED
(FORMATION ON REVERSE SIDE)

JUL 12 1986 130
PA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY (Oil & Gas Geology Division)
1-15-KS

FORMATIONS

NAME	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (FRESH OR SALT WATER)	SOURCE OF DATA
Unconsolidated Gravel	0'	30'			Fresh at 60'	Driller's records and geophysical logs
Devonian Shales	30'	2816'				
"Tully" LS	2816'	2926'				
Hamilton Shale	2926'	3097'				
Onondaga	3097'	3256'				
Unconformity Interval	3256'	3285'				
Akron-Bertie	3285'	3370'				
Camillus	3370'	3442'				
Syracuse	3442'	3641'				
Salt Zone	3637'	3828'				
Vernon	3641'	3900'				
Lockport	3900'	4108'			Salt at 4070'	
Rochester	4108'	4224'				
Condequoit-Reynales	4224'	4260'				
Grimsby	4260'	4386'				
Power Glen	4386'	4424'				
Whirlpool	4424'	4439'				
Queenston	4439'	TD				
	4556					

November 20, 1984

DATE

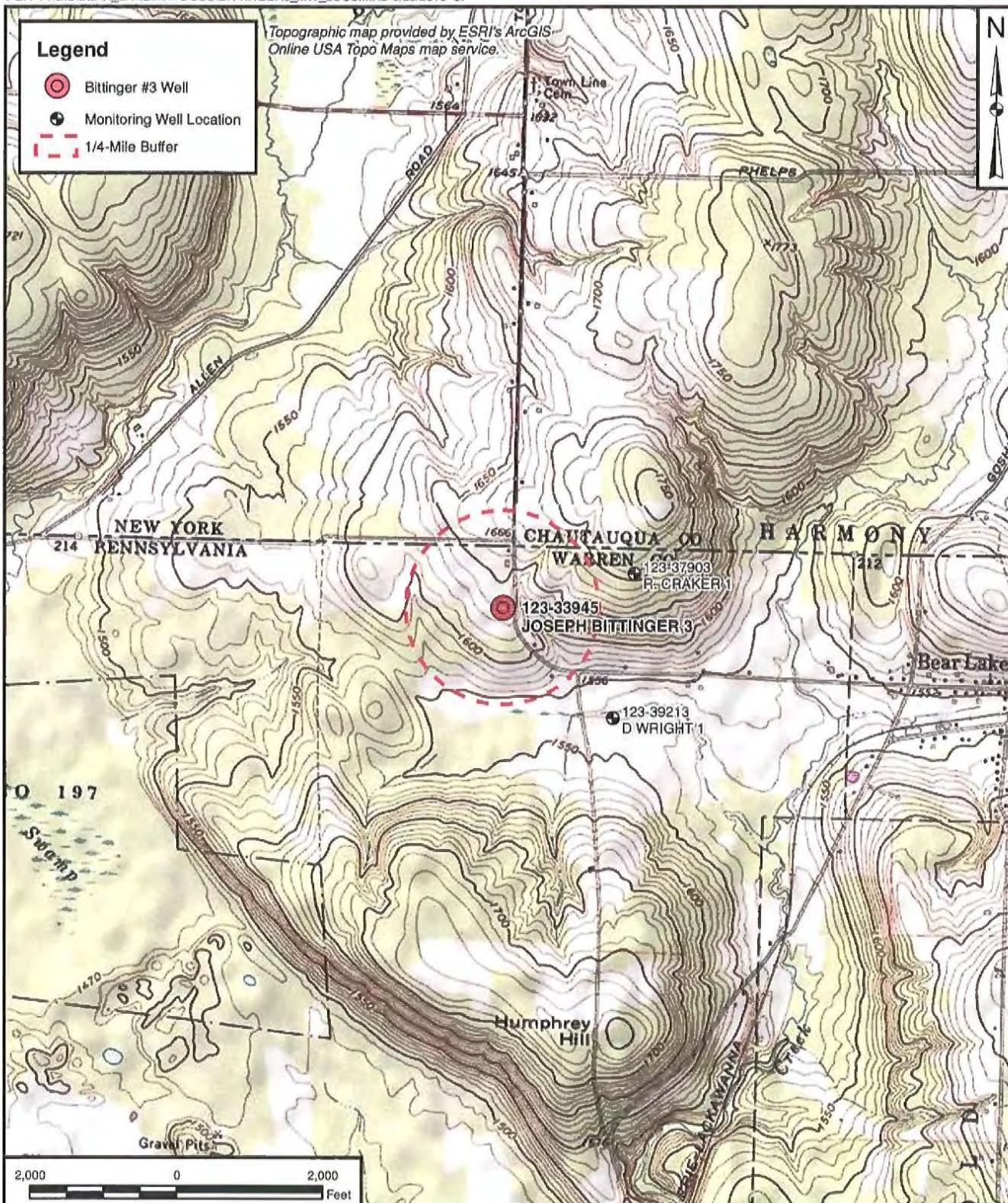
Douglas K. Welsh
APPROVED BYDouglas K. Welsh, Geophysicist
TITLE

Section 8 – Monitoring Program

Section 8 - Monitoring Program

The fluid levels in the following nearby depleted Medina natural gas wells will be measured and recorded semi-annually, at a minimum. The monitoring well locations are shown on the attached figure.

Injection Well	Monitoring Well	Approximate Distance and Direction From Injection Well
Bittinger #3	R. Craker #1	1,900 ft to the northeast
	D. Wright #1	2,000 ft to the southeast



TETRA TECH

MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS
JOSEPH BITTINGER 3 WELL
BEAR LAKE PROPERTIES, LLC
WARREN COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

DRAWN BY: S. PAXTON 01/27/15
CHECKED BY: D. SKOFF 03/23/15
APPROVED BY:
CONTRACT NUMBER: 212C-PB-00103

FIGURE NUMBER 2 REV 0

Section 9 – Plugging and Abandonment Plan

Section 9 - Plugging and Abandonment Plan

At the point when the well is no longer used, the well will be abandoned in accordance with EPA and PADEP regulations. With regard to PADEP regulations, this currently includes providing a "Notice of Intent to Plug a Well" no less than 3 days and no more than 30 days prior to abandoning the well, to allow a PADEP inspector to be present during the plugging procedure. The PADEP may waive the notification period. The notification will include well location plat, well logs, production logs, injection logs, construction details, and proposed abandonment method. After receiving approval from PADEP to proceed, the well will be abandoned and the abandonment procedures will be documented on a "Certificate of Plugging".

The USEPA will be notified of the plugging activity at least 45 days prior to commencing activities. This notification will include USEPA Form No. 7514-20. A proposed plugging plan (Form 7514-20) is attached based on the current PADEP and USEPA regulations. However, this may be modified prior to plugging in order to meet the requirements at the time of the plugging activity. A contractor cost estimate to perform plugging and abandonment according to the proposed plugging plan is attached. The contractor estimate is approximately \$24,000 for these services.

PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN

PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT ESTIMATED COSTS



DLH Energy Service, LLC
PO Box 40
5296 Bly Hill Road
Ashville, NY 14710
Phone: 716-410-0204 or 716-410-0028
Fax: 716-526-4080
www.dlhenergyservice.com

03/18/2014

Re: Plugging Estimate for the Bittinger 3 Well Columbus Twp PA

Dear Sirs,

The following is an estimate for the plugging to abandon the above mentioned well.

Rig Time:

Two twelve hour days rig at \$215/hour, crew truck \$100/day, 4th man 8 hours \$40/hr
for laying down casing, **\$5,680.00**

Wire line service:

Jet Cut 4 ½ casing: **\$2,500.00**

Cement and pumping service:

Up to 500 sacks cement and up to 140 bbls. Gel. **\$9,948.00**

Water Hauling and Disposal:

Delivery of fresh water and removal of returned fluid **\$855.00**

Rentals:

500 bbl. Water tank and open top returns tank 5 day minimum **\$500.00**

Support equipment:

Dozer at 2 days **\$500.00**

Trucking: mob and de mob dozer, excavator, water tank, open top, casing
and tangibles (20 hrs) **\$1,900.00**

Remedial Work

Pea stone plug back with delivery, tank cleaning, excavating and cutting off
surface casing, welding cap and monument, reclamation and seeding. **\$1,500.00**

Total **\$23,383.00**

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (716) 410-1543.

Best Regards,

Bill Weaver

Bill Weaver
Operations Supervisor
DLH Energy Service

PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN

EPA FORM 7520-14



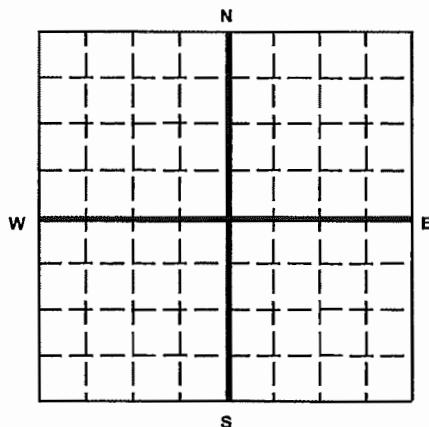
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460
PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT PLAN

Name and Address of Facility

Bear Lake Properties Bittinger #3
1889 Cornish Hill Rd., Bear Lake, PA 16402

Name and Address of Owner/Operator

Bear Lake Properties, LLC
3000 Village Run Road, Unit 103 # 223, Wexford, PA 15090

Locate Well and Outline Unit on Section Plat - 640 Acres**State**

Pennsylvania

County

Warren

Permit Number**Surface Location Description**

1/4 of 1/4 of 1/4 of 1/4 of Section Township Range

Locate well in two directions from nearest lines of quarter section and drilling unit**Surface**

Location ft. frm (N/S) Line of quarter section
and ft. from (E/W) Line of quarter section.

TYPE OF AUTHORIZATION

Individual Permit
 Area Permit
 Rule

Number of Wells Lease Name Bittinger**WELL ACTIVITY**

CLASS I
 CLASS II
 Brine Disposal
 Enhanced Recovery
 Hydrocarbon Storage

 CLASS IIIWell Number 3**CASING AND TUBING RECORD AFTER PLUGGING**

SIZE	WT (LB/FT)	TO BE PUT IN WELL (FT)	TO BE LEFT IN WELL (FT)	HOLE SIZE
8-5/8"	24	405	405	12-1/4"
4-1/2"	10.5	4508	1165	7-7/8"

METHOD OF EMPLACEMENT OF CEMENT PLUGS

The Balance Method
 The Dump Bailer Method
 The Two-Plug Method
 Other

CEMENTING TO PLUG AND ABANDON DATA:

Size of Hole or Pipe in which Plug Will Be Placed (inche:	PLUG #1	PLUG #2	PLUG #3	PLUG #4	PLUG #5	PLUG #6	PLUG #7
4-1/2"	7-7/8"	7-7/8"	8-5/8				
4470	3343	460	18				
Sacks of Cement To Be Used (each plug)	18	518	16	5			
Slurry Volume To Be Pumped (cu. ft.)	21.3	611.3	18.9	5.9			
Calculated Top of Plug (ft.)	4240	1700	410	0			
Measured Top of Plug (if tagged ft.)							
Slurry Wt. (Lb./Gal.)	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6			
Type Cement or Other Material (Class III)	Class A	Class A	Class A	Class A			

LIST ALL OPEN HOLE AND/OR PERFORATED INTERVALS AND INTERVALS WHERE CASING WILL BE VARIED (if any)

From	To	From	To

Estimated Cost to Plug Wells

\$23,383.00

Certification

I certify under the penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my Inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. (Ref. 40 CFR 144.32)

Name and Official Title (Please type or print)

John C. Holko, Vice President

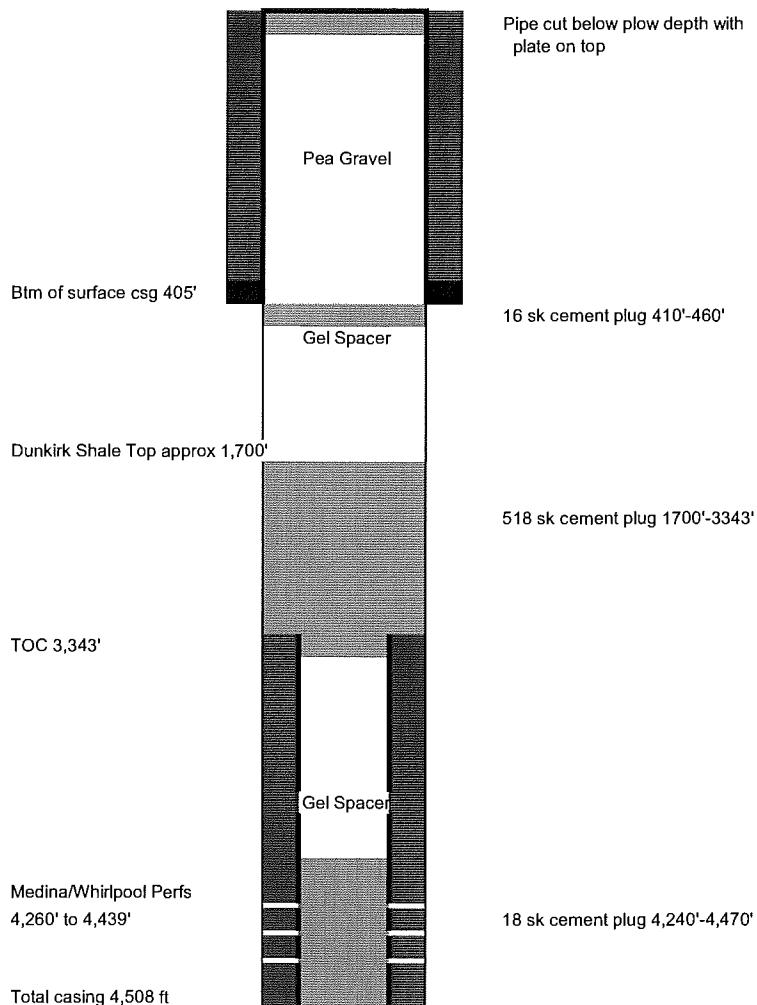
Signature

Date Signed

03/06/2015

FINAL PLUGGED WELL DRAWING

API/Permit: 37-123-33945
Bittinger #3



Capacity 4-1/2" casing 0.0895 ft³/ ln- ft
Capacity 7-7/8" hole 0.3382 ft³/ ln- ft
Capacity 8-5/8" casing 0.3575 ft³/ ln- ft

Plugging Plan 10.00% Excess open hole plugs
1.18 ft³/sk cement yield

Top Plug	Plug Size	Ft	Cement Amnt in Sacks
0 ft			
18 ft	6		5

Bottom of Surface Casing			
410 ft			
460 ft		19	
			16

One Plug for Hydrocarbon Intervals to Cutoff Point			
1700 ft			
3343 ft		611	
			518

Plug across producing interval			
4240 ft			
4470 ft		21	
			18

Section 10 – Necessary Resources

Section 10 - Necessary Resources

Bear Lake Properties, LLC will establish the financial resources for the plugging and abandonment of the well prior to EPA's issuance of the public notice, draft permit and statement of basis for the well. A Certificate of Deposit will be filed under separate cover in the amount of \$24,000.

Section 11 – Plan for Well Failures

Section 11: Plans for Well Failure

General system design and monitoring: The system being utilized for monitoring and control will function with the use of pressure switch gauges with adjustable limit switches and motor valves. The gauges provide a sensing device for changes in pressure conditions and if the limit switches are reached, they will send responses to activate motor valves controlling injection flow and pressure relief. In addition to the automated portion of the system, the manual operation of all pumping equipment as well as the continual inspections of the pumping and monitoring equipment provide additional safeguards for appropriate actions necessary in case of well failures.

Injection Pressure Limit Monitoring: The primary safeguard to prevent over pressuring is the automated shutdown on the pumping equipment at which the maximum operating pressure can be set as a limit at which all pumping will cease.

Additional switch gauges and motor valves will be utilized at the wellhead to monitor pressure changes that would be caused by tubing or casing failures and the appropriate valve will be activated to cease injection.

Tubing and Packer Monitoring: With the monitoring switch gauge connected to the tubing, we will have a secondary system to prevent over pressuring of the tubing. When the maximum pressure is sensed, a response is sent to a motor valve which will stop additional injection into the tubing.

Tubing to Casing Annulus Monitoring: This annular space will be monitored for both increase and decreases in pressure. The switch gauge will have both a low and high shutdown tab limit. When either of the limits is reached, the sensor will send a response to a motor valve shutting down flow. The lower limit will be used to monitor damage to the casing which allows fluid to leave the casing, and the high limit will sense a pressure increase in the casing that may be caused by communication with the tubing or flow into the annular space. Both of these limits when reached will send responses shutting down the injection cycle.

8-5/8" Annular Monitoring: The PADEP requires the annular valve on the 8-5/8" casing head to remain open to the atmosphere at all times. We will connect this point to a storage tank capable of collecting any fluid and allowing visual monitoring of any fluid flow. The valve and associated gauge will be monitored and inspected visually for changes or fluid flow. If such is detected, the system will be shut down and the remaining equipment associated with the system will be inspected to evaluate the cause of the changes.

Under the monitoring provided above, well failures will either be identified by the automated equipment and switch gauges or by visual inspection during injection operations or at other times. Should any failure occur, all injections will cease and proper notifications to EPA will be made. Analysis of the failure will take place and the

necessary repairs to be implemented along with any equipment replacement will be coordinated with the EPA.

APPENDIX A
SURROUNDING LANDOWNER INFORMATION

Landowners Within 1/4 Mile of the Bittinger #3 Well

Pennsylvania Landowners		
PARCEL #	OWNER	ADDRESS
2341	Bear Lake Properties, LLC	3010 Village Run, Suite 103, Wexford, PA 15090
2361	Enos and Nettie Miller	1892 Cornish Hill Road, Bear Lake, PA 16402
2382	Theodore G & Eloise R Smith	1655 Cornish Hill Rd, Bear Lake, PA 16402
2633	John C. & Annaliese Wright	50 Long Branch Lane, Stafford, VA 22336
3147	Ronald Craker et ux	1608 Cornish Hill Rd, Bear Lake, PA 16402
3156	Jeffrey and Elizabeth McCray	1493 Cornish Hill Rd , Bear lake, PA 16402
3198	Dennis G & Gail R Wright	1165 Cornish Hill Rd, Bear Lake , PA 16402
23691	Theodore G and Eloise Smith	1655 Cornish Hill Rd, Bear Lake, PA 16402
31752	Charlie H and Jenifer E Williams, Jr	1529 Cornish Hill Rd , Bear Lake, PA 16402
31753	Jeffrey and Elizabeth McCray	1493 Cornish Hill Rd , Bear lake, PA 16402
31763	Jeffrey and Elizabeth McCray	1494 Cornish Hill Rd , Bear lake, PA 16402

New York Landowners		
PARCEL #	OWNER	ADDRESS
448.00-1-24	Casper Goodrich	5 Weeks Rd Panama NY 14767
448.00-1-25	Casper Goodrich	5 Weeks Rd Panama NY 14767
449.00-1-5	Jackson Bemis	46 Weeks Rd Panama NY 14767

